

MASON'S
DELICIOUS
O.K.
SAUCE.

Hongkong Daily Press.

ESTABLISHED 1857.

Registered as a Newspaper at the General
Post Office in the United Kingdom.

Qualified Optical
Service.
N. LAZARUS
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIAN,
(Hongkong's Only European
Optician).
12, Queen's Road Central.
Manager: R. A. COOPER.
Sight Testing Optician by
Canadian Government Exam-
ination, Fellow of the American
Optometric Association.

No. 20,863

號三十六百八千二第

日四廿月四年丑乙

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, MAY 16TH, 1925

六拜禮

號六十月五年四十國民華中

PRICE, \$3 PER MONTH

INTIMATIONS

BOLS LIQUEURS.

THE LIQUEURS PAR
EXCELLENCE.

KUMMEL
CREME DE MENTHE
CHERRY BRANDY
CURACAO.

SOLE AGENTS:

CALDBECK,
MACGREGOR

& CO., LTD.

15, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL. TEL. 75 CENTRAL.

SPORTING.

GUNS by W. W. GREENER WEBLEY
and SCOTT, and Other Makers—British,
French and American.
S.A. Air Rifle, and Miniature Rifles,
22 Calibre, Repeating and Automatic.
SPORTING CARTRIDGES of all descrip-
tions.

Agents for W. W. GREENER, LIMITED,
BIRMINGHAM.

HONGKONG SPORTING ARMS
AND AMMUNITION STORE.

8, BACONFIELD ARCADE.

BOWEN & CO.

No. 5, MUSEUM ROAD,
SHANGHAI.

Member, British Chamber of Commerce
(Shanghai). Mr. T. W. BOWEN, Fellow of
the Institute of Chartered Shipbrokers, Incor-
porated by Royal Charter, London.

STEAMSHIP AGENTS AND SHIPBROKERS
For the Purchase, Sale and Charter of Vessels
of any Tonnage, Passenger and/or Cargo, New
and/or Old, with delivery China at Very Low
Prices.

SALEAGERS OPERATORS, MARINE SURVEYORS,
AUCTIONEERS, COAL MERCHANTS,
FREIGHT BROKERS, METAL MERCHANTS,
Machinery For Sale, New and Old in First
Class Condition.

IMPORTERS AND EXPORTERS, SHARE-BROKERS,
(Members, Shanghai Share-Brokers' Associa-
tion).

SOLE AGENTS FOR CHINA—
GREEN'S PATENT ANCHORS,
SARUM WARE & Co., Ltd. (Sheffield),
High Class Steel Manufacture (Tank
Brand).

Catalogues and Price-Lists on application.

(Enquiries Welcome.)

CABLE ADDRESS: BOWEN, SHANGHAI.
Orders: Bentley's, Scott's, A.B.O.
6th Edition and Improved.

RUSSO-ASIATIC BANK.

CAPITAL (FULLY PAID) ... 55,000,000
RESERVE FUND ... 26,000,000
CAPITAL GUARANTEED BY THE
RUSSIAN GOVERNMENT ... 5,000,000
RESERVE FUND ... 1,750,000

HEAD OFFICE:
Paris, 9, Rue Bonaparte.
LONDON OFFICE:
64, Old Broad Street, E.C.2.

BRANCHES:
LONDON: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.,
Societe Generale pour le Developpement
de Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
PARIS: Societe Generale pour le Developpement
de Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
LYON: Societe Generale pour le Developpement
de Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
NEW YORK: The Irving Bank, Columbia
Trust Company.
SAN FRANCISCO: The Crocker National Bank
of San Francisco.

BRANCHES IN ASIA:
Changhai, Hankow, Manchou, Tientsin,
Shanghai, Harbin, Newchwang, Urumchi,
Dairen, Hongkong, Peking, Yokohama,
Kobe, Shanghai.

(HONGKONG BRANCH)
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and
Fixed Deposits. Terms on application. Local
Bills discounted.
Foreign Exchange on the Principal Cities of
the World bought and sold.
L. BARKER,
Manager.

KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.

TIME-TABLE. WEEK DAYS

STATIONS	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM
Kowloon	Dep. 6.40	9.15	10.30	12.00	1.15	4.35	5.29	7.10
Yau-mat	Dep. 6.50	9.25	10.39	12.09	1.24	4.44	5.38	7.19
Shatin	Dep. 7.02	9.36	10.51	12.21	1.36	4.56	5.51	7.31
Tai-po	Dep. 7.16	9.49	11.04	12.34	1.49	5.09	6.04	7.44
Tai-po Market	Dep. 7.21	9.54	11.09	12.39	1.54	5.14	6.09	7.49
Fanning	Dep. 7.32	10.03	11.18	12.48	2.01	5.24	6.19	7.58
Shung-shui	Dep. 7.36	10.07	11.22	12.52	2.07	5.28	6.23	8.02
Shum-chun	Dep. 7.42	10.13	11.28	12.58	2.13	5.34	6.29	8.08

STATIONS	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM
Shum-chun	Dep. 7.21	9.09	10.38	11.40	3.00	4.17	5.13	6.08
Shung-shui	Dep. 7.28	9.16	10.45	11.47	3.07	4.24	5.20	6.15
Fanning	Dep. 7.33	9.21	10.50	11.52	3.12	4.29	5.25	6.20
Tai-po	Dep. 7.42	9.30	11.09	12.11	3.21	4.38	5.34	6.29
Tai-po Market	Dep. 7.48	9.36	11.14	12.16	3.27	4.44	5.40	6.35
Shatin	Dep. 7.59	9.43	11.25	12.27	3.38	4.56	5.51	6.46
Yau-mat	Dep. 8.12	9.55	11.38	12.40	3.50	5.08	6.03	6.58
Kowloon	Dep. 8.20	10.03	11.47	12.49	3.58	5.16	6.11	7.06

SUNDAYS AND PUBLIC HOLIDAYS

STATIONS	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM
Kowloon	Dep. 6.40	9.35	10.30	12.00	1.22	4.29	5.29	7.10
Yau-mat	Dep. 6.50	9.45	10.39	12.09	1.31	4.38	5.38	7.19
Shatin	Dep. 7.02	9.57	10.51	12.21	1.40	4.47	5.47	7.31
Tai-po	Dep. 7.16	10.11	11.04	12.34	1.49	4.56	5.56	7.44
Tai-po Market	Dep. 7.21	10.16	11.09	12.39	1.54	5.01	6.01	7.49
Fanning	Dep. 7.32	10.27	11.18	12.48	2.01	5.08	6.08	7.58
Shung-shui	Dep. 7.36	10.31	11.22	12.52	2.07	5.14	6.14	8.02
Shum-chun	Dep. 7.42	10.37	11.28	12.58	2.13	5.20	6.20	8.08

STATIONS	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM
Shum-chun	Dep. 8.12	10.38	11.40	12.00	3.00	4.17	5.13	6.08
Shung-shui	Dep. 8.19	10.45	11.47	12.09	3.07	4.24	5.20	6.15
Fanning	Dep. 8.23	10.49	11.51	12.11	3.11	4.28	5.24	6.19
Tai-po	Dep. 8.33	10.59	12.02	12.21	3.21	4.38	5.34	6.29
Tai-po Market	Dep. 8.37	11.04	12.07	12.26	3.25	4.42	5.38	6.34
Shatin	Dep. 8.51	11.17	12.21	12.38	3.38	4.55	5.51	6.46
Yau-mat	Dep. 9.13	11.29	12.33	12.50	3.50	5.07	6.03	6.58
Kowloon	Dep. 9.11	11.37	12.41	12.58	3.58	5.15	6.11	7.06

STATIONS	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM
Shatin	Dep. 7.45	11.30	12.30	12.55	3.30	4.45	5.45	6.55
Shum-chun	Dep. 8.40	12.25	13.15	13.40	4.25	5.40	6.40	7.50

Further information may be obtained at the Railway Office, Kowloon, or from
Messrs. T. C. COOK & SON, LTD., HONGKONG, or from THE AMERICAN EXPRESS COM-
PANY, HONGKONG.

H. P. WINSLOW, Manager.

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

Assurance by Monthly Payments. Benefits of Life Assurance brought within
reach of those to whom the payment of a large sum yearly, half-yearly or
quarterly may be an inconvenience.
Liberal conditions as to Loan, Surrender, and Paid-up Policy Value.

Apply to

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

AGENTS,
2, QUEEN'S BUILDINGS.

SOCIETE FRANCAISE DE GERANCE.

DE LA "BANQUE
INDUSTRIELLE DE CHINE.

ETABLISSEMENT FRANCO-CHINOIS.
(Incorporated in France).

5, Chater Road, Victoria, Hongkong.

HEAD OFFICE:
Paris, 74, Rue St. Lazare.

Capital Frs. 10,000,000
Reserves Frs. 10,790,000
Working fund provided by
THE BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE DE CHINE:
Frs. 50,000,000.

BANKERS:
France: Societe Generale, Banque Nationale de
Credit, Banque de Paris et des Pays Bas.
London: Midland Bank, Ltd.
New York: Irving Bank, Columbia Trust.

Every description of Banking and Exchange
Business transacted.
Correspondents throughout the World.

M. HYZ-HEURY
Manager.

Hongkong, 12th July, 1924.

EQUITABLE EASTERN BANKING CORPORATION.

AN AMERICAN BANK.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS U.S. \$2,975,000

HEAD OFFICE:
37, WALL STREET,
NEW YORK

BRANCHES:
SHANGHAI

General Banking and Exchange Business.
Interest Allowed on all Deposits.
Rates on Application.

LONDON AND PARIS AGENTS,
EQUITABLE TRUST CO., OF N.Y.
D. M. BIGGAR, Manager.

THE BANK OF CANTON, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG

Established 1912.

Authorized Capital 21,200,000
Paid Up Capital 21,078,580
Silver Reserve Fund \$700,000
Foreign Exchange and General Bank-
ing business transacted.
Interest allowed on

CURRENT ACCOUNTS
2% per annum on daily credit balances
of over \$100.

SAVINGS
4% annum
Deposits
for 12 months 5% per annum
for 6 months 4% " " " " " "
for 3 months 3% " " " " " "
on demand 2% " " " " " "

BRANCHES:
Canton, Shanghai, Hankow, Bangkok
and New York.
LONDON BANKERS
The Lloyds Bank, Limited,
Chief Manager.

37

THE OCEAN ACCIDENT AND GUARANTEE CORPORATION, LIMITED.

Issue Policies Covering
ACCIDENT AND ILLNESS
MOTOR CAR AND CYCLES
BAGGAGE (ALL RISKS)
PUBLIC LIABILITY
(GENERAL THIRD PARTY)
BURGLARY, ETC.

Agents:

GILMAN & Co., Ltd.,
4A, Des Voeux Road.
Telephone No. C. 290.

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT
CO., LTD., AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

Sailings:—To Canton daily at 8 a.m. and 10 p.m. (Sundays 10 p.m. only).
From Canton daily at 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. (Sundays 5 p.m. only).

SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.
HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

Sailings to Macao—Daily at 8 a.m. and 2 p.m. (Sundays at 9 a.m. only).
Sailings from Macao—Daily at 8 a.m. and 2 p.m. (Sundays at 5 p.m. only).

Further information may be obtained at the Company's Office: 4A, Des Voeux Rd. Central,
Messrs. T. C. COOK & SON, LTD., or the AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY, HONGKONG. [14]

SIR W. G. ARMSTRONG, WHITWORTH & CO. LTD., ELSWICK WORKS, NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE, CIVIL ENGINEERING CONTRACTING DEPARTMENT.

Contractors for the Construction of Railways, Docks, Harbours,
Tunnels, Hydro-Electric Works, Structural Steelwork, etc.

St. George's Building,
3rd Floor,
Hongkong.
Telegraphic Address: "UBIQUITY," Hongkong.
Telephone No. Central 302.

THE DIRECTORY AND CHRONICLE

CHINA, JAPAN, BRITISH MALAYA, IND-CHINA, SIAM,
PHILIPPINES, NETHERLANDS, INDIA, ETC.

FOR
1925

SIXTY-THIRD YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

OBTAINABLE AT THE HONGKONG DAILY PRESS OFFICE
AND FROM LOCAL AGENTS.

IS NOW BEING ISSUED AND CONTAINS

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF FOREIGN BUSINESSES, THEIR PERSONNEL AND AGENCIES
CLASSIFIED BUSINESS DIRECTORY OF THE CHINESE TRADE CENTRES
ALPHABETICAL LIST OF FOREIGN RESIDENTS IN THE FAR EAST
GOVERNMENT AND OFFICIAL DEPARTMENTS
UP-TO-DATE COLOURED MAPS OF THE PRINCIPAL PORTS IN THE FAR EAST
DESCRIPTIVE AND STATISTICAL ACCOUNTS OF THE VARIOUS COUNTRIES AND
TRADE-CENTRES OF THE FAR EAST
FURNITURE, FASHION, SEAMSTRESS, BROKERAGE CHARGES, POSTAL GUIDE, ETC.
BRITISH, AMERICAN AND JAPANESE NAVY AND COASTING VESSELS.

1,500 Pages

Complete Edition ... \$12 local currency
Abridged Edition ... \$5

AN "EXTREMELY USEFUL" BOOK.

Writing from Singapore, under date March 31st, 1922, Sir Godfrey
Thomas, Private Secretary to H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES, says:—

Sir,—I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 23rd
instant and am desired by the Prince of Wales to thank you for the
copy of the 60th annual edition of "THE DIRECTORY AND CHRONICLE" for
CHINA, JAPAN, THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, ETC., which His Royal
Highness has been pleased to accept, and which will be extremely
useful during the remainder of the tour.

Yours faithfully,
Godfrey Thomas,
(Private Secretary).

The Managing-Director,
HONGKONG DAILY PRESS, LTD.,
Hongkong.

SAKURA BEER

Tel. Central 464, 468.
China Building, 1st Floor.

CHINA AUCTION ROOMS.

FOR GOOD THINGS and REAL
BARGAINS Come to the
CHINA AUCTION ROOMS,
China Building,
Ground Floor. [100]

ON SALE

HONGKONG HARBOR REPORT
of the MEETINGS
LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for the
Session 1924.
Revised by the Members.
PRICE 1/6. [85]

HOTELS

THE HONGKONG

HONGKONG HOTEL, REPUBLICAN HOTEL,
PEAK HOTEL.

Telegraphic Address:

"KREMLIN, HONGKONG"

AND

SHANGHAI

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL, PALACE HOTEL,
KALEX HOTEL, MAJESTIC HOTEL.

Telegraphic Address:

"CENTRAL, SHANGHAI"

HOTELS, LIMITED.

In association with the GRAND HOTEL DES
WAGONS LITS, Peking. [40]

KING EDWARD HOTEL.

CENTRAL LOCATION.

Electric Lifts and Lighting.

Telephones on each floor.

Hotel Lunch meets all Steamers.

Telephone: Central No. 373.

Tel. Address: VICTORIA.

J. WITCHELL,
Manager.

43

The Only Hotel in CANTON

Directly under European

Management.

THE VICTORIA HOTEL.

SHANGHAI.

Guide and Trips

arranged for

and Special Care

Taken of TOURISTS.

Cable Address: "VICTORIA."

[45]

PALACE HOTEL

Tel.: Kowloon No. 3. Tel. Ad "PALACE"

Three Minutes from Kowloon Wharf Ferry
Wharf and Railway Station.

Entirely under English Management.
Electric Light and Fan Throughout.

EVERY ROOM WITH PRIVATE BATH.

Lounge, Bar and Billiard Rooms. Unrivalled
of Cuisine under the personal supervision of
the Proprietor.

TERMS MODERATE

Special Terms to Families on application to—
J. H. OXBERRY,
Proprietor.

44

A LING & CO.

19, Queen's Road Central,
HONGKONG.

FURNITURE AND PHOTO GOODS STORE.

Glass Etching, Sign-Board and
Mirror Makers
Canton Marble in Various Shades
Photographic Goods of Every Description
in Stock.

Developing and Enlarging
Undertaken.
Telephone: Central 1219. [81]

POSTAGE STAMP CATALOGUES

FOR
1925.

STANLEY GIBBONS—
1st Part, British Empire \$3.25
2nd Part, Foreign Countries \$5.00
Scott Stamp & Coin Co. \$4.00
Yvert et Tallandier \$4.00

GRACA & CO.,

Dealers in POSTAGE STAMPS, RELIGIOUS
Goods, Post Cards, Toys, etc., &c.
No. 10, WYNDHAM STREET,
P.O. Box No. 620. HONGKONG
[72]

WILKINSON'S TANSAN



The Ideal Drink in the Hot Weather
THE ABSOLUTE PURITY

WILKINSON'S TANSAN
NATURAL MINERAL WATER

YOUR SAFEGUARD

"THE CHOICEST OF ALL CHOICE WATERS"

The Clifford-Wilkinson Tansan Mineral Water Company, Ltd., are a British Company duly incorporated under the Companies Ordinance of Hongkong.

SOLE AGENTS:

GANDE, PRICE & Co., Ltd.,
TEL. CENTRAL No. 135. HONGKONG.

COLD STORAGE

The only real protection for
your heavy clothing, carpets,
etc., during the Summer months.

REASONABLE RATES

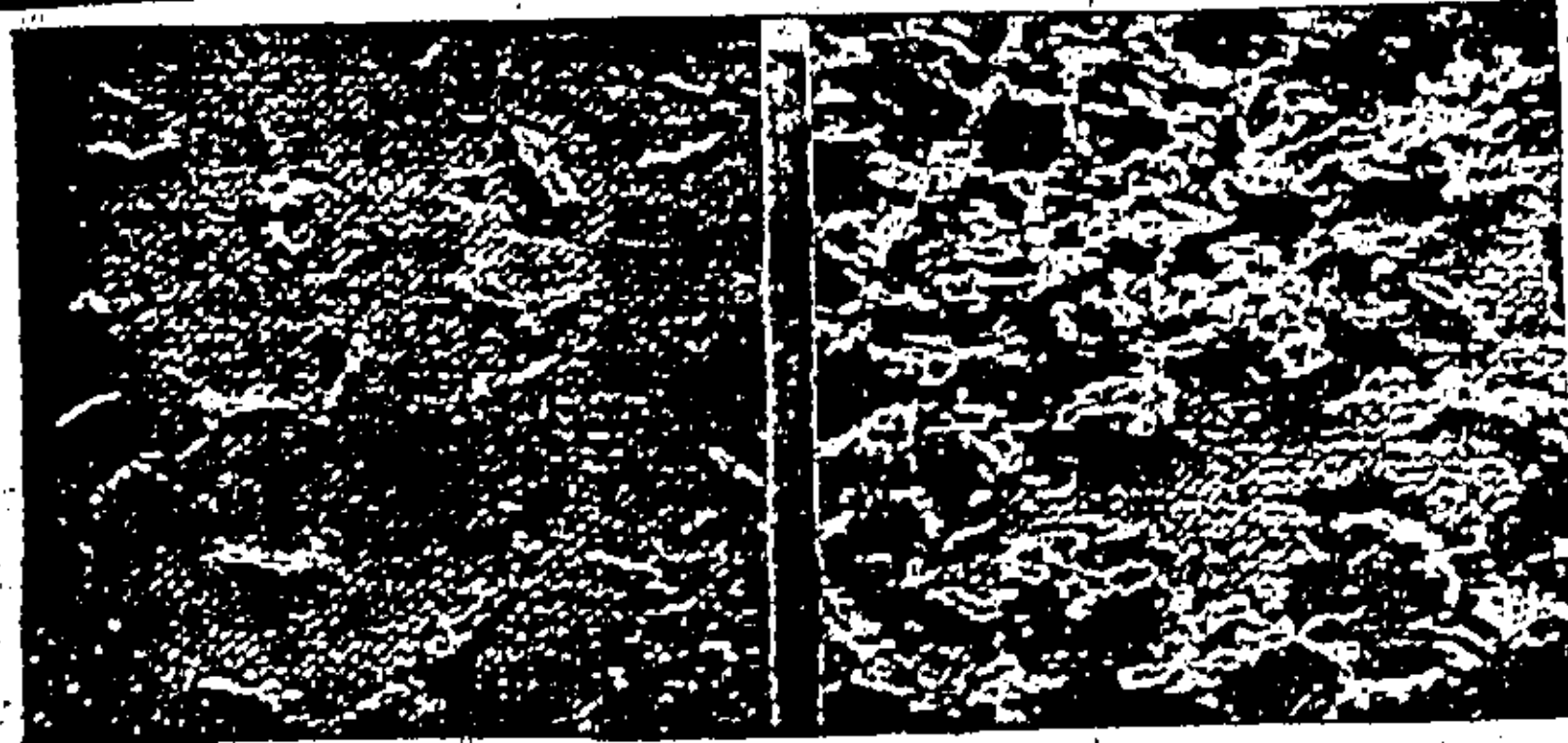
For further particulars apply to the Secretary.

The Dairy Farm, Ice & Cold Storage Co., Ltd.

A FINE SELECTION HORS D'OEUVRE

SMOKED SALMON ... by weight.	NORWEGIAN ANCHOVIES ... in barrel.
ROLLMOPS ... in jar.	BLACK OLIVES ... by weight.
PICKLED HERRINGS ... in jar.	SAUCISSON DE LYON
RED RUSSIAN CAVIAR ... in jar.	and
BLACK RUSSIAN CAVIAR ... in jar.	CAMEMBERT CHEESE

THE FRENCH STORE,
PHONE 794. 9, Beaconsfield Arcade.



THE GRADUAL DESTRUCTION
OF A PIECE WOOLLEN
MATERIAL ON WHICH A
MOTH HAS LAID EGGS.



THE CLOTH-MOTH
ENLARGED.

TRY OUR DRYCLEANING
PROCESS BEFORE STORING
YOUR WINTER CLOTHES.

STEAM LAUNDRY CO.

HEAD OFFICE & WORKS: Yauwatt, Tel. K. 32
HONGKONG DEPOT: 18, Stanley Street, Tel. C. 1279

KOWLOON HOTEL DEPOT:
KOWLOON DEPOT: 19, Canton Road.
CANTON: 19, Shark Central, East.
HONGKONG HOTEL: (Visitors only).

Write or Phone for complete Price List.

FRENCH NATURAL MINERAL WATER VICHY CELESTINS

In bottles, half and splits
for Gout, Diabetes, Rheumatism, Gravel, Arthritis

VICHY-ETAT PREPARATIONS

VICHY-ETAT SALT Natural salt from the waters.

VICHY-ETAT TABLETS 2 or 3 after meals

VICHY-ETAT COMPOUNDS to make your own

Refuse substitutes.

SCOTTISH SPORT.

ASSOCIATION INTERNATIONAL.
HOME SCOTS TRIUMPH.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

EDINBURGH, April 30.
Following up successes against Wales and Ireland, Scotland beat England by two goals to nothing at Hampden Park, Glasgow, and so became champion country for the season under Association rules. From a Scottish point of view, that is a highly satisfactory ending to a season in which there has been a dearth of outstanding talent almost amounting to poverty. It is also a rather remarkable result in view of the fact that, for the first time in 25 years, the Scottish selectors made no calls upon Anglo-Scots, but confined themselves to players engaged in Scottish club football. Considering the wide field they had to draw upon, the English selectors produced an extremely promising team of personalities. The play, as a whole, was not entirely disappointing. It was always keen, and frequently clever. The Scots had to work hard for the opening goal, secured shortly before half-time, and it was close on the finish before they got another to make victory secure. There were times when the Scottish forwards moved in excellent style, whipping the ball from one player to the other in a manner that non-plussed the opposing half-backs. There were also instances in which the English forwards showed thrustful work that might have borne fruit had they been better supported, but there was a great lack on both sides of anything approaching quick, brilliant movements ending with a well-directed effort for goal. The Englishmen seemed to fade out very easily as an attacking force; the Scots overdid the passing game, and were too often caught in possession to their detriment. As a result, neither of the goalkeepers was ever over-burdened with work, although both did some very good saving at times. Man for man, the home players were head of their opponents in point of skill; they showed superior combination, and, indeed, looked like being winners from quite an early stage in the game. In the end a margin of two goals to nothing was a modest estimate of the extent of their superiority. Interest in the game was best sustained in the first half. Then it was that the Englishmen put up their boldest challenge. The Scots had the wind to help them, but the visitors did not seem seriously handicapped. The Scots, on the other hand, got excellent work from both wings, and for a long time the only drawback was the failure of Gallagher to drive the ball home at close quarters. After 38 minutes play Gallagher redeemed his shortcomings with a goal that was one of the best features of the match. It was pretty much an individualistic effort. The score was merited on play, and it probably had a steadying influence on the Scots. There was a new call for another goal some minutes later. The curious thing in the second half was that the Scottish team, instead of getting into difficulties against the wind, played better. It was Jackson who engineered Scotland's second score. He was tackled by the goalkeeper, whose intervention allowed Gallagher to slip in and net the ball at short range. That put the seal on Scotland's success, and gave a much better reflex on the run of the game.

THE LEAGUE CHAMPIONSHIP.

The football season in Scotland is drawing to a close but the competition for the Championship of the three divisions in the League is still as keen as ever, and the clubs to suffer relegation have not yet been determined. The Rangers seem to be somewhat stale, and just managed to scrape through in their mid-week match with Cowdenbeath. Airdrieonians, the favourites for the Flag, are going strong. Hibernians suffered defeat from Dundee—a club which is in remarkably good fettle—and it is now practically settled that they cannot overtake the two leaders. Hibs remaining match is with the Airdrieonians at Airdrie, and depending on the deciding of the Championship. Ten clubs are still in danger in relegation area, those most seriously placed are Ayr United and Third Lanark, who have dropped 41 points each; Queen's Park and Kilmarnock, who have given away 41 each; Falkirk, 42; Motherwell and Hamilton Academicals, 41 each; and Aberdeen, 40. Dundee United look like being Second Division champions, and, at all events, seem fairly safe for promotion, with Clydebank well placed in the second position.

ROUGH SEVEN-A-SIDE.

The seven-a-side Rugby tournament at Inverleith produced some lively and vigorous encounters, and in several of the tie play reached a high level. Heriot's (F.P.), the successful seven, won on their merits. They had a hard journey from the start, disposing of Glasgow High School (F.P.), Wanderers, and Watsonians in turn before they met Glasgow Academicals. The Academicals worked their way into the final without really being severely tried.

LADY'S AMAZING SWIM.

ELEVEN HOURS IN WATER
NEAR SINGAPORE.

Two hours after the steamer "Isulinde" left Singapore on Tuesday night, May 5th, bound for Batavia, a lady passenger named Miss Beaumain, fell overboard and was not picked up until noon the next day, when she was rescued by a sampan. Miss Beaumain kept afloat in these shark-infested waters for eleven hours. The sampan took the lady to the Marine Police station, from where she was taken to hospital. She is progressing well, and no anxiety is felt as to her condition. (Straits Times.)

MR. BALDWIN & MR. THOMAS.

"MY FRIEND JIM"

A RAILWAY REUNION.

As old servants of one of the great railways of the country—the one formerly as a director and the other as engine cleaner—a Conservative Prime Minister, Mr. Baldwin, and an ex-Labour Minister for the Colonies, Mr. J. H. Thomas, M.P., were present recently at a "family gathering" of the Great Western Railway. The chairman (Viscount Churchill) and the directors of the company were entertaining Mr. Baldwin at a complimentary luncheon at Clarendon Hotel.
Mr. Baldwin said he had broken all his rules of life for the Great Western Railway that day. He declined all invitations to luncheon and dinner when the House of Commons was sitting. Thanking Lord Churchill for the tribute to his father once chairman of the company, Mr. Baldwin said:—
"My father and I were the greatest friends that ever lived."
"I was born and bred on the Great Western Railway. I must have been getting into years of maturity before I ever travelled on or realised that there was any other railway system in Great Britain."
He knew of no other railway that could train up and time after time bring forth from its own bosom men competent to direct its affairs as general manager—men who were acknowledged by all the railways to be general managers of the highest class.
"My friend Jim Thomas was a fireman on our railway and has qualified himself before the eyes of the world to occupy the position of a Secretary of State; and not only that, but to fill it in a manner that filled us all at home with pride and satisfaction, and made everybody in the Dominions feel that they had in him a man who understood them and was prepared to do all in his power to bring together the different parts of the Empire and develop that great heritage for the benefit of the ordinary people throughout the two hemispheres."

Mr. J. H. Thomas, who proposed the health of the chairman and directors of the G.W.R., said there was a lot of talk about class bitterness, class hatred, and class superiority.

"I not only dissociate myself from that cry, but I join issue with it. This gathering to-day is in itself a sufficient answer. Your honoured guest started on the Great Western as a director. I started as a cleaner at 7s. a week. Whatever may be the political differences in this country, however much your Prime Minister and myself may find ourselves quarrelling if you like, across the floor of the House of Commons, I feel, like him, that when this country is passing through not only a difficult but a dangerous stage, when folks talk to me about the cost of the dole, and a financial burden to the country that is in itself staggering, that is secondary to the moral deterioration of our people. You cannot have men of 15, 16, and 20 years of age, whose brains are very much like a sponge, ready to sap up the streets day after day without a moral deterioration. Those of us who value the future of our race gravely regard the prospects of their being the fathers of the next generation."

Their guest, the Prime Minister, might not be heralded as the greatest brain or the cleverest tactician, or boldest politician, but he would go down to posterity as an honest man.

"There will be criticism of my presence here to-day. Many of my friends will interpret it as an indication that I have deserted the class to which I belong. There is no class to which I belong. I refuse to believe that brains or virtue are the monopoly of any section."

CRICKET'S BIRTHPLACE.

Winchester College has acquired Broad-hampenny Down, Hambledon, Hampshire, where cricket, as a public spectacle, was born in the 13th century. The first fully recorded game on Broad-hampenny Down took place in 1773, when the Old Hambledon Club played England. Much cricket history was made on the ground.

YOUTH AND GOLF.

Sir Sidney Low, writing on "Youth Wasted on Golf," in *The Weekly Dispatch* says:—
"As a game, for the elderly, the inactive, and the ill-trained golf has its advantages. But is it a game for the younger generation?"

"A first-class game should test the physical condition, the activity, the muscular strength, the endurance, and the courage of the players. Golf does none of these things."
"All this is not written in disparagement of a noble game, which as I have freely admitted is exceedingly skilful and difficult. Let the younger folks row, and run, and ride, and bat and bowl, and cultivate nerve and dash and pace on the football field, and grace and agility on the tennis court, and leave the brassie and the putter to their seniors."

BURIED IN RACING COLOURS.

The funeral of the late Mr. Adam Scott, the owner-trainer of racehorses and farmer, who was thrown from his horse and broke his neck while riding in the Springwood Steeplechase at the United Border Hunt meeting at Kelso, took place at Alnham, Northumberland. Mr. Scott's body, which was conveyed to the church on a draped trolley drawn by two farm horses, lay in the coffin in his racing colours—light blue and maroon—and hooded and spurred as he had fallen on the course.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO. LTD.

Best Portland Cement

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.

GENERAL MANAGERS,
HONGKONG.

CHINA PROVIDENT LOAN & MORTGAGE COMPANY, LTD.

Advances made on Landed Property, Goods, etc

Trustees of Estates, Executors of Wills, etc.

Warehousing of Goods of all Description.

For Terms and Particulars

Apply at the Head-Office—

"St. George's" Building.

Telephone: C. 781.

Telegraphic Address: "RELYAT."

Telegraphic Address:

"LIGHTERAGE"

Telephone No.

C. 781.

HONGKONG TUG & LIGHTER CO., LTD.

Stevedorage and Lighterage Work undertaken.
Tugs and Lighters available at all hours.

Apply at the Head-Office,

"St. George's" Building.

Telephone No.

Chinese Branches: C. 4985.

K 622.

HONGKONG & TERRITORIAL ESTATES, LTD.

(Property Owners, Estate Agents,
Land Valuers, etc.)

WILL UNDERTAKE THE

Development and Improvement of Landed
Property and attend to all Branches of
Real Estate Business.

For terms and particulars

Apply at the Head-Office,

TELEPHONE

C. 781.

Telegraphic Address: "ESTATES."

"St. George's" Building.

"ITALIT"

ASBESTOS CEMENT CORRUGATED AND FLAT ROOFING SHEETS

is the only manufacture of its kind
which has secured a

GOLD MEDAL

Unsurpassed for its strength, durability and coolness.

STOCKS CARRIED.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,

Sole Agents.

Apply—IMPORT DEPT., ST. GEORGE'S BUILDING.

Tel. C. 781.

[108]

THE UNITED ASBESTOS ORIENTAL AGENCY, LTD.
Tel. Central 238. 2, Queen's Buildings.

SOLE AGENTS FOR
BELL'S UNITED ASBESTOS CO. LTD.
MANUFACTURERS OF

"Victor Metallic," "Dagger," "Quadruple" and
"Reefer" Packings.

Bell's Asbestos Compositions.

"Salamander" Engine & Cylinder Oils.

"Salamanderite Jointing."

QUEEN'S THEATRE.

TO-DAY, at 5.15 p.m. & 9.15 p.m.

TO-MORROW, at 6.00 p.m. & 9.15 p.m.

On the Brink of a Precipice—Two Men Sworn Enemies,
Struggled—One to Save a Woman's Good Name,
the other to Besmirch it

Pulse—Quickening Action
Packs with Thrills the Titanic Melodrama—

"THE FATAL HOUR"

Enacted for the Screen by an

ALL-STAR CAST

Based upon the Tremendous British Stage Triumph
"The Marriages of Mayfair"
by Cecil Raleigh

ALSO

BUSTER KEATON in "FROZEN NORTH."

WORLD THEATRE.

TO-DAY ONLY, at 5.15 p.m. & 9.15 p.m.
THE WORLD FAMOUS DANCERS AND SINGERS

MME. & MONS. DORROS
IN THEIR WONDERFUL

SONGS and DANCES

ALSO EUGENE O'BRIEN IN

"WORLDS APART"

(A SMART SOCIETY DRAMA IN SIX REELS).
DON'T MISS YOUR LAST CHANCE.

STARTING TO-MORROW AT ALL SHOWS.

THE GREATEST MELODRAMA OF ALL TIME

WILLIAM FOX PRESENTS

"THE ELEVENTH HOUR"

NOVELTY. THRILLS. ACTION. ROMANCE. PASSION.
ITS THE PICTURE FOR ALL CLASSES AND ALL AGES

ALSO JACK DEMPSEY IN

"ALL SWELL ON THE OCEAN"

(THE 5TH OF THE WONDERFUL "FIGHT AND WIN" SERIES).

HONGKONG ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION CO., LTD.

CONTRACTORS FOR
CIVIL ENGINEERING AND BUILDING
WORK OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

Specialists in Reinforced Concrete Foundations and
Structures for Factories, Godowns, Wharves, Bridges,
Piers, &c.

Sole Licensees for Hongkong and China of the
"Franki" Patent Compressed Concrete Piling System.

Enquiries to HEAD OFFICE:

ST. GEORGE'S BUILDING CHATER ROAD.
Telephone Central 4581 (Two Lines).

PIANOS FOR SALE OR HIRE.

TSANG FOOK PIANO CO.,

Tel. 4648. No. 8, Des Voeux Road Central (Entrance Ice House Street).

HONGKONG SHARE MARKET.

Messrs. Benjamin & Potts, in their
weekly share report, dated May 15th,
state:—

Business has again been very dull and
principally confined to Investment
orders. Forward transactions have been
few and far between.

There has been much enquiry locally
for Rubber shares, no doubt due to
the further rise in the price of the raw
material, which is now quoted at 2/3d
per lb. Quotations from Shanghai and
the Straits show considerable advances,
indicating a strong demand for shares.

Banks:—Hongkong and Shanghai
Banks are ruling strong and have risen
to a buying rate of \$1,250. The price
at home has also improved to £140/10/-
(middle).

Marine and Fire Insurance:—All
stocks in this section are ruling strong.
Cantons have strengthened and have
bought at \$750, ex the dividend of \$40
just paid, and Unions can be placed at
\$300. Langkats are acquired for at
the improved rate of \$48. China Un-
derwriters have changed hands at \$3.50.
Hongkong Fire have advanced to \$870
and China Fire are steady at \$200.

Shipping:—Hongkong, Canton and
Macao Steamboats are easier with
sellers at \$39. Douglas Steamships are
still on offer at \$34, with no sales re-
ported. "Star" Ferries have been sold
at \$82/6. Tugs and Lighters are bet-
ter and have been booked at \$4.75.

Refineries:—China Sugars continue on
offer at \$63 and Malabons have sellers
at \$54.

Oils and Mining:—Langkats "Combi-
ned" have again strengthened to a buy-
ing rate of Tls. 25. The "Singles"
are quoted higher at Tls. 12.75 and Ex-
plorations are enquired for at Tls. 4.75,
after sales at Tls. 5. Benguet Consoli-
dated have found buyers at \$2.40.

Kaubs were sold at \$3. Kailan Mines
have been largely dealt in at 37/3d.
Docks, Wharves and Godowns:—Hong-
kong and Whampoa Docks have fur-
ther weakened to a selling rate of \$119.
Shanghai Docks have had a smart rise
to Tls. 133. Hongkong and Kowloon
Wharves have dropped to \$123, buyers
only offering \$191. New Engineering
can be placed at Tls. 9.

Land, Hotels and Buildings:—Hong-
kong Lands have been steady with sales
made at \$295. Humphreys' Estates are
unaltered at \$203, at which rate there
are buyers. Hongkong Realities con-
tinue in demand at \$4.70. Hongkong and
Shanghai Hotels rose to \$18, but have
since weakened to \$15. Shanghai Lands
have jumped up Tls. 150 buyers, ac-
cording to latest advices from the North.

Electric Companies:—Hongkong Elec-
tricity have been largely dealt in between
\$80 and \$85. The market closes with
buyers at \$82. China Lights "Combi-
ned" are slightly lower with sellers at
\$32. The "Old" shares have been sold
at \$23, down to \$22 and the "New"
are offering at \$22. Hongkong Tram-
ways have gone weaker with sellers at
\$40.

Cotton Mills:—Little attention has been
paid to Cotton shares. Ewos are, how-
ever, enquired for at Tls. 11.10, but
other stocks are more or less nominal.

Miscellaneous:—Green Island Cements,
after sales in the early part of the week
at \$39, have again receded and shares
are obtainable at \$23. China Prov-
dents "Combined" owing to some forced
selling have dropped to \$46. Dairy
Farms have buyers at \$26. Lane Craw-
fords have further advanced to \$17.25.
Canton Iron can be placed at \$7.50.
Other stocks in this section are dull and
with no business reported.

Forward Steamship Days:—28th May,
(Tuesday), 23rd June (Tuesday), 28th
July (Tuesday) and 25th August (Tues-
day).

Exchange:—The T.T. rate on London
to-day is 2/2½ and on Shanghai 73.

TSINGTAO COMMUNISTS.

PEKING GOVERNMENT'S PROMPT
ACTION.

An Asiatic News Service message from
Peking on May 8th, states:—

With reference to the strike at Tsing-
tao against the Japanese mills, the
Chinese Government, at the request of
the Japanese Legation, has wired to the
Shantung authorities, urging the dis-
covery and arrest of all communistic
agitators, whether they be teachers,
students or any one else. The authorities
believe that the arrest of the Chinese
communists will soon settle the strike
trouble at Tsingtao to the advantage of
Sino-Japanese relations.

POLICE COURT ITEMS.

A young Chinese was sentenced to
2 months' hard labour by Mr. E. W.
Hamilton at the Kowloon Magistracy
yesterday for having stolen a cash box
from the cabin of Mr. J. Wallace,
2nd engineer of the s.s. Takada.

A Chinese was committed to the
Sessions by Mr. E. W. Hamilton at the
Kowloon Magistracy yesterday, for
having attempted to rob a woman in
Ki Lung Street, Sham Shui Po, on May
4th.

At the Kowloon Magistracy before
Mr. E. W. Hamilton yesterday, Frederick
Owen Richards, a Welsh man, appear-
ed on remand on a charge of having
sailed away on board the Empress of
Canada from Manila. He was committed
to the House of Detention until arrange-
ments could be made by the British
Legion or St. David's Society to send
him back to Wales or to find employment
for him.



Smiles

There are different kinds of smiles, sir,
smiles of impudence, superior smiles, and
smiles, and smiles of contentment which are
rays of human sunshine, sir, like the Kensitas
smile.

Yes, sir, you do smile when you smoke
Kensitas.

You are contented because Kensitas are "as
good as good cigarettes can be."

Englyn

Manufacturers: J. WIX & SONS, Ltd. 10-14 PICCADILLY, LONDON, W.1, ENG.
Wholesale only: DONNELLY & WHITE, Distributors for Hongkong and South China,
1, QUEEN'S BUILDINGS. Telephone: Central 635.

Obtainable at
LANE CRAWFORD LTD
Tabaqueria Filipina,
Grecian Egyptian Tobacco Store,
and all high-class Tobacconists.
At 95 cents per tin of 50

Kensitas

the preferred cigarette

LOCAL SPORT.

ATHLETIC SPORTS.

There will be two athletic meetings
in progress at the same time on adjoining
grounds at Happy Valley this afternoon,
both of which will undoubtedly attract
large attendances.

One will be the annual 15th annual
athletic meeting of the Lusitano Recrea-
tion Club, the patrons being H.E. Sir
Reginald Stubbs, K.C.M.G. and the Very
Rev. Father G.M. Spada. The sports
commence at 12.30 p.m. on the Hongkong
Football Club's ground (by courtesy of
the committee and members). The band
of the 3rd Punjab Regiment, by the
kind permission of Major C. M. Smith
and Officers will be in attendance.

There will be included in the programme
of events a 220 yards race open to the
Colony.

The other meeting takes place on the
Race Course where the Chinese
Y.M.C.A. will commence their 17th an-
nual athletic sports at 1.30 p.m. At the
conclusion of this meeting, Mrs.
Chau Wai Cheung, wife of Dr. Chau Wai
Cheung, who is a graduate of the Hong-
kong University, will distribute the
prizes.

RIFLE SHOOT TRIAL.

Trials shoots in preparation for the in-
terport rifle shoot between Singapore,
Penang and Hongkong, and for the pur-
pose of choosing Hongkong's team, are
to take place this afternoon and to-morrow
afternoon at the Talkoo rifle range.

All local shots have been invited to par-
ticipate and the shooting commences at
three o'clock each afternoon. The inter-
port contest is to be fired off at the option
of each port on any day between May 15th
and May 31st.

Among those who are likely to take
part in the trials this week-end are the
following:—Mr. F. Goodman, Mr. T.
Swan, Mr. D. Reid, Mr. J. A. Lyon, Mr.
R. Wallace, Mr. D. Bone, Mr. W. E.
Cook, Sub-Inspector McNab Wilson Major
Stanford and Mr. C. H. Summers.

RUBBER STILL RISING.

Messrs. Carroll Bros are in receipt of
a telegram from their Singapore friends
advising them that the price of Rubber is
now \$1.07 per lb.

We are showing

Smart Summer Frocks
and Hats

AT MODERATE PRICES.

At the Sign of the Lantern,

12, PEDDER STREET.

TELEPHONE CENTRAL 4864. (FIRST FLOOR 118)

WANTED.

WANTED Some Old Second Hand
CARTERS for Packing Purposes. No
Matter How Old but Must be Clean.
Apply to—
MR. PERCY SMITH,
6, Des Voeux Road Central.
[2117]

PREPAID "WANTED" ADVERTISEMENTS

Letters are lying at this Office for
Bases—X, Y, Z, X, Y, Z, Y, Z, Y, Z,
40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40.

THE THERAPION No. 1
THERAPION No. 2
THERAPION No. 3
THERAPION No. 4
THERAPION No. 5
THERAPION No. 6
THERAPION No. 7
THERAPION No. 8
THERAPION No. 9
THERAPION No. 10
THERAPION No. 11
THERAPION No. 12
THERAPION No. 13
THERAPION No. 14
THERAPION No. 15
THERAPION No. 16
THERAPION No. 17
THERAPION No. 18
THERAPION No. 19
THERAPION No. 20

TO-DAY

at 2.30 p.m., 5.15 p.m., 7.15 p.m. & 9.15 p.m.

LIONEL BARRYMORE

in

The greatest of Blasco Ibanez' Stories,

"ENEMIES of WOMEN"

in

11 Splendid Reels

NEXT CHANGE

"BLACK OXEN"

THE CORONET

THE NAVY'S CHOICE

Coates' ORIGINAL

PLYMOUTH GIN

OBTAINABLE EVERYWHERE.



C. P. GOERZ

LENSES,
CAMERAS &
BINOCULARS

Developing and Printing.

HALL, LAW & CO., LTD.,

TELEPHONE C. 3217.

80-82, DES VOEUX ROAD C.

[82]

PLUMBING.

We carry Large Stocks of
PLUMBING FIXTURES
and shall be pleased to submit
Estimates and Specifications
for complete

SANITARY INSTALLATIONS.

Let us quote you for your
Installation.

All Orders and Enquiries receive
Prompt Attention.

C. E. WARREN & CO., LTD.,

CHINA BUILDING

(Facing QUEEN'S THEATRE).

Tel. C. 200.

OBTAINABLE EVERYWHERE

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS:

H. BUTTONEE & SON.

[54]



"HIGH CLASS SCOTCH."



NEW BATHING COSTUMES

Having just received a further delivery of Bathing Costumes, we feel confident of our ability to fulfil your requirements. These are all in the one piece style with skirt and the colours comprise Blues, Browns, Greens, Greys and Crimson. We are specially recommending Navy-blue "Jaeger" Costumes with Sky, Brick or White Facings.

Cotton Costumes ... from \$3.50
Wool Costumes ... from \$8.50
Plain Blue Cashmere ... \$11.50
Jaeger (as above) ... \$13.50

MACKINTOSH & Co., Ltd.,
MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS.

ALEXANDRA BUILDING. DES VOEUX ROAD.
[57]

CHINA UNDERWRITERS, LIMITED.

FIRE, LIFE, MARINE, MOTOR CAR INSURANCE

Special Comprehensive Policies issued to
HOUSEHOLDERS.

Cover under this policy includes

TYPHOON EARTHQUAKE, BURGLARY AND THEFT.

BUILDINGS IN COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION INSURED
AGAINST LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE.

Telephone No. C. 1121. St. George's Building,
C. 1122. (2ND FLOOR). [2130]

The Beer for the Climate!

ELBSCHLOSS BEER

WING ON CO., LTD.

SOLE AGENTS.

USE COLGATE'S SOAP AND RIBBON DENTAL
CREAM



SOLE AGENTS:

THE HONGKONG TRADING CO., LTD.

BANK OF CANTON BUILDING.

HONGKONG.

THE JARDINE ENGINEERING CORPORATION, LTD.

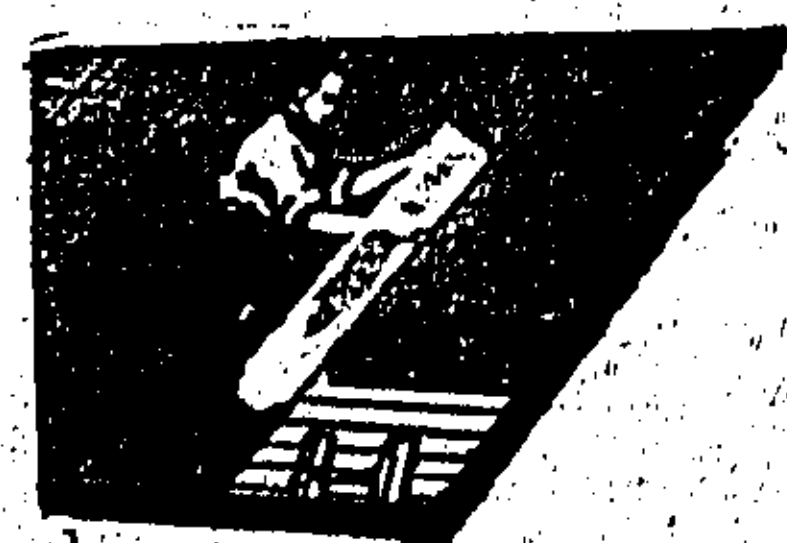
14, PEDDER STREET, HONGKONG.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Messrs. ANDERSON & SON, LTD.

BRITISH MADE

R
O
K



R
O
K

ROOFING

Specifications for all kinds of roofing
work on application.

HONGKONG AND OPIUM.

REPORT BY SUPERINTENDENT OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

THE COMPLETE FISCALISATION OF OPIUM IN SOUTH-WEST CHINA.

The following very interesting references to the Opium question are contained in the Report of the Superintendent of Imports and Exports (Mr. J. D. Lloyd) for the year 1924:-

GENERAL.

The gross revenue was \$5,224,303.05 as compared with \$5,739,443.58 in 1923. During the last quarter there was a drop of about 25 per cent. in the sales in all districts—in one district on the South of the Island the decrease was 50 per cent. This marked decrease coincides with the appearance of the bountiful new crop of Chinese opium on the market, and the efforts of the Maeco Opium Farmer to increase his sales by a reduction in price.

The cost of the production of prepared opium was considerably increased during the year. The salaries of the staff at the factory had to be revised to meet the general rise in wages in the Colony, while the cost of pots and charcoal was greatly increased owing to the general unrest in South China rendering the manufacture and transportation of the goods both difficult and expensive. Owing to excessive demands the old staff of boilers was discharged and a new staff was engaged, which after training and the elimination of those unsuitable, has proved satisfactory.

The branch office at Taipei was closed down, and arrangements made for the agents in the New Territory, North, to draw their supplies of opium either direct from the Head Office or through two large retailers. The whole of the sale of opium is now in the hands of agents who are paid a fixed monthly salary, and have no interest in pushing the sale of opium, so long as they satisfy the demands of the purchasers in their immediate vicinity. To some extent in the outlying districts this has made a difference to the amounts sold, the tendency being to understock, so that when sold out for the day the agent could be closed down and the salemen go home. Illicit opium of fair quality can be obtained so easily everywhere that smokers would not be seriously inconvenienced if they found the Government agent sold out.

OPIUM SMUGGLING.

As compared with 1923 Hongkong was only supplying distant places such as U.S.A. and Shanghai with illicit opium, and this on a much smaller scale. Thanks to the first good crop for some years Amoy was supplying Hongkong, Manila, Java and Singapore with quantities of prepared opium of superior quality, at a very cheap price, from \$3 to \$5 per tael. Swatow, Canton, and the Delta were receiving supplies of Chinese opium direct without the intervention of Hongkong smugglers. The West River route for Yunnan opium was open throughout the year. Hence a flood of Chinese opium was poured into the Colony from all possible means of entrance whereas during 1923, the only possible means of entrance was via Haiphong and South Western Chinese ports. A great increase of smuggling was therefore to be anticipated.

Comparatively little Chinese raw opium was seized, but constant seizures were made of Chinese prepared opium, originating in Kwong, Chow Wan, Wai-chow, Kowloon, Amoy and elsewhere. Illicit prepared opium of lower quality was being retailed in the Colony to opium divans at about \$3 per tael. Haiphong ceased to send Yunnan raw opium, but the trade was transferred to Tung King and neighbouring French leased territory of Kwong Chow Wan, where the opium was boiled in numerous manufactories and despatched to Hongkong almost daily by the numerous small steamers which ply between that port and Hongkong.

The Hongkong Headquarters of one large Kwong Chow Wan opium dealer was discovered, and one of the employees convicted of selling opium. Though no opium was actually discovered, the books and documents when examined and explained gave such conclusive evidence of opium dealing on a huge scale that the defence had to admit that the business was that of dealing in opium solely. The master of this firm, who absconded, was a wealthy man owning considerable property in the Colony. The firm has been closed, and one of their chief sub-agents has been banished.

Evidence was obtained of the complete fiscalisation of opium throughout South and South Western China. Whereas in 1923 the Revenue stamps found on raw opium seized were comparatively crude affairs, many found in 1924 were quite elaborate and printed in colours; some from Amoy found on parcels of prepared opium were very similar to Revenue stamps used by foreign countries, being perforated and printed in different colours for each denomination, with an elaborate design including the star and crescent, the value being given in Arabic numbers of Roman lettering. These particular stamps bore a legend that they were issued as Export Revenue Duty Stamps. The official opium monopoly in Canton does not seem to have been the success anticipated, mostly owing to the competition of the various military leaders, who each relied on opium to finance their own forces. Though the price was gradually reduced very little seems to have found its way to Hongkong.

PERSIAN OPIUM.

Persia still continued to send opium to China under the false declaration of destination, "Vladivostok." The arrival of the s.s. "Tai Tak" in the port on her return from her second opium smuggling trip to the China coast afforded an opportunity for a thorough investigation into this traffic with the help afforded by the books seized in the office of the agent

for the ship. It was proved by the documents seized that the persons to whom the ship belonged had been responsible for the introduction of at least four ship-loads of Persian Opium into China during the last two years, and that at least four million of the opium. The money came from Swatow mostly, though occasionally Shanghai joined in the venture. The persons who financed the business were discovered to be wealthy and very influential Chinese merchants in Swatow. The procedure was to send the ship chosen to Formosa to load coal sufficient for the round trip to the Persian Gulf and back to the China coast, allowing a considerable margin to allow the ship to loiter off the coast and steer unusual courses; supercargo were embarked in Formosa, and the ship sailed for Basrah via Goa. The ship remained at Basrah until the cable was received from Hongkong that the opium was ready at Basrah; the ship then proceeded to Bushire, loaded her opium declaring the destination as Vladivostok. She touched at Goa, and then sailed for the China sea avoiding Sabang, the former usual port call for these opium ships. A course was then steered for Hongkong keeping over to the coast of the Philippines to avoid being seen by other ships and reported. A course was then set for the vicinity of Hongkong near Waglan, where apparently some means were prepared of getting a message through to Swatow. The ship then proceeded to the neighbourhood of Swatow where some of the opium was transferred into waiting steam launches. Some of the remainder of the opium was transferred into waiting gunboats near Amoy. In one case arrangements had been made to meet junks near the mouth of the Yangtze. After delivering her cargo the ship proceeded to Formosa to load coal and then came back to Hongkong to refuel or lay up till the next trip. The Captain of s.s. "Tai Tak" was warned to leave the Colony and the Chinese manager of the local agents for the ship was deported.

Only one seizure of Persian opium was made of any magnitude, in a junk in the Kaumati harbour of refuge, shortly after information had been received that an opium smuggling ship from Persia had discharged some of her cargo near the Colony. Whenever such ships had discharged in this locality small amounts of Persian opium were soon after seized, showing the rapidity with which such opium goes into circulation.

Maeco received over 1,400 chests of opium from Persia, though it is probable that a certain amount was really Benares opium. The ultimate distribution of this is unknown, but while such large supplies are available in a place with a small legitimate consumption so near Hongkong, there is a very considerable danger of a large part reaching this Colony ultimately in one form or another.

INDIAN OPIUM.

A few seizures were made of Indian Opium but none of any magnitude. From documents seized it was apparent that elaborate arrangements had been made to attempt to smuggle Indian opium into China in two cases, involving 340 chests in all. Benares opium was exported from India to Persia and was exported thence as Persian opium, and so ultimately reached China. The Indian trade returns for 1924 mention the export of opium to Persia. Apparently most of this opium was at once shipped to China or Macao.

FORGERY OF GOVERNMENT OPIUM LABELS.

A good deal of illicit opium appears to have been sold to unsuspicious strangers as Government opium in pots bearing forged labels, especially in Chinese Hotels and Boarding Houses. Several convictions were obtained, but the source of the forgeries could not be traced in the Colony. They are apparently imported from outside, some at least from Kowloon. In consequence of this the concession previously allowed to the larger Chinese Hotels of keeping small stocks of opium for the convenience of their guests was withdrawn.

OPIUM DIVANS.

Early in the year a second European Revenue Officer was assigned to the work of the suppression of opium divans, and placed in charge of the Kowloon Peninsula for that purpose with good results. The number of divans seems to remain constant notwithstanding the numbers dealt with by the Magistrates. The amount of illicit opium found at any one time, these divans was very small, but being obtained from hawkers or agents of the owners of the divans several times a day. The number of opium pipes found in use tended to decrease, but in a low class divan the same pipe will be passed round a circle of smokers; thus one pipe and one lamp will suffice for four smokers at a time, one smoking while the next man is preparing his pellet of opium over the lamp. There was found to be a marked difference in the type of divan on either side of the water, the divan in Kowloon being as a rule on a much smaller scale, and using a cheaper type of opium. The majority of the divans were conducted by paid keepers, the real masters keeping in the background and being rarely discovered. In some cases the keeper only got his food and free opium, in other cases he received as little as \$2 per month and his keep, but the masters seem never to have been at a loss to find applicants for the posts of keeper, in spite of the large number of keepers who were deported from the Colony during the year. The number of divans dealt with during the year was 1,675; the number of smokers in divans convicted 5,721. In all these divans illicit opium was being consumed, and in very many cases large numbers of empty illicit opium containers were found, showing the quantities of illicit opium consumed. In all 7,334 persons were arrested by officers of this

department, and convicted of offences under the Opium Ordinance, apart from a considerable number arrested by the Police. What would be the consequences of creating many new offences under any scheme of registration of smokers can easily be imagined.

REGISTRATION OF SMOKERS.

As an instance of the difficulty of introducing any scheme of registration of smokers here our experience with holders of annual passbooks for the purchase of opium, is worthy of mention. These passbooks are issued annually only to Chinese of the upper classes, who are permanently resident in the Colony, yet every year about 30 per cent. do not renew their passbooks, having left the Colony. Merchants who held passbooks years ago are constantly returning to the Colony after an absence of years and applying to renew their passbooks. If such is the case with the upper classes, it is far more so with the middle and lower classes.

SEIZURES OF OPIUM.

The chief seizures during the year were as follows:-
1.-800 pounds of Persian opium found in a junk in Yaumati harbour of refuge. The information obtained was to the effect that this was only part of a much larger parcel which had entered the Colony. The s.s. "Cochin China" was known to have unloaded a large consignment direct from Persia near the waters of the Colony shortly before.

2.-3,150 taels of prepared opium found in tin trunks on the deck of s.s. "President Taft" amongst 1st class passengers baggage. Two Chinese were arrested, whose names corresponded with those on the labels of the trunks, but no sufficient evidence could be found to prove guilty knowledge. They were obviously from their own belongings, of a lower class, and would not have travelled first class unless their passage had been paid. The presumption was that they had received a free passage in return for taking the opium to the United States.

3.-3,490 taels of prepared Amoy opium on s.s. "Nai Sang" on her arrival from Amoy via Manila. The opium was intended for Manila, but owing to the vigilance of the Customs could not be landed there, so was brought on to Hongkong.

4.-1,750 taels of Macao opium on s.s. "Las Vegas" in camphor wood trunks. The opium was being taken to Los Angeles by one of the European engineers of the ship, who was to receive a handsome sum if he delivered it safely. He was arrested and sentenced to 12 months' imprisonment.

5.-1,520 taels of prepared opium on a small cargo boat in the harbour. The opium had probably come from a Macao steamer and was stowed away in the boat pending an opportunity to ship it to America.

6.-800 pounds of raw Chinese opium on s.s. "Taikwa" on her arrival from Hoithow. The opium was probably intended for Swatow.

7.-1,220 taels of prepared Amoy opium on s.s. "Servitum" probably intended for Singapore.

8.-1,150 taels of raw Chinese opium on s.s. "Linchow" probably intended for local consumption.

9.-2,900 taels in cargo on s.s. "President Madison" consigned to Manila.

10.-6,704 taels of Amoy prepared opium on s.s. "Kutang" intended for Singapore.

11.-4,000 taels of Amoy prepared opium on s.s. "Hailong" probably intended for export to the Philippines.

BANISHMENT FOR OFFENCES.

The number of persons banished from the Colony for various periods for opium offences was 588. They were mostly keepers of divans with more than one conviction, and boilers of illicit opium, and a few who made their living by the retailing of illicit prepared opium.

LEGISLATION.

The Opium Ordinance was amended so as to make the offence of dealing in raw opium more comprehensive. Dealing in any way without a licence is now prohibited. The intention was to prohibit any business in, or concerning, raw opium being handled through the Colony even though the opium itself never came within the limits of the Colony. The present policy is to issue such licences only in respect of opium ordered by foreign governments for the use of the official monopolies, when such opium has to pass through the Colony in transit. It is desirable to make this point clear, since the wording of the new clause may be interpreted wrongly by persons who are not in possession of adequate knowledge of the actual position.

REWARDS.

The amount paid in respect of rewards was \$38,164.00. The greater portion was in respect of opium divans, a large number of secret agents, who are paid on results, having to be maintained.

DANGEROUS DRUGS.

The seizures during the year were as under:-

	ounces.
Morphine	10,304
Heroin	5,280
Cocaine	2,125

The number of seizures was 8, none of which were made on shore. No evidence was found during the year that there was any retail trade in Dangerous Drugs in the Colony. No Hypodermic syringes were found. Japan was the destination of the origin of many of the seizures, and considerable amounts of Turkish and Persian Opium destined for well-known Morphine manufacturers in Japan were noticed as they passed through the Port. The import of Opium Extract into Japan from Germany was noticed for the first time.

(Continued at foot of next column.)

LOCAL SPORT.

LAWN TENNIS.

H.K.C.C. TOURNAMENT.

YESTERDAY'S MATCHES.

HANDICAP SINGLES "A."

Semi-Final.
E. W. E. Bishop (-1/6) beat P. H. Broomman (scr.), 6-3, 6-1.

CLUB CHAMPIONSHIP SINGLES.

Semi-Finals.

W. Hyde beat W. B. Cornaby, 6-4, 6-2, 6-1.

MONDAY'S MATCHES.

No play will take place in the Tournament to-day. The following matches are down for decision on Monday:-

OPEN SINGLES.

Fourth Round.

S. E. Green v. Capt. O'Callaghan.

HANDICAP SINGLES "A."

Semi-Final.

Dr. D. J. Valentine v. Major Hattersley-Smith.

GARRISON TENNIS LEAGUE.

The matches in the Garrison Tennis League for next week are as under:-

Monday, Small Units v. R.A.O.C.; Tuesday, "B" Co. East Surrey Regt. v. R.A.S.C.; Wednesday, R.E. "B" v. R.A.M.C.; Thursday, "D" Co. East Surrey Regt. v. R.E. "A"; Friday, "A" Co. East Surrey Regt. v. Headquarters Wing; East Surrey Regt. Play will commence each day at 4 p.m.

LAWN BOWLS.

Matches for to-day in connection with the Hongkong Lawn Bowls Association are to be played as under:-

Division I.

Taikoo R.C. v. Civil Service C.C. Kowloon R.C. v. Kowloon Dock R.C. Craigengower v. Kowloon C.C.

Division II.

East Point R.C. v. Taikoo R.C. Police R.C. v. Indian R.C. Kowloon C.C. v. R.H.K.Y.C.

HOW'S THAT?

IMPORTANT M.C.C. RULING OF LOCAL INTEREST.

During the course of a cricket match on the H.K.C.C. ground last season, a ball from one of the bowlers struck the wicket, but neither ball fell to the ground, though admittedly one of them was dislodged from the groove.

The umpires both gave the batsman not out. Their decision led to a good deal of friendly argument, the umpires' contention being that the ball was not "off," as required by Rule 39 of the Laws of Cricket.

Last mail brought a copy of the *Daily News Cricket Annual*, in which the ruling of the M.C.C. on the subject is reproduced, from which it will be seen that the decision of the two local umpires was correct. The M.C.C. Ruling reads:-

IMPORTANT M.C.C. RULING.

The attention of the M.C.C. having been called to a case at the Oval on June 28th, 1924 (Surrey v. Cambridge University), where the wicket was struck but the ball did not fall to the ground, the umpires were requested to give an exact description of the position of the ball. Their reports agree that they gave the batsman out because they saw the ball was removed from "the groove," and, therefore, in accordance with an "instruction" of 1923, they gave the batsman out. They have misinterpreted the instruction, which is as follows:-"The striker would be out under this law if any part of either ball is 'struck off' (see Law 20) the top of the wicket."

Law 20 uses the words "struck off," and the M.C.C. in their ruling have held those words as meaning "struck off" the top of the stump, and no mention is made of "the groove." The description of both umpires as to the position of the ball is that no part of the ball, though out of "the groove," was off the "top of the stump." The "top of the stump," of course, includes not only the groove but the space on either side of it. The umpires were, therefore, wrong in giving the batsman out.

The chief seizures were:-

1.-6,280 ounces Heroin on s.s. "Fushimi Maru" en route to Japan, manufactured in Germany.
2.-1,200 ounces Morphine on s.s. "Uhlenburg" consigned to Amoy, manufactured in Germany.
3.-8,840 ounces of Morphine on s.s. "Takaoaki Maru" consigned to Japan, manufactured in Germany.
4.-800 ounces of Morphine on s.s. "Uhlenburg" consigned to Amoy, manufactured in Germany.
5.-1,600 ounces of Morphine on s.s. "Derfanger", manufactured in Germany.
6.-2,000 ounces of Cocaine on s.s. "Hawaii", intended for Calcutta, all bought in Japan, some of Japanese manufacture, some with German marks, possibly forged, some with German and Japanese trade-marks on the same packages.

ALLEGED ABUSE.

MR. BRAYFIELD IS SUED BY
LOCAL RAILWAY CO.

"D—you, stationmaster, you son of a— Why don't you send your station coolies to the foreshore to pick up these bottles?"

The alleged utterance of these words by Mr. T. H. G. Brayfield, of Taiipo, to Mr. Sang Lum Sau, stationmaster at Taiipo Station, on the morning of April 25th, had a sequel at the Central Magistrate's court yesterday afternoon, when Mr. Brayfield appeared in answer to a summons taken out against him at the instance of the Kowloon-Canton Railway Company, for unlawfully using insulting words to Mr. Sang Lum Sau, where by a breach of the peace might have been occasioned.

The case was heard before Mr. S. B. B. McKelvey, the greater part of the time being taken up in close and detailed cross-examination of the principal witnesses for the prosecution and in frequent legal argument and parley.

Mr. Whyte Smith appeared to prosecute and Mr. F. G. Vaux was for the defence.

Mr. Whyte Smith, in his opening, said that at 1.45 a.m. on April 25th, defendant came to the stationmaster's office at Taiipo carrying two beer bottles and asked the stationmaster in an abusive manner why he had not sent around the coolies to collect the empty bottles off the foreshore.

Defendant then dashed the bottles on the floor, breaking them, and in the office. Defendant was apparently engaged in an anti-malarial campaign, but that did not justify him in using bad language to an inefficient native. The railway authorities had, therefore, felt it their duty to stand by the stationmaster who had always conducted his duties in a very satisfactory way.

Mr. Vaux: I believe that you used to be good friends with Mr. Brayfield a long time ago?—Witness: I am good pals with most people. Everybody is my friend.

And they (the passengers) give you your "Cunshaw"?—Witness: I do not think that is a fair question.

Mr. Vaux: I am prepared to prove it. His Worship: I do not see how it affects the case?—Witness: It shows provocation.

Mr. Vaux: He did not get one?—Witness: He was refused recently and he knows why. I take it that if a man had provoked the defendant into using strong language it would effect your worship's decision, even if he was found guilty, if he had been provoked into it by this man.

Mr. Vaux to witness: Did you receive a New Year's present from Mr. Brayfield about the year 1921?—Witness: I received \$10 from Mr. Brayfield when he came over by the last ferry.

After that year did you subsequently receive any presents from him?—No I never received any.

Has he told you why?—No he has not told me why.

Has he frequently told you to keep those latrines clean?—Yes he has frequently told me to keep the latrines clean, and so does everyone.

And did he not tell you that that was the reason why he refused to give you any more presents?—No.

Are you given any opportunities of keeping the place clean. Are you given any disinfectants?—Sometimes I use Jeyes' fluid.

Further close cross-examination on this point followed.

His Worship: This subject is getting very far away again. We are always drifting away.

Mr. Vaux: If he says he does not get enough to keep the place clean; then I will say it is not relevant, but if he says he does, then I submit that it is relevant.

Asked if it was enough, witness replied that he considered the disinfectant he received was sufficient for the purposes for which it was used.

Mr. Vaux to witness: Do you deliberately try to annoy Mr. Brayfield and others by keeping these latrines dirty?—No; but he deliberately tries to annoy me.

Do you consider your latrines are clean?—They are always clean.

I see you are wearing an ambulance badge. Are you supposed to know anything about sanitation?—Witness: I do not see that what ever answer he gives will make the least difference. It does not lead anywhere.

Mr. Vaux: I think it does your Worshipship.

I cannot see how it does.

Mr. Vaux: I am trying to prove that he is so neglectful that it becomes almost deliberate of him to provoke. He wears an ambulance badge.

His Worship: That was probably got for other reasons. What was your ambulance badge for?—Witness: I passed it for first aid.

Mr. Vaux: I wondered if it had anything to do with sanitation.

Mr. Vaux: I think he is the sort of person that would report anyone. Your Worship will realise I am cross-examining under difficulties. I am going to ask him if he does not often report people very frequently interfering with him at his station?—Witness: I am not in the habit of reporting people, but, if I am too much despised, I would.

You have certain latrines in your station house?—There is a latrine some distance away from the station. It is near the pier.

In part of your dwelling house have you not got a latrine?—Yes.

Have you got three latrines attached to your dwelling house?—There are three latrines.

They are public latrines are they not?—They are used by the station staff and not by the public.

There are other latrines used by the public, are there not?—The other latrine is used by the public.

You are in charge of both these latrines are you not?—Yes.

His Worship: We are getting very far away from the point. This does not seem at all relevant.

Mr. Vaux: It is leading up to provocation.

His Worship: It does not seem very relevant.

Mr. Vaux: Well if your Worship will not allow me to cross-examine, perhaps you will name my objection.

His Worship: Well I want to keep it as close as possible.

Mr. Vaux: I intend to go over it as far as possible.

Further cross-examination followed, with regard to the sum paid for the cleansing of latrines.

Mr. Vaux: I put it to you that Mr. Brayfield put oil in these places and that you objected, because it destroyed its value for malarial?—Witness: I did not object to Mr. Brayfield putting oil in the latrines.

In answer to further questions, witness said he did not see anyone with Mr. Brayfield when the alleged incident happened on the morning in question and the only other people present besides himself and defendant were the two pointmen and the booking clerk.

Mr. Vaux: I believe that you used to be good friends with Mr. Brayfield a long time ago?—Witness: I am good pals with most people. Everybody is my friend.

And they (the passengers) give you your "Cunshaw"?—Witness: I do not think that is a fair question.

Mr. Vaux: I am prepared to prove it. His Worship: I do not see how it affects the case?—Witness: It shows provocation.

Mr. Vaux: He did not get one?—Witness: He was refused recently and he knows why. I take it that if a man had provoked the defendant into using strong language it would effect your worship's decision, even if he was found guilty, if he had been provoked into it by this man.

Mr. Vaux to witness: Did you receive a New Year's present from Mr. Brayfield about the year 1921?—Witness: I received \$10 from Mr. Brayfield when he came over by the last ferry.

After that year did you subsequently receive any presents from him?—No I never received any.

Has he told you why?—No he has not told me why.

Has he frequently told you to keep those latrines clean?—Yes he has frequently told me to keep the latrines clean, and so does everyone.

And did he not tell you that that was the reason why he refused to give you any more presents?—No.

Are you given any opportunities of keeping the place clean. Are you given any disinfectants?—Sometimes I use Jeyes' fluid.

Further close cross-examination on this point followed.

His Worship: This subject is getting very far away again. We are always drifting away.

Mr. Vaux: If he says he does not get enough to keep the place clean; then I will say it is not relevant, but if he says he does, then I submit that it is relevant.

Asked if it was enough, witness replied that he considered the disinfectant he received was sufficient for the purposes for which it was used.

Mr. Vaux to witness: Do you deliberately try to annoy Mr. Brayfield and others by keeping these latrines dirty?—No; but he deliberately tries to annoy me.

Do you ever use disinfectant in any of these?—Sometimes.

His Worship: There may have been reason for complaints there, but your proper course was to report them to the management of the Company, or if that failed to another authority. Whatever was the case, there was no excuse for what Mr. Brayfield is charged with.

Mr. Vaux: I am going to say that every reasonable effort has been made to get this altered.

His Worship: Did you write to the Colonial Secretary?

Mr. Vaux: No, to the Management of the Company.

His Worship: Your first step would be to write to the management of the Company and if you did not get any reasonable remedy from them, then your second step should have been to write to the Colonial Secretary. To go and call the stationmaster the name alleged is not the way to get a remedy in my opinion.

Mr. Vaux: I am going to put it that we have made every reasonable effort to obtain a remedy.

His Worship: You have not tried the Colonial Secretary.

Mr. Vaux: I am going to put it to you that it would do no good to write there. If you look up Mr. Whyte Smith's opening, you will see that this man was left in charge.

His Worship: It seems obvious that the thing to do was to write to the Colonial Secretary.

Mr. Whyte Smith interposed that when he referred to those in charge of the station, he implied that the management were responsible or in charge as much as the stationmaster.

A MATTER OF WORDS.

His Worship: The man on the station is in charge of the station and so is the Colonial Secretary, so is the Governor and for that matter so is His Majesty. It is all a matter of words.

Mr. Vaux: Yes, it is all a matter of words, but I contend that the course taken by my client was the right course.

He took a more effective and quicker course of remedy for stopping flies and mosquitoes than by writing to the Colonial Secretary. I submit that this man (the stationmaster) is keeping his place in a filthy condition, and it is the cause of a number of troubles.

His Worship: We will assume that it is so.

Mr. Vaux: It is not a remedy, but it is provocation.

His Worship: I don't think it is.

Mr. Whyte Smith: If it is of any help to my friend I am quite prepared to admit that something might have happened to make my friend's client angry. We will agree that he had something to make him angry.

His Worship going into the facts of the charge, said: I do not see that we are getting on. It seems to me that to say "D— you stationmaster" was a little too much for anyone. It was practically provoking a breach of the peace. That is the whole substance of the charge.

In continuation of his argument, Mr. Vaux submitted that there was provocation for his client.

After further argument, His Worship suggested that the case might be met if Mr. Brayfield, by consent, agreed to be bound over to keep the peace for six months on his own recognisance.

Mr. Vaux intimated that his client was not willing to agree to such a course.

In further cross-examination by Mr. Vaux, witness said Mr. Brayfield did not tell him where he found the bottles and did not say he found them in the same place as he had found previous bottles.

Mr. Vaux: What words did he use to you?—Witness repeated the words that Mr. Brayfield was alleged to have said to him and added that after defendant said this he (defendant) walked away.

Witness admitted the complaint had been made to him that he was annoying people by making such a noise in his house. On that occasion he and friends were holding conversation.

In answer to Mr. Whyte Smith, witness said so far as he knew he had never been reported to the railway company management by anyone.

Mr. Whyte Smith continued to re-examine witness regarding points raised in connection with the latrines.

Mr. Whyte Smith: We have heard about these latrines for the first time?—His Worship: But not for the last.

Mr. Whyte Smith to witness: Can you tell me of any case where Mr. Brayfield has used crude oil at the station?

Mr. Vaux: Mr. Brayfield will say for himself in evidence that he has used crude oil at the station.

Witness: He has used crude oil everywhere, even in our rice pots and everywhere else.

His Worship: I think we have had enough of this witness.

After a further question or two by Mr. Vaux the witness left the box.

Corroborative evidence bearing on the evidence given by the stationmaster, regarding what Mr. Brayfield is alleged to have said to him at the station, was then given by the two pointmen who were said to be present when it was uttered.

Mr. Vaux (after these witnesses had given their evidence): It has struck me since coming into court that their story was made up. It differs on various points.

His Worship: It is when witnesses agree on every point that one becomes suspicious.

Mr. Vaux: They agree on every point, except that they differ as to where they were at the time.

Leo Cheung (the Booking Clerk), said he was present when defendant came to the station on the morning of April 25th. He heard him say to the stationmaster "D— you stationmaster, you son of a— why don't you send your coolies to the foreshore to pick up these bottles."

Cross-examined by Mr. Vaux: Apparently defendant walked away immediately after saying this?—Witness: Yes.

Mr. Vaux: It seems from the evidence that after Mr. Brayfield had spoken these words he walked away.

This concluded the case for the prosecution.

Mr. Vaux asked permission to be able to recall any of these witnesses at any time, the reason being that he had not had time as yet to prepare his case.

His Worship: Cannot we finish this case now and have Mr. Brayfield in the box and finish it off?

Mr. Vaux: I have not had time to take a statement from Mr. Brayfield, yet and although I do not want to drag things out or put things in the way, I propose to call more evidence as well as Mr. Brayfield.

His Worship suggested that other evidence apart from that to be given by Mr. Brayfield was not necessary. Other evidence outside the substance of the charge did not matter. It seemed clear to him that Mr. Brayfield might have been very much annoyed but whether he had reason to be or not did not appear to him as being very relevant to the case.

Mr. Vaux said he thought it was relevant, and proceeded to give an example of why he thought so. He said if he had assaulted a citizen of Hongkong he thought His Worship would deal with him quite differently if he had received sufficient provocation from that citizen to commit that assault, than if he had not been given any provocation to do it.

His Worship held that the matter of provocation did not enter into this case and said there was a proper way of obtaining a remedy instead of doing what was alleged to have been done. Even supposing there was provocation, he did not think that was the right way to deal with it.

His Worship added that he thought this a suitable case for binding Mr. Brayfield over under the section of the Ordinance.

His Worship adjourned the case for a short time to allow Mr. Vaux to discuss the matter with his client.

Following the adjournment, His Worship asked: Is your client willing to be bound over or not?

Mr. Vaux: No, he is not. I want to ask your Worship's permission to have time to consider a point or two, because I am not certain that your Worship under this particular section has a right to bind him over.

Mr. Vaux then went on to deal with the section he referred to, from a legal point of view and dealt with the framing of the charge against his client. He said His Worship had been pleased to say that he did not think a breach of the peace had been occasioned and that His Worship did not propose to convict Mr. Brayfield on this part of the alleged offence. He, therefore, wanted time to consider the case in connection with its relation under summary conviction.

His Worship drew the attention of Mr. Vaux to other sections, referring to similar cases, under the Magistrates Ordinance, and said section 18 of the Magistrates Ordinance 3 of 1890 gave magistrates very wide discretion.

His Worship said it seemed to him that there was a case to answer, even if it was brought under the section of trespass. He would ask Mr. Vaux to consider that also.

Mr. Vaux said if His Worship altered the charge to one of trespass there would be liberty allowed to call any witnesses on that charge, which would not be material on the charge of that day.

His Worship intimated that he thought there was a case to answer as regarding trespass, and he thought he should certainly convict on that charge, because he thought there was a case to answer there.

Mr. Vaux: As it stands at present I have my doubts as to whether your Worship would have the right to bind my client over at the present moment.

His Worship: I shall be prepared to hear argument about that when the case comes up for hearing again. I think the quickest procedure would be to finish the question of binding over, because if I convict on trespass it would come to binding over without need for argument.

Mr. Vaux said he should ask for a summons to be served.

His Worship said that this would not be necessary.

His Worship then adjourned the further hearing of the case until Thursday afternoon, when the case for the defence will be submitted.

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

FURNISHING DEPT.

NOW SHOWING

ADJUSTABLE BABY CHAIRS

3 POSITIONS. HIGH, ROCKER AND CARRIAGE

\$21.00 EACH

BETTER QUALITY WITH EXTRA LARGE
PLAY BOARD AND BEADS

\$30.00 EACH

BASE ROCKING CHAIRS

\$38.00 EACH

WITH LEG REST ATTACHMENT

\$55.00 EACH

MORRIS CHAIRS, PIANO STOOLS
CANVAS DECK CHAIRS, ETC.

INSPECTION INVITED.

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.



CONTINENTAL

SOLE AGENTS:

STEINLE & CO., SHANGHAI
BORNEMANN & CO.,HONGKONG—QUEEN'S ROAD, ASIATIC BUILDING.
CANTON—No. 17, TSI YUEN HA KAL.

NEW ENGLISH RECORDS

ALBERT SAMMONS

(Violin) ... With Piano

D1569 'CHERRY RIPE'
'ARVA' (Vals Mignonne).

WILLIAM MURDOCH

(Pianoforte)

D1566 'ARABESQUE IN E'
'MELODY IN F.'

ANDERSON'S.

Powell

Telephone C. 4578.

"NESTA" & "BONSPIRAL"
SPRING MATTRESSES

What is inside?

Hundreds of separate springs, each securely fastened making the mattress absolutely silent. Padded hair and wool, with best quality tick and patent ventilation.

SIZES—3', 3'6", 5' wide.

Sheer Luxury Sleep Producers

AND YET THE PRICE IS VERY MODERATE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.
AND
CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

CONSIGNEES per Company's Steamer are hereby notified that the Cargo will be discharged into the Godowns, where it will be at the Consignee's risk and subject to the Terms and Conditions of Storage at the Godowns. The Cargo will be ready for delivery from Godowns on and after 15th May.

Optional Cargo will be landed, unless Notice has been given prior to the Steamer's arrival. All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays and Fridays between the hours of 10.45 a.m. and Noon within the free storage period.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 21st May, will be subject to Rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 4th June, or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be recognized.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.
Hongkong, 15th May, 1925. [2203]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.'S STEAMER "SICILIA."

ARRIVED HONGKONG ON 15th MAY, 1925.

FROM BOMBAY, COLOMBO & STRAITS.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo by the above-named Vessel are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each Consignment will be sorted out, marked by Mark and Delivery can be obtained as the Goods are landed.

This Vessel brings on Cargo from Persian Gulf ex B.I.S.N. and B. & P.S.N. Co.'s Steamers.

Optional Goods will be landed here unless Instructions have been given to the contrary 6 hours before arrival of the Steamer.

Goods not cleared within 8 days, including date of arrival will be subject to Rent.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

Damaged Packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees, and the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. GODDARD & DOUGLAS at 10 a.m. on Mondays and Tuesdays within the free storage period.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 4th June, 1925, or they will not be recognized.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Agents.
Hongkong, 15th May, 1925. [2210]

HONGKONG AND TERRITORIAL ESTATES, LIMITED.

THE FIFTY-SECOND ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the Company will be held at the Office of the Company, "St. George's" Building, No. 4, Connaught Road, on WEDNESDAY, the 20th MAY, 1925, at 12 o'clock Noon, for the purpose of receiving a Statement of Accounts for the year ended 31st January, 1925, and electing a Consulting Committee and Auditors.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED ON SATURDAY, the 20th MAY, 1925, until WEDNESDAY, the 20th MAY, 1925, both days inclusive.

General Manager.
SHEWAN TOMES & CO.,
Hongkong, 5th May, 1925. [2172]

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIFTY-SECOND ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS of the Company will be held at its Head Office, Union Building, Hongkong, on FRIDAY, 29th MAY, 1925, at 12.15 p.m., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors and the Statement of Account to 31st December, 1924, and of declaring Dividends, etc.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Society will be CLOSED from May 16th to May 29th, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
PAUL LAUDER,
General Manager.
Hongkong, May 8th, 1925. [2191]

BRITISH TRADERS' INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIFTY-SIXTH ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS of the Company will be held at its Head Office, Union Building, Hongkong, on FRIDAY, 29th MAY, 1925, at 12.15 p.m., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors and the Statement of Account to 31st December, 1924, and of declaring Dividends, etc.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from May 16th to May 29th, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
PAUL LAUDER,
General Manager.
Hongkong, May 8th, 1925. [2191A]

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIFTY-SIXTH ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS of the Company will be held at its Head Office, Union Building, Hongkong, on FRIDAY, 29th MAY, 1925, at 12.15 p.m., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors and the Statement of Account to 31st December, 1924, and of declaring Dividends, etc.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from May 16th to May 29th, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
PAUL LAUDER,
General Manager.
Hongkong, May 8th, 1925. [2191A]

INTIMATIONS

THE HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Queen's Building, Victoria, Hongkong, on MONDAY, the 18th MAY, or MAY, 1925, at 11 o'clock in the Forenoon, when the proposed Resolutions will be proposed as Extraordinary Resolutions, viz:—

(1) That the Articles of Association of the Company be altered in manner following that is to say by the deletion of Article 17 and by the substitution thereof of the following Article namely:—

"17.—So long as the issued capital of the Company shall not exceed \$3,000,000, no Member shall be entitled to more than 8,000 Shares of the Company. Should the issued capital of the Company be increased beyond \$3,000,000 the Number of Shares in respect of which a Member shall be entitled to be registered shall be increased proportionately, but no Member shall be entitled to be registered in respect of a fraction of a Share."

(2) That the authorized Capital of the Company (which is now \$3,000,000 consisting of 60,000 Shares of the Nominal Value of \$50 each the whole of which have been issued) be increased to \$10,000,000 by the creation of 140,000 Additional Shares of the nominal value of \$50 each ranking (subject as hereinafter mentioned) for dividend and in all other respects pari passu with the Shares constituting the Company's present issued Capital.

(3) That 60,000 of the said 140,000 New Shares be offered in the First Instance (in the proportion of one new share for every old share held by them respectively) to the Members of the Company who on the 10th day of June, 1925, are registered in the Company's Share Register as the Holders of the said 60,000 Old Shares at a Premium of \$10 per Share.

(4) That the aforesaid offer be made to Members by Notice specifying the number of new shares to which a Member is entitled. That a member whose registered address is situated in the Far East or his nominee shall pay for such new shares accepted by two instalments, i.e. one instalment of \$30 per New Share to be paid on or before the 15th day of July, 1925, and a further instalment of \$30 per new share to be paid on or before the 15th day of October, 1925, and such Member or his Nominee who has not accepted and lodged with Company's Bankers the first instalment due on such new shares on or before the 15th day of July, 1925, will be deemed to have declined. That a Member whose registered address is situated outside the Far East or his Nominee shall pay for such new shares accepted by two instalments, i.e. one instalment of \$30 per new share to be paid on or before the 15th day of September, 1925, together with interest calculated at the rate of 6 per cent per annum on the total amount then payable for the period from the 15th day of July, 1925, until the date of receipt of payment by the Company's Bankers and a further instalment of \$30 per New Share to be paid on or before the 15th day of December, 1925, together with interest calculated at the rate of 6 per cent per annum on the total amount then payable for the period from the 15th day of July, 1925, until the date of receipt of payment by the Company's Bankers and such Member outside the Far East or his Nominee who has not accepted and lodged with the Company's Bankers the first instalment due on or before the 15th day of September, 1925, together with interest as aforesaid will be deemed to have declined. The Directors shall have the right to reject any Nominee.

(5) That such of the said 60,000 New Shares as shall be accepted by Members both in and outside the Far East shall be taken up by the said 60,000 Old Shares rank for dividend as from the 15th day of July, 1925, to the extent of one half of the nominal value of such New Shares and as from the 15th day of October, 1925, equally with the said 60,000 Old Shares.

(6) That any of the said 60,000 New Shares which shall not be taken up by the Company's Shareholders in manner aforesaid and the remaining 80,000 unissued new shares may be issued and disposed of in such manner at such time or times and upon such terms as to raising for dividend and otherwise as the Company Directors shall in their absolute discretion think fit.

AND NOTICE IS HEREBY ALSO GIVEN that a Further EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at its Registered Office aforesaid on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of JUNE, 1925, at 11 o'clock in the Forenoon for the purpose of receiving a Report of the Proceedings at the above mentioned Meeting and confirming if thought fit as Special Resolutions the above mentioned Resolutions.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from WEDNESDAY, the 10th day of JUNE, 1925, to WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of JUNE, 1925 (both days inclusive), during which period no Transfer of Shares can be registered.

Dated the 4th day of May, 1925.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
B. M. DYER,
Chief Manager.
[2162]

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

DRAFT PROGRAMMES AND ENTRY FORMS for the FIFTH EXTRA RACE MEETING to be held on SATURDAY, 30th MAY, and MONDAY, 1st JUNE, 1925 (weather permitting), may be obtained at the RACE COURSE, HONGKONG CLUB and CAVERWAY RACE STABLES.

Entries will close at 12 o'clock Noon on SATURDAY, 16th MAY, 1925. [2163]

INTIMATIONS

BY ORDER OF THE FIRST MORTGAGEES.

PUBLIC AUCTION OF VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTIES.

- 1.—Situate at VICTORIA in the Colony of Hongkong and known as Subsection 6 of Section A of Inland Lot No. 411, together with the Messuage or Tenement Erection and Buildings thereon known as No. 240, Queen's Road, East.
Area: 987.40 sq. ft. Crown Rent: \$19.85.
Term of Crown Lease: 999 years from 15th day of July, 1855.
- 2.—Situate at Kowloon in the said Colony and known as Kowloon Inland Lot No. 334, together with the Messuage or Tenement Erection and Buildings thereon known as No. 55, Shanghai Street, Yeamat.
Area: 750 sq. ft. Crown Rent: \$10.00.
Term of Crown Lease: 75 years from 18th day of November, 1888.
- 3.—Situate at Kowloon in the said Colony and known as Subsection 4 of Section B of Kowloon Inland Lot No. 31, together with the Messuage or Tenement Erection and Buildings thereon known as No. 85, Shanghai Street.
Area: 716.66 sq. ft. Crown Rent: \$1.64.
Term of Crown Lease: 75 years from 25th day of June, 1873.

IN 3 LOTS

By M. E. V. M. R. DE SOUSA, Auctioneer, at THE CHINA AUCTION ROOMS, China Building.

ON MONDAY,

THE 18th day of MAY, 1925, at 3 o'clock P.M.

For further Particulars and Conditions of Sale, Apply to:—

Messrs. JOHNSON, STOKES & MASTER, Mortgagees' Solicitors, Prince's Building, Ice House Street, Hongkong.

Or to M. E. V. M. R. DE SOUSA, The Auctioneer, China Building, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong. [2158]

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE.

PUBLIC AUCTION OF VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY.

SITUATE at YAMAT in the DEPENDENCY of KOWLOON and Colony of Hongkong and known as the Remaining Portion of Kowloon Inland Lot No. 623, together with the five Messuages Erection and Buildings thereon in course of construction.
Area: 7,175 Square feet. Annual Crown Rent: \$34.25. Term of Crown Lease: 75 years from the 24th day of December, 1894.

IN ONE LOT

By M. E. V. M. R. DE SOUSA, Auctioneer, at THE CHINA AUCTION ROOMS, China Building.

ON TUESDAY, THE 26th day of MAY, 1925, at 3 o'clock P.M.

For further Particulars and Conditions of Sale, Apply to:—

Messrs. JOHNSON, STOKES & MASTER, Mortgagees' Solicitors, Prince's Building, Ice House Street, Hongkong, or to M. E. V. M. R. DE SOUSA, The Auctioneer, China Building, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong. [2205]

HONGKONG CRICKET CLUB.

TENNIS TOURNAMENT. FINALS OPEN CHAMPIONSHIP: SINGLES AND DOUBLES.

BOOKING will CLOSE at the Pavilion at 10.30 p.m. on FRIDAY, 15th MAY, and OPEN at Messrs. MONTGOMERY & Co., at 8.30 a.m. on SATURDAY, 16th MAY. It is hoped to play the FINAL SINGLES on 21st MAY, and FINAL DOUBLES on 22nd. The FINAL DOUBLES will be followed by the PRIZE GIVING.

TO LET.

GODOWNS in ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS (Basement).

Apply—
SECRETARY,
A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.
[2032]

TO LET.

OFFICE in UNION BUILDING—TWO ROOMS on FIFTH FLOOR. Apply—
UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LTD. [2173]

TO LET.

COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOMS with Private Bath Room and Private Verandah with Good Board and Sulphur Baths, Wei-hai-wei. Houses stand in the Best Positions in Wei-hai-wei. Grounds with Good Tennis Court reaching down to the Beach and standing next to the Mainland. Golf Course Rooms with Board for One Person \$220.00 per Month. Two in same Room \$320.00 per Month. Rooms in Mat. Bungalows with Malhoid Roof, also with Private Bath Rooms \$135.00 per Month with Board. Two in same Room \$235.00 per Month. A deposit of \$100.00 is required on the Large Rooms and \$50.00 on the Mat Rooms when booked.

Apply for same to Mrs. NIVEN, Wei-hai-wei. Telegraphic Address: NIVEN. [2168]

INTIMATIONS

WATSON'S Celebrated DRY GINGER ALE

Its unique 'dryness' delightful aroma and rich flavour are features which give this beverage the IMMENSE POPULARITY it deserves.

It has been repeatedly declared by travellers, tourists and others, that WATSON'S DRY GINGER ALE is UNEQUALLED by any similar product throughout the world.

"PYERIS"

SPARKLING MINERAL WATER

A Delicious Table Water, healthful and refreshing. Surpassing in quality the celebrated European Spa Waters.

Blends excellently with Wines and Spirits, especially Whisky.

IN QUARTS, PINTS & SPLITS.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS.

ESTABLISHED 1841. [50]

BIRTH.

COOPER.—At Shanghai, on May 8th, the wife of J. S. S. COOPER, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

DELGA-CHAVEGRANDE.—At Chateaufort, France, on April 15th, M. DELGA of the French Health Department, to Miss SIMONE CHAVEGRANDE.

HARVEY.—HOLLAND.—At Shanghai, on May 9th, WILLIAM HARVEY, son of Mr. H. R. HARVEY, of Bristol, England, to ETHEL MARY, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. H. HOLLAND, of London.

JACKSON-ALLEN.—At Shanghai, on May 7th, WILLIAM HENRY JACKSON, to CONSTANCE EDITH, daughter of Mr. A. W. ALLEN (deceased) and of Mrs. ALLEN, of Wimbledon, London, England.

Hongkong Office: 14, Chester Road. London Office: 131, Fleet Street, E.C.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, MAY 16TH, 1925.

POLITICAL "ALLIANCES" IN CHINA.

It must puzzle the wisest heads in China to follow all the convolutions of the present maze of the country's politics, but there is one interesting item of news published in the Northern Chinese press relating to the affiliations of the Kuomintang, and especially to the attitude of Marshal Chang Tso LIN towards the party, concerning which a discreet silence seems to have been preserved in the Canton Press. Everybody is aware of the "alliance" which has existed between the Fengtien and Kuomintang parties during the past four or five years. It will be recalled that when Wu Pei Fu's star was in the ascendant, and Marshal Chang Tso LIN, no less than Sun Yat Sen desired to see it eclipsed, the political world of China learnt with amazement that these two totally opposite characters had come to an agreement to co-operate in a military effort to suppress Wu and establish in Peking a Government more to their liking. While Marshal Chang with his great army was to swoop down upon Wu from the North, Sun Yat Sen was personally to lead "a grand military expedition" from the South, a thousand miles or more across country, to the Yangtze Valley to attack Wu in the rear. Sun's "grand Northern expedition" proved an utter fiasco. It got but a very few miles from its base at Shikwan, and, in the absence of any serious threat in his rear, Wu was able to drive CHANG's forces back beyond the Great Wall. There the mortified War Lord of Manchuria speedily set about preparing to take his revenge. Somehow or other, Sun managed to convince him that "the grand military expedition from the South" was still a possibility, and so, two years later, when the opportunity offered for a renewal of hostilities between CHANG and Wu, it was seen that the arrangement between CHANG and Sun still held good. Once more Sun talked largely about his "great military expedition to the North, but the failure to materialise it was even more complete than on the first occasion, though reports were published at the time to the effect that Sun had received large assistance from CHANG in the way of funds and war material. CHANG, this time, however, managed to accomplish his design without any practical help from Sun. Wu's forces were annihilated at Shanhaiwan, and for the time being, CHANG became the only RICHMOND in the field. We have heard little since concerning the "entente cordiale" between Mukden and Canton. Indeed, it was reported some time after the death of Sun Yat Sen that no message of condolence had been received from Marshal CHANG Tso LIN or any of his Generals, and the inference which was doubtless intended to be drawn from this was that the War Lord of Mukden had come to regard Sun Yat Sen and all his military pretensions with supreme indifference. What amount of truth there was in that report we do not know, but the attitude of Marshal CHANG Tso LIN towards the Party that the late Dr. Sun led, has just been revealed in a communication which the Mukden War Lord is reported to have dispatched to Mr. Sun Fo (son of the late Kuomintang leader) in reply to a cable asking for "continued co-operation between the Fengtien and Kuomintang parties regarding the reconstruction of China." In his answer Marshal CHANG, after saying that he "deeply mourns" the death of Dr. Sun Yat Sen, and desires co-operation with the Kuomintang, proceeds to declare that this co-operation would seem to be quite impossible. "For the sake of the peace and welfare of the country," he "strongly opposes" the policy of the Communist wing of the Kuomintang—which at present holds the reins of Government in Canton. "It is quite incomprehensible to us how anybody could look for the co-operation of Marshal CHANG Tso LIN with the Kuomintang, seeing that the latter's attitude is one of open hostility towards the régime now existing at Peking of which CHANG is 'the strong right arm.' The so-called 'triple alliance' formed for the purpose of accomplishing the downfall of the Tao KUN-Wu Pei Fu combination had no basis other than a military basis, and since the task has been accomplished, there is an end to it unless the Kuomintang is prepared to come into line with the political schemes of the pre-dominant partners. In the North it is expected that the Kuomintang will eventually join forces with the various militarists who are dissatisfied with the Peking administration and are aiming at a federation of the South-Western provinces, but the Communist wing of the Kuomintang is as likely to prove an element as irreconcilable in this group as it is in the other. It will be welcomed if it is welcomed at all—only for the military contribution it may be able to make.

Lieut. G. O. Fawcett, R.A., sailed for India on the s.s. Talamba on May 10th, on recruiting duty.

Mr. Brodie A. Clarke, a resident of Shanghai for more than 60 years, celebrated his 81st birthday last Saturday.

expedition" from the South, a thousand miles or more across country, to the Yangtze Valley to attack Wu in the rear. Sun's "grand Northern expedition" proved an utter fiasco. It got but a very few miles from its base at Shikwan, and, in the absence of any serious threat in his rear, Wu was able to drive CHANG's forces back beyond the Great Wall. There the mortified War Lord of Manchuria speedily set about preparing to take his revenge. Somehow or other, Sun managed to convince him that "the grand military expedition from the South" was still a possibility, and so, two years later, when the opportunity offered for a renewal of hostilities between CHANG and Wu, it was seen that the arrangement between CHANG and Sun still held good. Once more Sun talked largely about his "great military expedition to the North, but the failure to materialise it was even more complete than on the first occasion, though reports were published at the time to the effect that Sun had received large assistance from CHANG in the way of funds and war material. CHANG, this time, however, managed to accomplish his design without any practical help from Sun. Wu's forces were annihilated at Shanhaiwan, and for the time being, CHANG became the only RICHMOND in the field. We have heard little since concerning the "entente cordiale" between Mukden and Canton. Indeed, it was reported some time after the death of Sun Yat Sen that no message of condolence had been received from Marshal CHANG Tso LIN or any of his Generals, and the inference which was doubtless intended to be drawn from this was that the War Lord of Mukden had come to regard Sun Yat Sen and all his military pretensions with supreme indifference. What amount of truth there was in that report we do not know, but the attitude of Marshal CHANG Tso LIN towards the Party that the late Dr. Sun led, has just been revealed in a communication which the Mukden War Lord is reported to have dispatched to Mr. Sun Fo (son of the late Kuomintang leader) in reply to a cable asking for "continued co-operation between the Fengtien and Kuomintang parties regarding the reconstruction of China." In his answer Marshal CHANG, after saying that he "deeply mourns" the death of Dr. Sun Yat Sen, and desires co-operation with the Kuomintang, proceeds to declare that this co-operation would seem to be quite impossible. "For the sake of the peace and welfare of the country," he "strongly opposes" the policy of the Communist wing of the Kuomintang—which at present holds the reins of Government in Canton. "It is quite incomprehensible to us how anybody could look for the co-operation of Marshal CHANG Tso LIN with the Kuomintang, seeing that the latter's attitude is one of open hostility towards the régime now existing at Peking of which CHANG is 'the strong right arm.' The so-called 'triple alliance' formed for the purpose of accomplishing the downfall of the Tao KUN-Wu Pei Fu combination had no basis other than a military basis, and since the task has been accomplished, there is an end to it unless the Kuomintang is prepared to come into line with the political schemes of the pre-dominant partners. In the North it is expected that the Kuomintang will eventually join forces with the various militarists who are dissatisfied with the Peking administration and are aiming at a federation of the South-Western provinces, but the Communist wing of the Kuomintang is as likely to prove an element as irreconcilable in this group as it is in the other. It will be welcomed if it is welcomed at all—only for the military contribution it may be able to make.

The American Iowa (torpedo) left Hongkong for Shanghai on the s.s. Empress of Canada yesterday morning.

Lieut. Col. C. M. Stephens, O.M.G., D.A.D.S.O., sailed for North China on the s.s. Huichow on May 11th, on inspection duty.

The return of notifiable diseases in the Colony for the 24 hours ended on May 24th shows: Hungarian and 1 Chinese case of enteric fever.

Mr. John van Antwerp MacMurry, the new American Minister to China, expects to leave for his post at Peking next month sailing on the s.s. President Pierce from San Francisco on June 21st.

A thief who entered the home of Mr. Carr at No. 17, Magazine Gap Road, on Wednesday evening, stole a gold watch and a silver ash tray, valued at \$300. The articles had been left on a table in the bedroom.

Mr. W. W. Hornell, C.I.E., M.A., be Vice-Chancellor of the University, is leaving for Shanghai and the north to-day upon a mission in which it is expected a certain amount of business will be combined with pleasure.

A Chinese who was knocked down in Des Vaux Road Central on Thursday by a motor-cycle said to have been driven by Mr. T. L. Knight, an employee of the American Express Company, was removed to the Government Civil Hospital suffering from his injuries.

Among the passengers who left yesterday by the Empress of Canada were Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Purvis, Mr. and Mrs. C. Pryor, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Hooper, Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Rose, Messrs. F. M. Crawford, G. Grimé, C. S. Gabbay, E. H. O'Farrell, and G. L. Shauk.

The Ministry of Communications Peking appears to have taken drastic measures recently to ensure the fullest service of cars on the northern railways. Several high officials have been either dismissed or suspended for accepting bribes in connection with the allotment of cars.

The 5/2nd Punjab Regiment held their annual athletic sports on the ground of the United Services Recreation Club at Kowloon yesterday afternoon. There was a good attendance and the meeting was very successful. The events included an open quarter-mile (British) and an open half-mile (Indian).

In connection with the impending departure of H.E. the Governor Sir Edward Stubbs, K.C.M.G., from the Colony on June 25th, arrangements are being made to hold a reception at the City Hall, when separate addresses will be presented by both the European and Chinese sections of the community. The address from the Chinese section will take the form of a scroll full of Chinese characters expressing the sentiments of the community on whose behalf the scroll is presented.

THE TELEPHONE.

"Improvements in Sight"—vide Poer's facts in sight.

Is a statement uncommonly cheering. But local subscribers would feel more delight if it showed some improvement in hearing.

E.W.H.

S.S. "SARDINIA" DELAYED.

Messrs. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co. informed us yesterday afternoon that they had received a wireless message that the P. & O. steamer Sardinia had been delayed by fog on her voyage from Shanghai; in consequence she will not be able to sail hence until 4 p.m. to-day (Saturday).

The Sardinia is conveying a number of passengers and the English mail.

COMPRADORE'S UNION.

COMBINE TO UNITE DURING STRIFE IN CHINA.

At a well-attended meeting, held by the compradores of the local firms at the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce yesterday afternoon, it was finally decided to organize a "Chinese Importers and Exporters Compradores' Union" in order that steps should be taken at the next meeting to effect the loyal co-operation of the compradores during the continued civil strife in China, which is hampering trade in Hongkong and Canton. The general committee selected consists of the following: Messrs. Ho Sai Leung (Chairman), Ho Wai Tang (Vice-Chairman), Tam Pak Shui (Hon. Treasurer), U Shi Wing (Vice-Treasurer), Cheung Shi Chun, Ng Kwok Hin, Yung Kwong Man, Ho Ki Wan, Ho Sai Ki, Mok Tat Huen, Lo Shun Wing, Ching King Sin.

CARELESS WITH REVOLVER.

WATCHMAN'S FOOLISH ACTION ON "KUNG YIK."

As the steam-launch Kung Yik was travelling between Hongkong and Cheung Chau Island, yesterday, a Chinese watchman accidentally fired his revolver. He is said to have been examining it to see whether it was loaded, when he pressed the trigger—and as one of the chambers, at any rate was loaded, a shot rang out. Fortunately, no one was injured, but the occurrence, naturally caused a good deal of alarm among the passengers.

CABLES.

LATEST CABLES.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

SOVIET CONGRESS.

M. CHICHERIN IN REVIEW OF FOREIGN SITUATION.

Moscow, May 15th.

Reviewing the foreign situation at the Soviet Congress, M. Chicherin fore-shadowed no new development. He had no use for the arms Conference at Geneva, which aimed at strengthening means whereby the powerful nations dominated the feeble, but he was willing to participate in the League of Nations, treating with technical and humanitarian objects and also the limitation of armaments.

He asserted that the creation of solid relations with Poland occupied the principal place in Soviet world policy.

READY TO NEGOTIATE.

M. Chicherin reiterated that the Soviet was ready to negotiate with Britain and assume all obligations, resulting from international relations.

Should the British Government point out that the Soviet was misusing diplomatic rights and that certain officials or persons were violating international engagements, the Soviet would do everything that might be demanded of it. But, if the British Government required the Soviet to stop all propaganda work in the Soviet Union, that meant that the Communist Party must cease to be Communist. Nobody could ever succeed in bringing that about.

The Soviet desired to regulate with France not only the question of the Tariff debts, the solution of which he considered more possible than others thought, but also political questions. It was ready to negotiate with France, in regard to mutual claims.

FIGHTING IN MOROCCO.

FRENCH LOSSES SMALL IN BIRANE BATTLE.

PARIS, May 15th.

A communiqué from Rabat states that the French losses in dislodging the tribesmen from the Birane range yesterday, were small.

General Colombat's column continues clearing up the Birane region, while General Freydenberg's column is advancing westward. The latter had a sharp engagement, the Moors losing heavily. The French have captured a number of prisoners and a quantity of material.

The newspapers, in rejoicing at the successes in Morocco, mention that the French aeroplanes created havoc among the tribesmen with large new type bombs, made in wartime, which the armistice prevented being utilised.

The tribesmen, retreating from the heights of Birane, were threatened with development and were obliged to march through ravines, where they were an easy target for the aeroplanes.

The newspapers state large reinforcements, drawn from all garrisons in France, will shortly be sent to Morocco, also a number of ambulance aeroplanes.

STRIKE IN DENMARK.

TRANSPORT WORKERS AT ALL PORTS AFFECTED.

COPENHAGEN, May 15th.

The strike, which started here on April 18th, has now extended to transport workers at all ports in Denmark.

EARLIER CABLES.

ARMS CONFERENCE.

OBJECT OF CONVENTION IS EXPLAINED IN COMMONS.

LONDON, May 15th.

In the House of Commons, replying to a question concerning the British amendment of the Arms Conference, Mr. Austen Chamberlain, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, said that the object of the draft Convention was a general supervision of the armaments trade by giving it the fullest possible publicity through the medium of a licensing system.

That condition already existed in the case of warships whose construction and ownership were well known. Therefore, no increase in publicity could be gained by the application of the licensing system to such construction, whilst the execution of the provision would lead to serious inconvenience.

As regards aircraft, experience had shown the impossibility of formulating a satisfactory definition of military as opposed to civil aircraft, and he feared that the application of the Convention to aircraft designed exclusively for war would only lead to difficulties without achieving any useful results.

EXPORTS OF GOLD.

SHIPMENTS MADE BY BANK OF ENGLAND.

LONDON, May 14th.

Mr. Winston Churchill, Chancellor of the Exchequer, replying to Colonel H. Day (Lab., Southwark Central), in the House of Commons, stated that since the removal of the embargo on gold exports, the Bank of England had exported £1,039,000 worth of gold and £729,000 in sovereigns.

LATEST CABLES.

CRICKET AT HOME.

RESULTS OF FIXTURES FROM WEDNESDAY TO FRIDAY.

LONDON, May 15th.

Below will be found the results of cricket fixtures, commencing on Wednesday:

At Lord's, Middlesex defeated Somerset by nine wickets.

Somerset scored 123 and 119. In the first innings Hearne obtained 4 wickets for 34; in the second, 5 for 17.

Middlesex, in their first innings, made 134. White obtaining 8 wickets for 43.

At the second attempt, Middlesex scored 108 for the loss of one wicket, Mr. J. W. Dale scoring 53 not out.

At the Oval, Surrey defeated Gloucestershire by an innings and 75.

Surrey, after making 418 for the loss of eight batsmen, declared. Hobbs scored 104, Shepherd (T.F.) made 51, and Petch (H.A.) 62.

[Note: The message at this juncture has a number of lines missing.]

At Worcester, the home team were beaten by Yorkshire by an innings and 17.

Worcester, in their first innings, scored 913. Pearson (F.) making 50.

Kilner obtained 5 wickets for 74. Yorkshire replied with 993. Holmes (P.) making 71, Sutcliffe (H.) 55 and Oldroyd (E.) 53.

Rogers took 8 Yorkshire wickets for 85.

Worcester scored 63 at the second attempt. Macaulay taking 7 wickets for 20.

At Northampton, the home side defeated Hampshire by an innings and 52 runs.

Hampshire made 76 at the first attempt. Wright taking 3 wickets for 42.

Northampton replied with 211, towards which Jupp scored 64.

Hampshire's second innings totalled 83.

At Manchester, Lancashire won their match against Scotland by an innings and 74.

Lancashire scored 321. Hallows (C.) making 140 and Mr. L. Green 56.

Scotland replied with 52. R. Tyldesley taking 4 wickets for 3 runs and Parkin (C.H.) 4 for 28.

The visitors followed on and scored 195. Groves scoring 64. Parkin obtained 5 wickets for 49.

EARLIER CABLES.

GOLF TOURNAMENT.

CHARLES JOHNS IS WINNER OF "DAILY MAIL" PURSE.

LONDON, May 14th.

At Hollinwell, Nottinghamshire, the Daily Mail £1,200 golf tournament, in which 100 of the best professionals in the British Isles competed, was won by Charles Johns, of Purley Downs, whose aggregate score was 293 for the four rounds.

Mitchell and Ray returned 295 and Duncan 299.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, May 14th.

The death is announced of Sir Rider Haggard.

[With the death of Sir Henry Rider Haggard, K.B.E., the reading public of English-speaking countries throughout the world have lost a writer whose record is almost unique, in that he maintained his popularity at its height for a period of over forty years. A "Rider Haggard" novel was hailed just as eagerly in the closing stages of his career as when he burst into fame in the early '80's with "King Solomon's Mines." But it was not in the sphere of writing alone that Sir Rider Haggard distinguished himself. He was secretary in 1875, at the age of 19, to Sir Henry Bulwer, Governor of Natal, and two years later was on the staff of Sir Theophilus Shepstone, Special Commissioner in the Transvaal. With the late General Brooke, R.E., he formally hoisted the British flag over the South African Republic at Pretoria on the Queen's Birthday, 1877. He was Master of the High Court of the Transvaal in 1879, and took the post of adjutant of the Pretoria Horse in the following year. He became a Barrister of Lincoln's Inn in 1884, in the same year in which he published his novel "Dawn," which was followed a year later by "The Witch's Head" and his first great success, "King Solomon's Mines." This young man of many, adventurous activities thus laid the foundation of his great career as an author at the early age of 20. He was born at Beadenham, Norfolk, on June 22nd, 1856, and was the 6th son of Mr. William Meyohm Rider Haggard, of Beadenham Hall. Apart from writing, his activities from 1901 until his death were numerous and many-sided. In 1901-02 he journeyed through England investigating the condition of agriculture and of the rural population, was appointed British Government Special Commissioner to report on Salvation Army Settlements, U.S.A., in 1906, and from 1906 to 1911 was Chairman of the Reclamation and Unemployed Labour Committee of the Royal Commission on Coast Erosion and Afforestation. For untiring public work during the late war he was created a K.B.E. in 1919, and at the time of his death was a J.P. for Norfolk and Suffolk, and Chairman of Justices of the Petty Sessions Division of Bungay. Sir Rider Haggard's younger brother, Major Edward Arthur Haggard, an officer with a fine record of soldiering extending from 1884 to 1904, and the founder of the Veterans' Corps, who also wrote novels, chiefly dealing with military life, under the pseudonym of "Arthur Amyand," also died recently.]

BLUE STAR LINE.

BRITISH YARDS OBTAIN BUILDING CONTRACTS.

LONDON, May 14th.

As the result of prolonged negotiations, a contract worth £2,000,000 to construct eight refrigerator vessels for the Blue Star Line has been awarded to British yards.

Most influential Government personalities are reputed to have been working behind the scenes to save the contract, which last week seemed certain to go abroad owing to the disparity in British and foreign prices. It is understood that the difference was adjusted through the Blue Star granting a slight preference to the British builders, who quoted a sacrificial price.

MANGANESE IN RUSSIA.

NEGOTIATION WITH HARRIMAN FIRM SUSPENDED.

MOSCOW, May 14th.

M. Piatakov, President of the Supreme Concessions Committee, announced that the negotiations with the Harriman Firm regarding the manganese concessions are temporarily interrupted.

DAVIS CUP TENNIS.

DENMARK BEAT ROMANIA AT ROEHAMPTON.

LONDON, May 14th.

At Roehampton, in the first round of the Davis Cup tennis competition, Denmark beat Roumania by four events to one.

LATEST CABLES.

(REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.)

GOLD FROM ARGENTINE.

SPECIE IN BANKS ONLY FOR EXPORT.

BUENOS AIRES, May 15th.

With reference to the decree issued on May 12th, permitting the export of gold from the Argentine as from June 10th, enquiries show that the decree merely refers to gold held in banks. This amounts to only 21 millions sterling. The decree does not refer to the gold reserve, held in the Conversion Office which will remain closed.

SYNTHETIC OPIUM.

PRIZE OF \$100,000 OFFERED FOR INVENTOR.

NEW YORK, May 15th.

Mr. Herman Metzmert, chemical manufacturer, is offering a prize of \$100,000 for the invention of a process for producing synthetic opium. The prize must be low enough to wipe out poppy-growing in India and China.

NEWSPAPER AMALGAMATION.

MR. CYRUS CURTIS LATEST PURCHASE.

NEW YORK, May 15th.

Mr. Cyrus Curtis, publisher of the Philadelphia Public Ledger is reported to have purchased the Philadelphia North American.

The two papers will shortly be amalgamated.

EARLIER CABLES.

GENERAL COTTON STANDARD.

AGREEMENT IS PRACTICALLY ASSURED.

WASHINGTON, May 14th.

It is understood that an agreement for the use of universal cotton standards by the Liverpool Cotton Association is practically assured as the result of recent negotiations between the Liverpool Association and the United States Department of Agriculture.

MISS ROCKEFELLER MARRIED.

POSSE OF DETECTIVES PRESENT AT WEDDING.

NEW YORK, May 14th.

Seventy-five detectives guarded Miss Abby Rockefeller's residence on the occasion of to-day's marriage between her and the lawyer Mr. David Milton.

The ceremony attracted thousands of excited spectators.

[The bride, one of the daughters of Mr. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., met her husband when he was briefed to defend her on a charge of rash driving of her car.]

A Chinese gentleman writing to a Tientsin contemporary expressing his objection to the publication of an unauthorized announcement regarding the approaching wedding of his daughter, says: "You have put me in a very awkward position and all my friends have felt offended at not receiving an invitation from us. The fact was I have never sent out any invitation because I did not like my friends to spend money to buy presents. Only some of them, who knew it beforehand, forced their presents upon my daughter, so I have to thank them with a dinner. I wish you will kindly publish this letter in your paper that my friends may know my intentions." But will it not puzzle them to decide whether the writer of this reproach was not animated more by consideration for his own pocket than for the pockets of his friends? Incidentally the letter reminds us, by the way of contrast, of another Chinese family who issued, in English, a wedding invitation which unblushingly intimated that "Mr. and Mrs. ——— on the occasion of the marriage of their daughter," etc. We wonder which of the two types of parents the average bride would prefer?

FAR EASTERN CABLE NEWS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

THE "DORIC" INCIDENT.

CHINESE ADMIRALTY OFFERS A SETTLEMENT.

SHANGHAI, May 15th.

As a result of negotiations over the Doric incident, the Chinese Admiralty has agreed to pay Tia 2,000 to Mr. Lawson Hall, who was wounded when the crew of a Chinese gun-boat fired upon the Asiatic Petroleum Company's house-boat Doric, last Saturday.

The Chinese Admiralty has further agreed to withdraw the gun-boat.

TRANSFER OF SAGHALIEN.

JAPAN HANDS TERRITORY BACK TO SOVIET.

TOKYO, May 15th.

With the signing of the necessary protocols, and the installation of Mr. Shimada as acting Japanese Consul-General at Alexandrovsk, where a Consulate is being opened to-day the transfer of Saghalien to the Soviet is complete.

General Inouye, embarked for Japan yesterday afternoon.

MEASLES IN JAPAN.

SEVERAL THOUSAND SUFFERERS IN NORTH-EAST.

TOKYO, May 15th.

A serious epidemic of measles is reported in North-Eastern Japan. There are several thousand sufferers, and seventy fatalities have been recorded.

POLITICAL SITUATION IN CHINA.

(FROM THE "DAILY BULLETIN.")

SITUATION AT NANNING.

AMERICAN CONSUL-GENERAL IN PROTEST TO WUCHOW.

PEKING, May 14th.

Acting on complaints from Americans at Nanning, the American Consul-General at Canton has protested to the Foreign Commissioner at Wuchow against the action of the besieging troops invading the mission compounds and setting fire to the houses.

LOCAL SHOPS ROBBED.

JAPANESE IN PRAYA EAST ARE VICTIMS.

Several instances of robberies perpetrated on local shops in Praya East have come to light in police reports. The curious coincidence about these affairs is that in each case the thief or thieves have victimised Japanese shops.

In one case the shop of J. Watanabe, at No. 90, Praya East, was visited and 27 pairs of chopsticks, made of ivory and valued at \$30, were stolen.

At Horvuth's shop at No. 54, Praya East, a haul of similar value was made; and at a third shop kept by Humankas at No. 20, Praya East, cloth belts, razors, knives scissors and cigarette holders, valued at \$23.60 were stolen. It is thought that the thefts may have been committed by people who came into the shops as customers.

"COMMON BUT ILLEGAL."

EUROPEAN EMPLOYER SUED BY SERVANT.

Before Mr. E. W. Hamilton at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday, Mrs. V. Harris, of No. 2, Patell Villas, appeared in answer to a summons taken out by her cook boy for dismissal without notice and failing to pay one month's salary in lieu of notice.

Complainant said that he was told to purchase pork at the Dairy Farm on April 23rd. On his return his mistress refused to take the pork and ordered him to change it. This the Dairy Farm refused to do. He was paid his wages on the 4th May, but defendant had deducted the price of the pork. He was dismissed the same day.

Mrs. Harris said that the complainant was engaged on 17th February on a month's trial. She deducted two dollars from his wages in March but he continued working until May, when she deducted a further 50 cents for a piece of pork he had bought on April 23rd. The pork was not fit to eat. When she paid him \$2.50 on May 4th he threw it on the ground and became abusive. After he went, she picked up the money.

His Worship said that the practice of deducting from servants' wages was very common, but it was illegal. Defendant would have to pay complainant \$2.50 for work done in May and the 50 cents which she deducted for the pork. He, however, found that as the complainant was engaged on trial, no notice was necessary on either side.

THE PIRACY REPORT.

THE "OLD-TIMERS."

HOW THEY COMPLICATE THE SITUATION.

Discussing the latest Report on Piracy with a representative of the Daily Press, a well-known authority in shipping matters in Hongkong expressed the opinion that the crux of the whole problem was the maintenance of proper discipline on board the ships.

"I know it is a very difficult question," he said, "because the majority of the captains are old or worn out and they persist in carrying on in the old-fashioned way. The obvious solution is to improve the pay and general conditions and to replace these captains with younger and more efficient officers. But even so, what could we do with these men of the past generation? They have spent their lives in the service and, if they were dismissed from their present jobs it would be impossible for them to earn a living."

"However, in my view that is an aspect of the matter which ought not to concern us at the moment. The fact has been established that the pirates get to know those ships where discipline is lax and they are the ships which are singled out for attack."

"We perhaps ought not to blame the officers or guards, as matters now stand for the conditions under which some of the ships operate are lamentable. Strict enforcement of the regulation will have some effect, but the position will never become entirely satisfactory until the service has been strongly re-organised."

"Something should be done in the way of providing a home for the 'old timers,' and they should be prevented from taking charge of a ship when it can be shown that they have outlived their period of usefulness. While they are always available and ready to step into any vacancy that occurs, no matter what the terms of employment may be, there will be no real improvement in the conditions of the China Coast and River Service. And until such improvements are effected we shall never get a sufficient supply of young, capable officers who may be trusted implicitly in any emergency."

RIVER BOAT CONDITIONS.

APPEAL TO THE GOVERNOR.

Sea Jay writes:—

The Piracy Report in your paper is too long, and too out-of-date to deal with as a whole, but there is one matter, in Para. 20, which with your permission, I should like to go into in detail, viz. the crux of the whole matter, viz. the maintenance of a proper state of discipline on ships plying in the Danger Zone."

So far, then, the Governor's statement seems only to be emphasising that which is merely a distinction without a difference, and that is, I believe, actually the position. It is only if we assume that the statement is meant to emphasize the difference between the well-run European owned ship and the badly run Chinese-owned ship that there is any handle at all for the Commissioners to catch hold of. This they promptly do in the next Para. where they coolly put the onus of improving conditions in the Chinese-owned ships on to "the Guilds concerned."

We may at once acquit the Commissioners of any misplaced, or arduous sense of humour, and acknowledge that it is only ignorance of local conditions, and the Chinese owner, which leads to such a fantastic, not to say fatuous suggestion.

We can sum up now by admitting that the Governor's statement that the N.I.O.'s remarks "do not apply to the well-run European controlled ships" is perfectly correct as far as it goes.

But it loses most of its point when we realise that the number of vessels controlled by the Steamboat Company is a mere half dozen, while those under Chinese ownership are at least 24.

Not only does the statement lose most of its point, but, when made to a body of men who are entirely innocent of any practical knowledge of local conditions, it is misleading.

It is, I think, a matter of fairly common knowledge amongst the masters and officers who have dealings at the Harbour office here, that the officials with whom they come into contact, have a very clear idea of the difficulties with which such masters have to contend in their dealings with the great majority of Chinese owners.

Furthermore, unless my information is entirely wrong, the same officials have done their best to sweep away, or mitigate, the more glaring of the abuses which cause these difficulties. Yet in spite of the long-extended efforts of the men who know the conditions through daily contact with masters of the local vessels, practically nothing has ever been done. The abuses still exist, and, if anything, are increasing, as the owners begin to realise the powerlessness of those in office, with whom they come into contact.

If it should happen that the reason why nothing has been done to improve conditions for the seafaring man in Hongkong, or to make it impossible for "Chinese owners to carry British officers" merely in order to comply with the conditions requisite to obtain registration in Hongkong, and, incidentally, the protection of the British flag and Navy, is that there is a block in the pipe that leads from the Harbour Office to the Fountain Head, then it would be a very gracious act if the Governor would make it a point in the short while still remaining to him here, to look into the matter in direct consultation with those of his officials who have special knowledge of shipping in Hongkong. If this could be done, it is a foregone conclusion that the Governor, with his power of seeing many aspects of a question, would very soon be convinced of the weaknesses in the present Shipping Act, which are acting as a hindrance to any improvement in conditions of shipping on the China Coast from the point of view of the personnel.

(Continued on next Column.)

Thirty years

STATE EXPRESS Cigarettes have always been regarded as the unsurpassable best—a record which is substantiated by many smokers who have enjoyed State Express 555 since their inception over 30 years ago.

555

STATE EXPRESS VIRGINIA CIGARETTES

Made by hand—one at a time. Free from stalk, sand and dust.

Sole Manufacturers: ARDATH TOBACCO COMPANY LIMITED LONDON

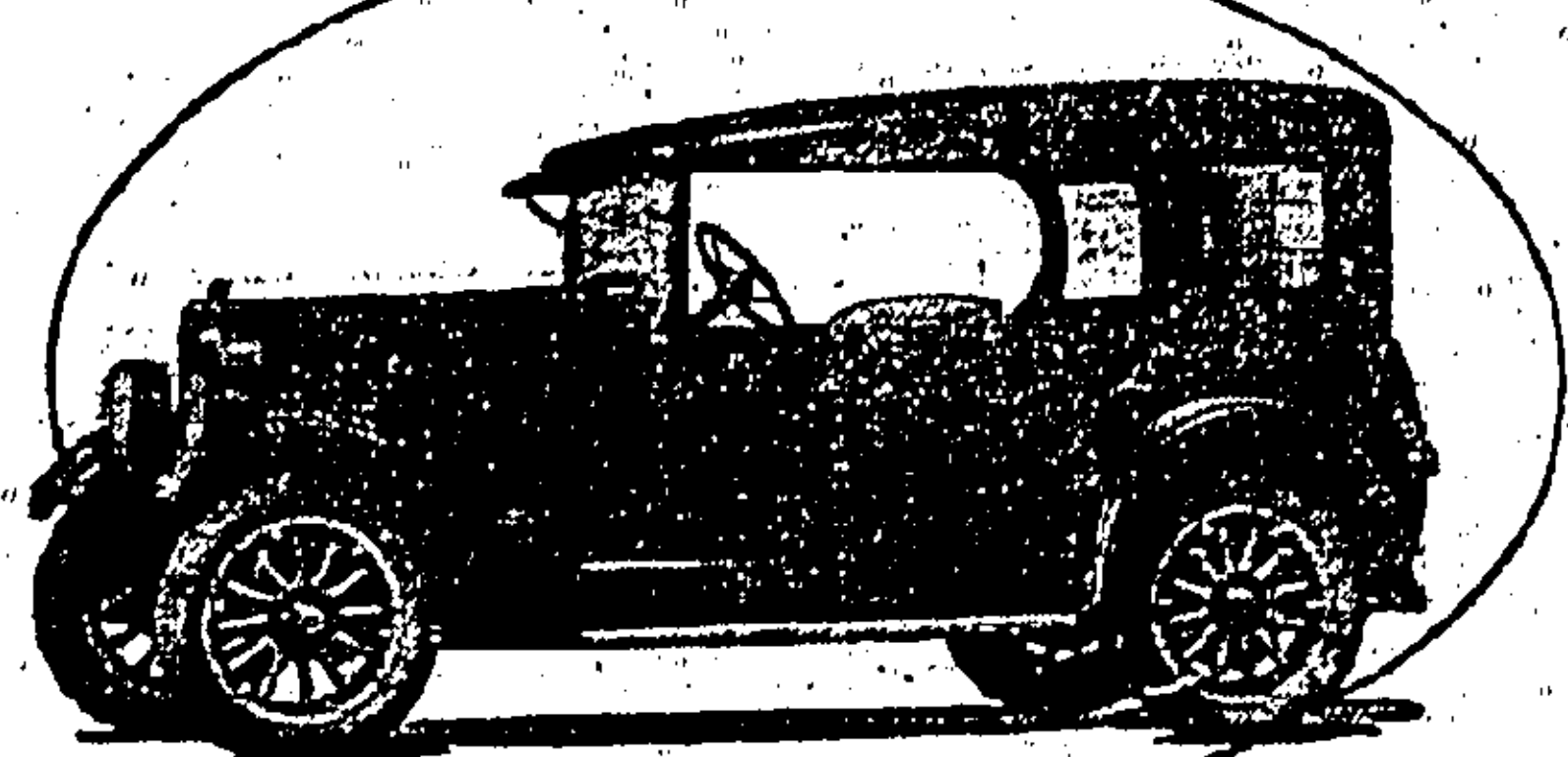


HONGKONG HOTEL GARAGE

THE NEW STUDEBAKER

1925

1925

HYDRAULIC FOUR-WHEEL BRAKES
GENUINE BALLOON TYRESDON'T FAIL TO SEE THEM.
DON'T BUY BEFORE YOU SEE THEM.

THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI HOTELS, LTD. (42)

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

AMERICAN AND ORIENTAL LINE.

FROM NEW YORK.

THE Motor Vessel "CLYDEBANK" having arrived, Consignees of Cargo by her are informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., whence delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after 20th May, 1925, will be subject to Bent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before 27th May, 1925, or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on Wednesday, the 20th May, 1925, at 10 a.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by THE BANK LINE, LTD., General Agents.

Hongkong, 14th May, 1925. [2208]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

CONSIGNEES per Company's Steamer "OYOLOPS"

are hereby notified that the Cargo will be discharged into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., where it will be at Consignees' risk and subject to Terms and Conditions of Storage at the Wharf.

The Cargo will be ready for Delivery from Godown on and after 13th May.

Optional Cargo will be landed, unless Notice has been given prior to Steamer's arrival.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays and Fridays between the hours of 10.45 a.m. and Noon, within the free storage period.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 19th May, will be subject to Bent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 2nd June, or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

Hongkong, 12th May, 1925. [2202]

CUTICURA



Promotes Skin Purity And Beauty

Daily use of the Soap keeps the skin fresh, smooth and clear, while the touch of the Ointment now and then prevents little skin troubles becoming serious. They are ideal for the toilet, as is also Cuticura Talcum for powdering and perfuming.

Sole Distributors: The Hongkong and Shanghai Hotels, Ltd., 42, Queen's Road, Hongkong.

No More Indigestion After Eating.

That distressing, disagreeable, and frequently painful condition known as indigestion, from which so many people suffer after eating, can be prevented, or relieved in five minutes, by taking two or three Bismarck Magnesia tablets immediately after eating, or whenever pain is felt. It's really wonderful the way these little tablets prevent and relieve all forms of stomach trouble and weakness due to or accompanied by acidity or food fermentation. If you have acid stomach weakness, indigestion, loss of power or any other form of internal trouble, go to the nearest chemist for a package of Bismarck Magnesia tablets; take 'as directed'; and you'll be amazed and delighted with the results. Be sure to see the trade-mark word "BISMARCK" on the wrapper when buying.



THE SIGN OF THE GENUINE

See it on every Package

BISMARCK

SOLE AGENTS: THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI HOTELS, LTD., 42, QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG.

PARIS FASHION NOTES.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT, ISABEL RAMSAY.)

PARIS, April 13th, 1925.

LARGE-BRIMMED PICTURE HATS.

It is impossible to think of Spring without associating immediately in the mind the name of Jeanne Lanvin. Lanvin is, one might say, a synonym of Spring. Her ideas are all youth and grace and the light-heartedness that goes with the Springtime of the year. She works in joyous materials and joyous colours and creates lines that have all the care-free spirit of youth about them. Lanvin, too, stands for extreme personality in dress, and she is proving this once more by creating large-brimmed picture hats for wear with her Spring dresses when all the world of women are going about with their shingled heads tucked away into small, brimless shapes that look as though they had transformed the family pudding basin into a hat at the last moment. Lanvin's new hats are large sailor affairs, and they have brims from two to seven or eight inches across. Such models are intended for sports wear and for wear with the street ensembles, but there are others, which have brims that are anything from eight inches to a foot across, that are intended for wear with the more "dressy" frocks. Most of these hats are made of black straw (another personal note of Lanvin's when *lout Paris* is preparing felt headgear for the Spring) and the slightest of ornament is added as trimming—a quill or feather motif, placed aslant on one side, a single flower or a decorative motif.

ORIGINAL NOTE IN SKIRTS.

The skirts are another original note in this house. Most of the sports skirts are all in wide panels and faced with contrasting colours. The same idea is carried out with the afternoon and evening dresses with the difference that instead of panels, the skirts are slashed into long fringes and then lined with a bright colour. The effect, of course, is one of perpetual movement and changing colour and one altogether suited to the bright mood of Spring. Still another note of originality is due to the fact that, whereas most designers are concentrating all the fullness in their skirts to the front and leaving the back perfectly plain, Lanvin is placing hers in equal proportion all round.

QUAINT LOW POCKETS.

The seven eights, length coat is shown more than the straight-back coat so prevalent elsewhere, and a concession to English tailoring is obvious in the cut and general outline. Kashu and tweed are the materials mostly used and, to make it possible to add a note the most dual to each coat or suit, the most original of trimmings have been thought out, that take the form of collar, cuffs and facings. Of these, pheasant, monkey, leather, and leather appliqué are but a few. Pockets set low down on the skirt are another quaint feature of Lanvin's suits. It is not only on her coats and suits that Lanvin is giving form to original ideas in the matter of collars and cuffs, for some of her other dresses show the quaintest possible effects. One is that of a collar set on back-waists, so that the front shows an undisturbed line, and where the two ends meet at the back, there is a pretty bow and long ends to finish them off, for all the world as though the wearer had got into her dress back to front. Lanvin, because she makes for youth and youthfulness, creates the effects she aims at better than streamers and makes unlimited use of them. This season she is using them as much as ever, hanging long ribbons from the neck, the sleeves and the shoulders or dresses till they touch the hem. Another idea of hers is the loose, flowing sleeve.

EMBROIDERY IN DOTS.

The materials for purely Spring frocks Lanvin is working mostly in are the printed chiffons and muslins, the crepe georgettes and similar fabrics that Hodier and Bianchini have showed over the world this season. Some of these show floral designs, others cubist motifs that are a riot of circular contortions, and discreet patternings that are more an echo than a design. They themselves. Lanvin is also resorting to embroidery to a certain extent, mostly embroidery that shows patterns in large and small dots and graduated circles, much of this being used in pyramid forms as trimming.

For the period frocks in which she specialises more perhaps than anyone else, Lanvin is using organdie for the day frocks and mousseline de soie and tulle for the evening ones, and, as usual with these, she is making use of the idea of scallops a great deal. There is a notable prevalence of green among the colours, green in unusual shades of chartreuse, lime (linden), also white and all flesh shades. The only time when Lanvin really follows in line with her other sister and brother designers of Paris is in the matter of evening gowns and wraps for these she is making of gorgeous materials such as crepe georgette, Marquise, and so on with dazzling brilliant effects, amongst which are gold appliqué, embroidery worked in a host of brilliant-coloured silks and small bits of flashing mirrors. Many of her Spring evening wraps, instead of being made of velvet or lamé, are made of fulgurant or satin and, in order to lend them that essential air of brilliance, trimmed with collars of lamé or fur.

VIVID COLOURS FOR YOUTH.

Another designer who always aims at youthful effects in her creations is Lucile. Her Spring collection this year is a perfect riot of youthful effects both in line, in detail and in colour. Above all in colour is Lucile's collection spring-like, for she is using the most vivid colours of the palette and, more than

this, she is taking two contrasting colours and putting them into the same dress or suit. An example of this colour whim of hers is a red ottoman silk evening coat that is embroidered in white, black, and beige, and finished with a deep fringe of gold. It is worn with a black mousseline de soie evening gown, the ensemble effect being carried out by means of embroidery on the bodice worked in white, black and beige to match that on the coat, a fichu which ends by becoming a panel down the back being treated in the same way. Lucile has also obtained some stunning effects in black and white.

As to line, Lucile keeps to the straight silhouette, but introduces so much variety with panels, pleats, tunics, ruffles and flounces that it would be hard to say, when she has finished with a frock, where the straight line begins and where it finishes. Still, so cleverly is all this extra detail added that the slim, impeccable silhouette is conserved and an unlimited amount of movement added as well, so women who will wear Lucile's frocks during the Spring and Summer months to come, will have nothing left to do but call down blessings on her head for having conserved for them the two essentials of life—the straight silhouette and width that allows for a healthy freedom of movement.

As to hats, there is no great change in the shape, the little close-fitting form remaining ever the one which women cling to as to their life itself. But there will be a change in materials employed this season, felt will be worn extensively, also mixtures of silk and straw and all of the transparent straws, such as crinoline and light bagal, and, also, all the oriental straws, such as Bangkok. The lines will be less hard and the past as well as used far more than in the past as trimming. Many of the hats show crowns entirely covered with flowers, others, those with the wide brims (the rare few there are) show an under-brim that is a billowing mass of lace frills. And as with dresses, so with hats, there will be a predominance of youthful effects. The small, close-fitting shape will remain, but it will be seen in youthful, becoming lines and it will be trimmed with ribbon and floral motifs less hard than those which milliners inflicted on us during the Winter months. Beige in the loveliest possible shades of café au lait, cream and deep cream will be the shades chosen for felt hats, and simple felt hats, and these will be trimmed with satin ribbon in a deeper shade twisted up into smart shapes. I was lunched at Giro's last week, and noticed that nearly every woman in that smartest of rendezvous had topped her coat with a simple little hat of this sort. Amongst the many hats in the beige shades I have just mentioned, I noticed quite a number in the new Pervenche blue colour. I found this quite unusual and effective, but thought it would be rather trying to wear except by women with impeccable skin and colouring. Scarves to match the hats were worn almost invariably. Mrs. Nash, the woman who styles herself "the best-dressed woman in Europe," was there lunched with the Marquis de Medici, and she, too, was wearing a turn-out, hat and all, in one of the soft, becoming beige shades. Also in the assembly was the Aga Khan, but I am sure neither the colour nor the shape of his hat would interest my readers, so I shall not go into greater details than to remark that he was certainly the best-dressed man in that congregation, of well-dressed men and exquisite women.

WEATHER REPORT.

May 15th at 17.40.—Pressure has decreased slightly at the majority of stations reporting. Depressions remain over central Japan and Hongkong.

Hongkong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 18 hours, May 15th 0.0 inch. Total since January 1st, 22.02 inches, against an average of 16.24 inches.

The forecast for the 24 hours ending at 18 hours, May 16th is as follows:—

Forecast: District: S. winds, moderate. Formosa Channel: S. and S.W. winds, moderate, squally. Hongkong to Gap Rock: fair to showery.

South coast of China between Hongkong and Lamock: do. South coast of China between Hongkong and Hainan: do.

HONGKONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hongkong Observatory, May 15th.

	Previous Day at 2 p.m.	On 15th at 8 a.m.	On 16th at 2 p.m.
Barometer	29.74	29.70	29.86
Temperature	86	73	85
Humidity	82	91	69
Wind Direction	W	WSW	WSW
Force	2	1	0
Weather	B	0	0
Rain	0.00	0.00	0.00

Highest open-air temperature on 14th ... 86

Lowest open-air temperature on 15th ... 77

HONGKONG TIDE TABLE.

From May 16th to 22nd, 1925.

	High Water	Low Water
Day of Week	Time	Time
Satur.	16 m 6.4	11 m 9.44
Sun.	17 m 6.37	11 m 11.4
Mon.	18 m 7.4	10 m 0.18
Tues.	19 m 7.35	10 m 0.23
Wed.	20 m 7.27	10 m 1.31
Thur.	21 m 8.25	10 m 1.59
Fri.	22 m 8.52	10 m 2.22



Never a moment sick!

"Never a moment sick"—wrote a doctor to us about his son, Hugh—"I would like everybody to know the value of Glaxo and use it."

Give your baby Glaxo—the food the doctors give to their own babies—the food that builds firm flesh, plenty of bone, and a strong constitution. Ask your Doctor!



"Builds Borne Babies"
Write for Free Sample and Descriptive Booklet to
W. R. Loxley & Co.,
SOLE AGENTS.



No other flavor can quite compare with the delicious taste of Welch's Grape Juice. But Welch's is more than a delightful beverage—as a fruit juice it is a genuine health drink as well. It refreshes and invigorates the entire system, helps make pure, rich blood, aids the digestive process and acts as a wonderful tonic for tired nerves. Try Welch's today, either straight or diluted. You will be delighted.

THE WELCH GRAPE JUICE CO.

Windsor, N. Y., U.S.A.

Welch's

Grape Juice

Wholesale Representatives:

MULLER & PHIPPS

(China) Ltd.

2 Canton Road, P. O. Box 650, Shanghai

LONDON SELLING AGENTS

TEA, INDIGO, Sold on commission in British and Continental Markets. Samples valued for consignments in- dicated.

Wholesale Representatives: MULLER & PHIPPS (China) Ltd. 2 Canton Road, P. O. Box 650, Shanghai.

KEYMER, SON & CO., (Import Dept.) Whitefriars, London. Telegrams: "Keymer, London." Est. 1844.

CINEMA NOTES.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.

"The Fatal Hour," a Metro drama of intrigue and adventure, will be the feature at the Queen's Theatre for three days beginning to-day. It is based on the British stage success, "The Marriages of Mayfair," by Mr. Cecil Raleigh. The all-star cast includes Thomas W. Ross, Wilfred Lytell, Frank Currier, Gladys Coburn and others.

WORLD THEATRE.

"The Eleventh Hour," Bernard Durning's production of Lincoln J. Carter's exciting melodrama, in which Shirley Mason and Charles Jones are seen together, comes to the World Theatre for four days' run commencing to-morrow. In one of the daring scenes, Charles Jones swings head foremost from a ladder suspended from a flying hydroplane and catches Shirley Mason up in his arms from a motor boat as he speeds by her.

ANNOUNCING

A Weekly Passenger and Freight Service
FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO THE ORIENT

AND A

Fortnightly Passenger and Freight Service
FROM THE ORIENT TO SAN FRANCISCO
VIA HONOLULU

First Sailing from SAN FRANCISCO

S.S. PRESIDENT LINCOLN ... May 16th.

To SAN FRANCISCO from HONGKONG

S.S. PRESIDENT LINCOLN ... June 20th.

This Service is Inaugurated

BY OUR NEWLY ACQUIRED PRESIDENT LINERS:

President WILSON President LINCOLN

President CLEVELAND

President PIERCE President TAFT

SERVICE. SPEED. COMFORT.

For Information and Bookings, apply to—

DOLLAR
STEAMSHIP LINE,HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANK BUILDING, GROUND FLOOR,
No. 4, DES VEAUX ROAD.

Telephone: Central 2477, 2478 and 795.

Mable Address: "DOLLAR."

FIFTY YEARS HENCE.

SURPRISES SCIENCE HAS IN
STORE.

SEEING BY TELEPHONE.

"What will the world be like fifty years hence?" Mr. H. Gernsback, the Editor of *Science and Invention*, presents a remarkable picture in the following article:—

The remarkable thing about the scientific prophet is that, as a rule, his wildest flights of imagination have proved absolutely inadequate.

When Jules Verne wrote his prophetic books he was ridiculed. He "invented" the submarine, almost down to the last nut and bolt. He even had it propelled electrically. But when his story first appeared, it was held that the device was impossible. Twenty years later his prophecy had been fulfilled.

When we look back fifty years, it is amazing to note the tremendous progress made by electricity. Fifty years ago there were no telephones, no electric light, no moving pictures, no electric trains or trolleys. Wireless telegraphy fifty years ago would have been regarded as preposterous. The suggestion to send a picture from New York to London through the air without wires would have called forth a storm of ridicule.

SOLVING THE TRAFFIC PROBLEM.

How will the world look to us fifty years hence?

In most cities transportation has become almost intolerable. It seems that it will be necessary to have streets arranged in such a way that the various kinds of traffic can be taken care of in a more adequate manner than is possible to-day. Every city will probably have a so-called belt line, the top level of which will be for light passenger vehicles, motor-cars, and so on.

There is no doubt that all of these will be propelled electrically. A wire will give power by radio, not only to motor-cars, buses and so on, but will serve to propel pedestrians as well. Each pedestrian will roll on electric skates. An insulated wire running from the skate to the head or shoulder of the skater will be sufficient to take the power from the radio line, and we shall be propelled electrically at a pace at least four or five times as fast as we walk to-day.

Underneath the first level we shall have the electric railway. This, however, will attain much greater speed than we know to-day, due to the different manner of construction, as well as to better track and other vital elements of construction. Below the railway we shall probably have continuous moving platforms. There will be three such platforms alongside of each other. The first will move at only a few miles an hour, the second at eight or ten miles an hour, and the third at twelve or fifteen miles an hour.

GROWING CROPS BY WIRELESS.

Fifty years hence our scientists will have solved the problem of controlling the weather, at least so far as our cities are concerned. Huge high-frequency electric current structures placed on top of our largest buildings will either dispel threatening rain, or, if necessary, produce rain.

The question is often asked, "What effect do wireless stations have on living beings and on plants?" At the present time, there is practically no effect, for the simple reason that the stations send out a very small amount of power.

Fifty years from now, with super-radio stations generating millions or billions of kilowatts, the situation will probably change. By that time the high-frequency currents will have become sufficiently powerful to have a vitalizing effect on every human being. Our crops and plants will grow from two to ten times as quickly and the crops will be more productive.

HOUSES LIKE THERMOS FLASKS.

Certain experience upon insects and small animals have also shown an increasing growth tendency under such electrification. If constant electrification increases the growth of plants ten-fold, it is not impossible that the effects on animal life and upon human beings may be analogous. Under constant electrification it may be possible, a hundred years from now, that a child of six will be mentally and physically equal to the youth of eighteen to-day.

The future city will receive its power by radio from distant water-falls, or from sunlight power plants. Tremendous quantities of energy are going to waste to-day, all of which could be collected and sent to our large cities by wireless. Sunlight power plants will be sufficient to take care of the power for office buildings and small manufacturing shops.

The tops of our tallest buildings will be flat and glass-covered. They will have platforms on which all kinds of aeroplanes, or even the trans-Atlantic planes of the future, will land.

SEEING BY TELEPHONE.

In the winter all of our buildings will be warm, and in the summer they will be cool. The future buildings and houses will be built on the principle of a Thermos flask. Each wall will be double, and the space between the walls will be filled with cork or some other poor heat conductor.

Fifty years hence we shall not use electric bulbs which waste over 98 per cent. of the energy put into them. We shall have cold light, and we shall utilize nearly all the energy, instead of throwing most of it away in wasteful heat.

Films by wireless? Why not? You will be able to have a moving picture produced in some central plant and projected in your home, the pictures being sent by radio and received and projected upon your screen.

Fifty years hence we shall surely have the "telephot," whereby we shall be enabled to see each other over the telephone, instead of being satisfied with the voice, as we are to-day.

PARIS STUDENTS' RIOTS.

PARTY CAPITAL SAID TO BE
TO BLAME.

The Paris correspondent of the *Times*, in a communication to his paper on April 1st stated:—

The demonstrations of the Royalist students at the Sorbonne and the suspension of the Dean of the Faculty of Law, which followed them, have been inflamed by the Opposition parties into a big political issue. The debate on M. Ybarnegaray's interpellation on the subject, which led to a regrettable scene in the Chamber yesterday evening, was continued in a night sitting, and it was after three in the morning before a resolution was passed deploring the intrusion of politics into university affairs and expressing confidence in the Government.

It must strike any ordinary person as ridiculous that, at a moment when France is faced with so many grave problems, Parliament should have to waste six hours of its time on a subject of such trivial importance. It cannot increase the general respect for French politics.

The blame for giving the whole incident wrong proportions rests with the extremists of the Opposition, who seem determined to use any triviality as a pretext for working up feeling against the Government. Out of the Sorbonne incident they have extracted three separate lines of attack. They accuse the Minister of Public Instruction of political favoritism for appointing M. Georges Scelle, a personal friend of his, to a post at the University. They next accuse the police of brutality towards the student demonstrators—the Government, of course, is again to blame. Finally they hold up the suspension of M. Berthelémy, Dean of the Faculty of Law, for not keeping his pupils in order, as an unwarranted excess of disciplinary authority.

M. Scelle's appointment may have been a mistake and the Government may have gone too far in suspending M. Berthelémy, but it is folly to make this the starting point for a new campaign of political agitation and a new cause of unnecessary division in the State. In suspending M. Berthelémy the Government certainly seems to have committed a tactical error, since it has made him the object of demonstrations of sympathy which are capable of being exploited against the Government. The Professors of the Faculty of Law have sent him a letter of sympathy, and the General Association of Paris Students has called a two-days' strike of the students of all faculties and has invited the students of all the other universities in France to follow their example.

A crowd of over 1,000 students assembled this afternoon in front of the house of M. Berthelémy in the Rue Jean Bart. A small deputation entered and presented him with the students' address, signatures to which have been collected during the last few days. Afterwards the students walked back quietly, without forming a regular procession, to the Faculty of Law, where an announcement on strike procedure was made to them.

At present the students are taking themselves seriously, perhaps a little too seriously for the Quartier Latin. There was no cheering this afternoon, and word has been passed that no cries of political character should be raised. The proposed "monome," the classical form of students' demonstration, in which those taking part march in Indian file, each with his hand on the shoulder of the one in front, was abandoned owing to the fear that it might provoke disorder. One would have preferred to have seen a little more irresponsible gaiety and less trade union solemnity. Posters and handbills, which are plentiful, are drafted on the approved model of strike appeals even down to the use of the word "comrades."

INDO-CHINA

STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED

SAILINGS	SUBJECT TO ALTERATION	
SHANGHAI via SWATOW	"YUSANG"	Sunday, 17th May, 10 a.m.
HALF HONG via HOIHOW	"MINGSANG"	Sunday, 17th May, 8 a.m.
SHANGHAI via SWATOW	"WOSANG"	Tuesday, 19th May, 10 a.m.
HONGKONG via SWATOW	"CHAKSANG"	Tuesday, 19th May, Noon.
TSINGTAU via SWATOW		
SANDAKAN	"YATSHING"	Wednesday, 20th May, 10 a.m.
TIEN TAI	"KINGSANG"	Wednesday, 20th May, 8 a.m.
KOBE via AMOI & MOJI	"CHIPSING"	Thursday, 21st May, 7 a.m.
SHANGHAI via SWATOW	"NAMSANG"	Friday, 22nd May, 7 a.m.
STRAITS & CALCUTTA	"LOBSANG"	Friday, 22nd May, 8 p.m.
MANILA	"LAISANG"	Friday, 22nd May, 8 p.m.
SHANGHAI via SWATOW	"LEESANG"	Saturday, 23rd May, 10 a.m.
HONGKONG via SWATOW	"TINGSANG"	Sunday, 24th May, 10 a.m.
TIEN TAI	"HOSANG"	Tuesday, 26th May, Noon.
STRAITS & CALCUTTA	"CHONGSHING"	Sunday, 31st May, Noon.
	"KUNTSANG"	Thursday, 4th June, 3 p.m.

REGULAR SAILINGS ARE MAINTAINED AS FOLLOWS—

CALCUTTA—HONGKONG—JAPAN LINE	EVERY TEN DAYS
SHANGHAI—HONGKONG LINE	EVERY THREE DAYS
HONGKONG—MANILA LINE	EVERY SATURDAY From Box Pans
HONGKONG—HAIPHONG LINE	EVERY SUNDAY From Box Pans
HONGKONG—BORNBO LINE	EVERY SUNDAY From Box Pans
HONGKONG—TIEN TAI LINE	EVERY FORTNIGHT
HONGKONG—HANGKOK LINE	EVERY WEEK

For Freight or Passage, apply to—

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
GENERAL MANAGERS

Telephone Central No. 215.

GLEN AND SHIRE

JOINT SERVICE OF STEAMERS

U.K.—STRAITS, CHINA & JAPAN SERVICE

OUTWARDS.	HOMEWARDS.
Vessel	Due Hongkong
"GLENHRO"	28th May
"GLENARA"	14th June
"GLENHRO"	28th June
"GLENHRO"	9th July
Vessel	Leaves Hongkong
"GLENHRO"	30th May
"GLENARA"	11th June
"GLENHRO"	20th June
"GLENHRO"	30th June

Movements are subject to change without notice.

For Freight or Passage, please apply to—

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.,
THE GLEN LINE, LTD., AGENTS.

Telephone Central No. 215 sub-ex. 22, and Central 316.

ASAHI BEER

SPECIALLY BREWED FOR EXPORT

DAI NIPPON BREWERY CO.

LIMITED

TOKYO JAPAN.

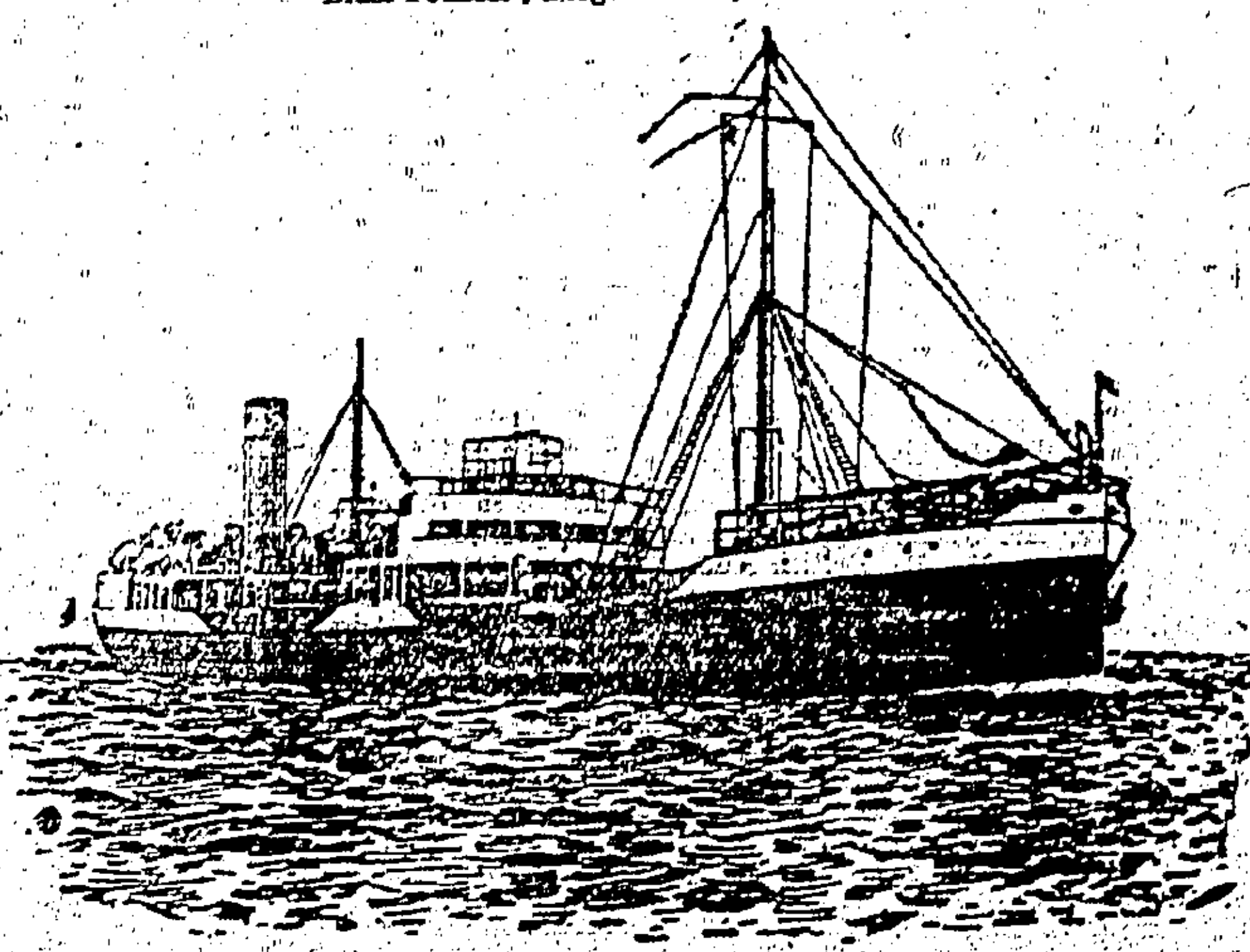
SOLE AGENTS

MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA, LTD.

HONGKONG.

THE HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LTD.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "MANIFESTO" HONGKONG.

Codes Used: A1, A.B.C. Fifth Edition; Engineering: First and Second Edition
Western Union and Watkins, Benson's, Marconi.Dock Owners, Ship Builders, Marine and Land Engineers, Boiler Makers, Iron and
Brass Founders, Forge Masters, Electricians.

OIL TANK STEAMER "PALUDINA"

427' 0" x 53' 1" x 31' 0", 8,400 tons d.w. x 3,100 H.P.

Built by THE HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LTD., at KOWLOON DOCK to the order
of THE ANGLO-SAXON PETROLEUM CO., LTD., being one of four similar vessels built in 1924 for W.M.R.K.S.
to the same order.

Please address enquiries to the Chief Manager.

R. M. DYER, B.Sc., M.I.N.A., Kowloon Dock Hongkong.

The Pen for all Climates

The Self-filling "Swan" has a safety screw cap and a "Ladder" feed. When the cap is screwed down, ink cannot evaporate and the "Ladder" feed always ensures a sufficient supply for immediate use.



'SWAN' Self-Filling PEN

— Catalogue post free —
MADE, TEND & CO., LTD., Swan House, 131 & 133, Oxford St., London, W.1, and
at Manchester, Paris, Brussels, Zurich, Johannesburg, Barcelona, Sydney,
Wellington, Cape Town, and Rotterdam.

CAMMELL LAIRD & Co., Ltd.

Controlling THE LEEDS FORGE CO., NEWLAY WHEEL CO., &c.

Birkenhead, Sheffield, Nottingham, Birmingham,
Leeds, Penistone and London.

RAILWAY PASSENGER COACHES

FREIGHT & COAL CARS

STEAM DRIVEN RAIL COACHES

"NEWLAY" SOLID ROLLED STEEL RAILWAY WHEELS.

13, PEKING ROAD, SHANGHAI.

WITHOUT PURE BLOOD HEALTH IS IMPOSSIBLE.
VETARZO BLOOD
MEDICINE

Never before was there anything like it, nor are its marvellous properties likely ever to be equalled in diseases arising from impure blood. It searches out and expels from the vital current every lurking trace of poisonous matter, curing blood and skin diseases, scrofulous and glandular swellings, bad legs, abscesses, ulcers, eczema, gout, rheumatism, gonorrhoea or Derrysure Neck, etc. It improves the general health and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

LIVE WITHOUT HEALTH IS LIVING DEATH.
VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

For Nervous Breakdown and Chronic Weakness,
VETARZO REGULATORS. Safe and Reliable.
The VETARZO REMEDIES CO., Gospel Oak
W.H.A., London, Eng. Unprincipled Dealers may try to sell you something else or
active fraud—do not accept it. Insist on having VETARZO. The genuine has words
"VETARZO REMEDIES" on Government Stamp. Sold by Leading Chemists.

PODOS
VETARZO
BLOOD
MEDICINE
VETARZO
BRAIN AND NERVE
FOOD
VETARZO
REGULATORS
VETARZO
REMEDIES CO.
Gospel Oak
W.H.A., London,
England

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

May 14th.
Apsey, British str., 1,770 tons, Capt. W. Anderson, from Saigon, with a general cargo and rice, lying at buoy No. 44—Wo Fat Shing.
Naturella, British str., 3,000 tons, Capt. O. B. Wilks, from Hongkong, with a general cargo, lying at Stonecutters.—Wa On S.S. Co.
Bahama, Norwegian str., 841 tons, Capt. A. Haaland, from Saigon, with a cargo of rice, lying at buoy No. 41a.—K. Larsen & Co.
 May 15th.
Dakot, Norwegian str., 701 tons, Capt. Solum, from Bangkok, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. 41a.—Thorsen & Co.
Hoi Nam, Portuguese str., 484 tons, Capt. J. A. de Lemos, from Kwang Chow Wan, with a general cargo, lying at Naikong wharf.—Kwang O S.S. Co.
Kasumi, British str., from Canton, lying at buoy No. 42b.
Kawing, Chinese str., 1,468 tons, Capt. G. L. Crawford, from Shanghai, with a general cargo, lying at C.M.S.N. wharf.—C.M.S.N. Co.
Kyokuto Maru, Japanese str., 2,711 tons, Capt. K. Hikiuchi, from Chinwangtao, with a cargo of coal, lying at Lanchow wharf.—Dodwell & Co.
Norfolk, British str., 6,921 tons, Capt. J. N. Williamson, from Liverpool, via Straits, with a general cargo, lying at Holt's wharf.—B. & S.
Nicola, British str., 4,171 tons, Capt. R. Harrison, from Singapore, with a general cargo, lying at Kowloon wharf.—MacKenzie & Co.
Tjinnock, Dutch str., 3,510 tons, Capt. D. Pals, from Batavia and Balikpapan, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. 41a.—J.C.J.L.
West of River, American str., 3,343 tons, Capt. R. Wilson, from Shanghai, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. 45b.
Yingchow, British str., from Canton, lying at buoy No. 47.
Yu Sang, British str., from Canton, lying at buoy No. 48b.

CLEARANCES.

May 15th.
Ajao, for Manila.
Chipping, for Canton.
Hui Ning, for Swatow.
Halvard, for Saigon.
Hengta, for Chetoo.
Kangyue, for Amoy.
Katung, for Canton.
Katung, for Takao.
Katung, for Shanghai.
Taiwan, for Kwang Chow Wan.
Takung, for Singapore.
Takung, for Shanghai.
Takung, for Macassar.
Takung, for Haiphong.
Takung, for Shimoda.
Takung, for Canton.
Takung, for Shanghai.

PASSENGERS.

ARRIVALS.
 Per s.s. *Sarpedon*, on May 15th:—Mr. Baker, Mr. F. A. Cordeiro, Mr. S. Hart, Mr. G. O'Connor, Miss C. A. Porterfield, Mrs. Robinson and two children.
 Per s.s. *Nicola*, on May 15th:—Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Markley, Mr. P. C. Mahanwalla, Mr. A. N. Mahanwalla, Mr. G. K. Choksi, Mr. H. So. Mr. Y. S. A. Eadar, Mr. and Mrs. Portugal, Mr. B. C. Venishanker, Mr. C. B. Spofford, Mrs. C. Evans, Mr. Yen-Hao Ching, Mr. Kao Tsung Foo, Mr. T. Bulchard, Mr. A. L. Loya, Mr. Ohtori, Mr. T. Ikeda, Mr. S. Tode, Mr. and Mrs. M. Nakao and infant.
 DEPARTURES.
 Per s.s. *Empress of Canada*, on May 15th:—Mr. R. G. Andropoulos, Mr. W. F. Barlow, Mr. H. B. Burin, Mr. J. D. Bruce, Mr. E. M. Chapman, Mrs. T. O. Collins, Miss B. Comper, Mr. Chan Tit Sang, Mr. Chong Shou San, Mr. H. A. Chisholm, Mr. F. M. Crawford, Mrs. Chan Bing Hin, Misses C. and W. Chun, Mr. Chan Wai Ting, Mr. Chan Wai Hung, Mr. and Mrs. K. C. Chua and family, Mr. F. A. Cook, Mr. M. Cook, Mr. Chai Fook Chan, Mr. and Mrs. A. Cameron, Mr. Chu Poo Poy, Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Conkey, Mr. and Mrs. Chu Cheung Wing, Mr. T. Denzler, Mr. A. Dodd, Mr. H. Dawson, Mr. W. E. Davies, Mrs. D. E. Eady, Mr. Z. S. E. Davies, Mr. G. D. Forsythe, Mr. Fung Kan Hing, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. France, Mr. Fung Tuan Lung, Mr. W. Gallipian, Mrs. H. L. Greenough, Mrs. N. Gunther, Mr. H. C. Gould, Mr. G. Grimble, Miss Gutierrez, Mr. A. H. Gordon, Mr. C. S. Gubbay, Mrs. C. S. Haas, Mrs. R. S. Hotchkiss, Mrs. V. E. Hart, Mr. F. A. Henslow, Mr. A. H. Hamilton, Miss M. L. Hamilton, Mr. R. Hamilton, Miss Ho Sung Shan, Mr. and N. Hall, Mr. H. Hall, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Mrs. E. M. Ho, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Jones, Mr. G. P. Iauken, Mr. M. H. Jones, Mr. L. P. Kent, Miss V. Kwok, Mr. Kwok Sin Lan, Mr. H. Kinsey, Mr. R. Kinsey, Mr. Kwan Yau San, Mr. K. Wai Chiu, Mr. W. W. Lowry, Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Lee, Mr. G. E. Luchangeo, Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Lacy and family, Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Lamb, Capt. and Mrs. F. E. Lane, Rev. J. J. Lee, Mr. T. L. Leutink, Mr. Li Yea Tsun, Mr. T. Leung Shui Yeh, Miss J. B. Liang, Mr. P. Liang, Mr. and Mrs. A. O. Loffa, Mr. J. W. Lacey, Mr. H. H. Lilley, Mr. Lo Wei Shuang, Mr. E. W. Little, Mr. and Mrs. Low King Wah, Mr. Li Yiu Nam, Mr. Leung Chun Ting, Mr. S. C. Law, Mr. A. K. McDougall, Mr. S. Morton, Mrs. J. H. Madden, Miss J. McCormick, Mr. and Mrs. A. MacKenzie, Mr. W. M. McLeod, Mr. J. H. Moltzer, Mrs. F. R. Marsh, Mr. and

VESSELS ADVERTISED AS LOADING

DESTINATION	VESSEL'S NAME	FLAG	FOR FREIGHT APPLY TO	TO BE DESPATCHED
NEW YORK & BOSTON via PANAMA	Takoska Maru	Jap.	Nippon Yusen Kaisha	On 6th June
NEW YORK & BOSTON via SUEZ	Moorish Prince	Brit.	Princo Line	On 1st June
NEW YORK & BOSTON via SUEZ	Agreement Castle	Brit.	Dodwell & Co. Ltd.	On 25th June
BALTIMORE & BOSTON via SUEZ	Sumira	Brit.	The Bank Line, Ltd.	On 19th inst.
BALTIMORE & BOSTON via SUEZ	Diomed	Brit.	Guthrie & Co.	About 25th inst.
BOSTON, NEW YORK & BALTIMORE via SUEZ	Kaness	Brit.	Butterfield & Swire	On 7th June
BOSTON, NEW YORK & BALTIMORE via SUEZ	President Pierce	Am.	The Bank Line, Limited	On 19th inst.
SAN FRANCISCO via SUEZ & JAP. PORTS & PANAMA	Empress Canada	Brit.	Pacific Mail S.S. Co.	On 9th inst.
VICTORIA, VANCOUVER & SEATTLE	Kaga Maru	Brit.	Canadian Pacific O. S. Ltd.	On 1st June, 11 a.m.
VICTORIA, VANCOUVER & SEATTLE	Tyndareus	Am.	Butterfield & Swire	On 11th June
SEATTLE & VICTORIA via SUEZ, KORE & YOKOHAMA	Presid. Grant	Brit.	Admiral Oriental Line	On 21st inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Morea	Brit.	P. & O. B. I. & A. L.	On 15th July
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Anker	Brit.	Messageries Maritimes	On 21st inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Amboise	Brit.	Messageries Maritimes	On 7th June
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Chantilly	Brit.	Messageries Maritimes	On 21st inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Shannon Maru	Jap.	Nippon Yusen Kaisha	On 21st inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Sutton Hall	Brit.	The Bank Line, Ltd.	On 18th inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Elbert	Brit.	Butterfield & Swire	On 18th inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Calchas	Brit.	Butterfield & Swire	On 18th inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Glenapp	Brit.	Jardine, Matheson & Co. Ltd.	On 20th inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Cothbert	Brit.	Jardine, Matheson & Co. Ltd.	On 20th inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Rangeon Maru	Jap.	Nippon Yusen Kaisha	On 18th inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Leisang	Brit.	Jardine, Matheson & Co. Ltd.	On 18th inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Taira	Brit.	P. & O. B. I. & A. L.	On 22nd inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Jeyapore	Brit.	P. & O. B. I. & A. L.	On 22nd inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Sardinia	Brit.	P. & O. B. I. & A. L.	On 22nd inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Van Overstraten	Brit.	P. & O. B. I. & A. L.	On 22nd inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Nanning	Brit.	Butterfield & Swire	On 22nd inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Wosang	Brit.	Jardine, Matheson & Co. Ltd.	On 22nd inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Mishima Maru	Jap.	Nippon Yusen Kaisha	On 22nd inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Tanda	Brit.	P. & O. B. I. & A. L.	On 22nd inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Changsha	Brit.	Butterfield & Swire	On 22nd inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Toyohashi Maru	Jap.	Nippon Yusen Kaisha	On 22nd inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Sidling	Brit.	Jardine, Matheson & Co. Ltd.	On 22nd inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	St. Albans	Brit.	P. & O. B. I. & A. L.	On 22nd inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Delta	Brit.	P. & O. B. I. & A. L.	On 22nd inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Venezia	Brit.	Dodwell & Co. Ltd.	On 22nd inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Tjinalak	Brit.	Jardine, Matheson & Co. Ltd.	On 22nd inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Ararua	Brit.	P. & O. B. I. & A. L.	On 22nd inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Malwa	Brit.	P. & O. B. I. & A. L.	On 22nd inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Chipping	Brit.	Jardine, Matheson & Co. Ltd.	On 22nd inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Tjinnock	Brit.	Jardine, Matheson & Co. Ltd.	On 22nd inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Mingang	Brit.	Butterfield & Swire	On 22nd inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Kwangchow	Brit.	Butterfield & Swire	On 22nd inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Kwaiyang	Brit.	Douglas, Laing & Co.	On 22nd inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Hainan	Brit.	Pacific Mail S.S. Co.	On 22nd inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Empress Kaiser	Brit.	Canadian Pacific O. S. Ltd.	On 22nd inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Loosan	Brit.	Jardine, Matheson & Co. Ltd.	On 22nd inst.
MARSEILLES & LONDON	Presid. Madison	Am.	Admiral Oriental Line	On 22nd inst.

Mrs. A. G. W. Marr, Mr. and Mrs. Mui Po Chi, Mrs. Mah Bart, Mr. and Mrs. Mah Wing Chan, Mr. N. K. Kit Wing, Mr. E. H. O'Farrell, Mr. N. A. O'Malley, Mr. L. Ostrovsky, Miss M. Patterson, Mr. and Mrs. A. Pirie, Mrs. A. J. P. Price, Mr. and Mrs. D. A. P. Price, Mr. C. S. Price, Mrs. C. W. Price, Mr. C. S. Price, Mr. Parkhill, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Price, Mr. J. P. Price, Mr. Pang Shui Ki, Mr. Pun Sin Chi, Mr. H. W. Page, Mrs. Sarah A. de Rubio, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Rouse, Mr. H. Rugg, Mr. A. H. Rowe, Mr. R. Roden, Mr. H. H. Sherrard and two daughters, Mr. and Mrs. T. Summer, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Stevenson, Miss E. Stevenson, Miss J. W. Shields, Mrs. H. Snodgrass, Mr. J. N. Siper, Mr. C. Shank, Mrs. T. P. Seates, Miss G. True, Mr. O. T. Terrell, Mr. and Mrs. O. K. Tang, Mrs. C. N. Tang, Mr. A. E. Tondora, Mr. H. M. White, Mrs. Fitz Roy Williams, Mr. O. Wallisch, Miss G. Wend, Mr. Wei Cheuk Hing, Mr. Wong King Fu, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Xavier and family, Mrs. L. M. Young, and Mr. and Mrs. Yau Nai Nin.

SHIPPING MOVEMENTS.

The R.M.S. *Empress of Russia* arrived at Nagasaki on May 15th at 6.30 a.m., left on the same day at 5 p.m., and is due at Shanghai on May 17th at 7.30 a.m. She will leave Shanghai on May 18th at 5.20 a.m.
 The Blue Funnel liner *Argonaut*, left Port Said on May 14th for London, Amsterdam and Liverpool.
 The Blue Funnel liner *Tenace* left Port Said on May 15th for Marseilles, Liverpool and Glasgow.
 The Blue Funnel liner *Tydeus* left Port Said on May 15th for Boston and New York.

SHIPPING NOTES.

The following notice to mariners appears in the Harbour Office:—"Shipping is warned that searchlights will be exercised at Lyemtin from 7.15 p.m. to 8.30 p.m. on Thursday, May 28th."
 Another notice to mariners in the Harbour Office reads:—"Gulf of Siam.—Derelict dangerous to navigation, Position: Latitude 8° 48' N.; Longitude 105° 05' E. (approximately). Details.—Wireless report has been received from the s.s. *Glenway* that a 0.9 metre high obelisk, which may be the mast of a submerged derelict has been observed in the above mentioned position. Chart—British Adm. Chart No. 2414. Authority.—s.s. *Glenway*, Bangkok, April 28th by order of the Ministry of Marine, Admiral F. Thomson, R.N., Director-General of the Hydrographic Department."

Mails arriving in the Colony on Thursday and yesterday were brought in as under:—From Hongkong: s.s. *Naturella* (3 bags); Liverpool and Singapore: s.s. *Naturella* (20 bags); Hamburg and Misi: s.s. *Foghtland* (5 bags).

The majority of the vessels entering port on Thursday and yesterday reported that the weather they had encountered during their voyages had been fair and fine, with light winds.

Reports of vessels arriving in the harbour up to 9 a.m. yesterday for the preceding 24 hours showed that five were British, one American, one French, one Dutch, one German, two Norwegian, one Portuguese and two Chinese.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

EMPRESS OF RUSSIA

WILL SAIL FOR
MANILAAt 5.00 p.m., Thursday, May 21st
and Arrive MANILA.

At 8.00 a.m., Saturday, May 23rd.

RETURNING

Leave MANILA

At 4.00 p.m., Sunday, May 24th
and Arrive HONGKONG.

At 8.00 a.m., Tuesday, May 26th.



SAILING SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

VICTORIA, SEATTLE & VANCOUVER via Shanghai, Japan ports
 Through Bills of Lading issued to all Overland common points in U.S.A. and Canada.
 Through passage rates to Europe via America \$2405, \$2420, \$2440, \$2460.
 KAGA MARU ... Monday, 18th June, at 11 a.m.
 IYO MARU ... Friday, 26th June, at 11 a.m.
 MARSEILLES, LONDON & ANTWERP via Singapore Ports
 FUSHIMI MARU ... Friday, 22nd May, at 5 p.m.
 HAKOZAKI MARU ... Saturday, 23rd May, at 5 p.m.
 HAMBURG via LONDON & ROTTERDAM & Ports.
 MATSUO MARU ... Monday, 8th June
 LIVERPOOL via ADEN & MARSEILLES.
 TAJIMA MARU ... Friday, 12th June
 SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports.
 MISHIMA MARU ... Wednesday, 24th May, at 11 a.m.
 TANGO MARU ... Wednesday, 24th May, at 11 a.m.
 NEW YORK and/or BOSTON via PANAMA.
 TAKAKA MARU ... Saturday, 6th June
 BUENOS AIRES via Singapore, Durban & Cape Town.
 BOMBAY via Singapore & Colombo. ... Monday, 18th May
 RANGON MARU ... Friday, 22nd May
 CEYLON MARU ... Friday, 22nd May
 CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.
 MOROKA MARU ... Wednesday, 24th May
 HAKODATE MARU ... Saturday, 30th May
 NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.
 AKI MARU ... Thursday, 18th June
 SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.
 TOYOHASHI MARU ... Tuesday, 19th May
 KIVANO MARU ... Tuesday, 19th May
 YAMAGATA MARU (Mojit Direct) ... Thursday, 21st May
 HARUNA MARU ... Thursday, 21st May
 NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
 For further information, apply to—
 Telephone Central Nos. 292, 293 & 2422. S. KINOSHITA, Manager.

CALIFORNIA ORIENT LINE

Operated for
UNITED STATES SHIPPING BOARD
 BY PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY
HONGKONG TO SAN FRANCISCO

Shanghai, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.
 PRESIDENT TAFT ... May 23rd.
 PRESIDENT WILSON ... June 6th.

HONGKONG TO MANILA

PRESIDENT WILSON ... May 27th.

Apply to—PACIFIC MAIL

Cable Address: SOLANO. Tels. C. 141. C. 322. CANTON AGENTS: MADIER FRERES.

Beginning with
 PRESIDENT LINCOLN, scheduled to sail from San Francisco on May 16th, the
 "PRESIDENT" steamers now operated by the
PACIFIC MAIL
 will come under the ownership and management of the ROBERT DOLAN COMPANY.

AMERICAN ORIENTAL MAIL LINE

Operated for UNITED STATES SHIPPING BOARD by
 ADMIRAL ORIENTAL LINE, Managing Operators.

FREIGHT AND PASSENGER

THE NEW FAST AMERICAN STEAMERS TO
SEATTLE & VICTORIA
 SHANGHAI—KOBE—YOKOHAMA.

"PRESIDENT GRANT" ... May 21st.
 "PRESIDENT MADISON" ... June 3rd.
 "PRESIDENT JACKSON" ... June 14th.
 "PRESIDENT McKINLEY" ... June 23rd.

TO EUROPE—\$120—\$112—\$110

First Class on the Pacific. First Class on American or Canadian Railways. First Class and Monoclass and Second Class on the Atlantic. Choice of Trans-Continental Railways. Any Line on the Atlantic. Through Accommodation and Booking Arranged.

TO MANILA

"PRESIDENT MADISON" ... May 25th.
 "PRESIDENT JACKSON" ... June 6th.
 Through Bills of Lading to all United States and Canadian Overland Points.
 Also via Panama Canal Lines to Atlantic Ports.

Copies of this paper are on file in our Offices SEATTLE, CHICAGO, NEW YORK.
 For Passage and Freight Booking apply to
ADMIRAL ORIENTAL LINE, Managing Operators.
 Telephone Central 2477, 2478 & 2485. Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building. [20]

THE SWEDISH EAST ASIATIC COMPANY, LIMITED,

GOTHENBURG.

Regular Freight Service for
 BARCELONA, VALENCIA, AMSTERDAM, HAMBURG,
 COPENHAGEN, GOTHENBURG and Other
 SCANDINAVIAN PORTS.

Will leave on or about
 M.V. "SUMATRA" ... 25th May
 M.V. "FORMOSA" ... 15th July
 Subject to change without Notice.

For further particulars, please apply to—
GILMAN & CO., LTD.
 Agents.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

PEWESICULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM
 NAVIGATION CO.'S STEAMER
 "KALYAN."

ARRIVED HONGKONG ON 14TH MAY, 1925.
 FROM ANTWERP, LONDON, MALTA,
 PORTSAID, COLOMBO AND
 STRAITS.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo by the above-named Vessel are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Godown Wharf and Godown Godown at Kowloon, where each Consignment can be obtained as the Goods are landed. Optional Goods will be landed here unless Instructions have been given to the contrary. Goods not cleared within 8 days, including date of arrival will be subject to Bond. No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever. Damaged Packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees, and the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas, at 10 a.m. on Mondays and Thursdays, within the first storage period. All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underinsured on or before the 3rd June, 1925, or they will not be recognized. No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godown.
 MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Agents.
 Hongkong, 14th May, 1925. [2204]

S.S. "CHANTILLY."

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES
 MARITIMES.
 NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo from MARSEILLE, LES, etc., also Cargo from BORDEAUX, etc., s.s. "VILLE D'AMIEENS," in connection with above Steamer are hereby informed that their Goods with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables are being landed and placed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, whence Delivery may be obtained immediately after landing. Optional Cargo will be forwarded on unless Instructions are received from the Consignees before Noon, To-day, requesting it to be landed here. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Underinsured. Goods remaining unclaimed after Monday, the 18th instant, at Noon, will be subject to Rent and Landing Charges. All Claims must be sent in to me on or before Wednesday, the 20th instant, or they will not be recognized. All damaged Packages will be examined on Saturday, the 16th instant, at 10 a.m., by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas. No Fire Insurance has been effected.
 R. RODENFUSSE, Agent.
 Hongkong, 11th May, 1925. [2197]

CHURCH SERVICES.

Union Church, Kennedy Road.—Sunday Service, May 17th.
 Morning Service at 11 o'clock.
 Anthem: The Radiant Morning.
 Evening Service at 6 o'clock.
 Communion Service at 7 o'clock.
 Preacher—Rev. R. D. Ross, of Canton Christian College.
 P. S. A. Men's Meeting at 4 p.m. [26]

First Church of Christ, Scotchman, Madonnell Road, below Bowen Road, Truro Station.—Sunday, 11.15 a.m. Wednesday, 5.30 p.m. Reading Room open Tuesday and Friday mornings—10 to 12 [27]

THE BANK LINE, LTD.

AGENTS FOR THE FOLLOWING SERVICES.

**NEW YORK BOSTON & BALTIMORE
AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE**
(BANKMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. Co., Ltd.)

S.S. "KANSAS" ... via Suez Canal ... 19th May
S.S. "KATUNA" ... via Suez Canal ... 19th June

**BOSTON & NEW YORK
AMERICAN & ORIENTAL LINE**

S.S. "BIRCHBANK" ... via Suez Canal ... 30th June

**UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT
"ELLERMAN" LINE**
(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. Co., Ltd.)

S.S. "SUTTON HALL" ... For HULL, LONDON, ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG ... 11th June

MODERATE RATES TO MARSHILLES AND LONDON.

**MAURITIUS & SOUTH AFRICA
ORIENTAL-AFRICAN LINE**

S.S. "BURAT" ... Sails Hongkong, End July
Leading for Mauritius, Delagoa Bay, Durban, East London, Algoa Bay, Port Elizabeth, Kwa-Zulu Bay and Cape Town.
Through Bills of Lading issued to Beira, Quilimane, Ibo, Port Amelia, Mozambique, Obinde, Inhambane, Zambiar, Mombassa, Kilindini, Port Nolloth, Luderitz Bay, Walvis Bay, and Madagascar.

For Freight or Passage on any of the above Lines, Apply to—

THE BANK LINE LTD.

Tel. Cent. 4791.

BOSTON, NEW YORK & BALTIMORE

Joint Service of the

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

(OCEAN S.S. CO., LTD., AND CHINA MUTUAL S.S. CO., LTD.)

AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE
(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.)

Sailings from Hongkong.

S.S. "KANSAS" ... via Suez Canal ... 19th May
S.S. "DIOMED" ... via Suez Canal ... 7th June
S.S. "KATUNA" ... via Suez Canal ... 19th June
S.S. "TITAN" ... via Suez Canal ... 29th June

* Calls at New York first.

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners' option.
Subject to change without notice.

For Freight and Particulars, apply to—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE OR **THE BANK LINE LTD., HONGKONG.**
HONGKONG AND CANTON. **JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD., CANTON.**

M. MESSAGERIES MARITIMES M.
SERVICES CONTRACTUELS

Mail Steamers	Next Sailings from Marseilles	Pro. Arr. at Hongkong and Sailings for Shanghai and Japan	Probable Sailings from Hongkong for Marseilles
AMBOISE	—	—	26th May, 1925
CHANTILLY	—	—	9th June, "
PORTBUS	22nd Apr. 1925	25th May, 1925	23rd June, "
ANGKOR	7th May, "	8th June, "	7th July, "
COMPTON	22nd May, "	23rd June, "	31st July, "
ANGERS	5th June, "	7th July, "	4th Aug., "

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY TO MARSHILLES

(Including Table Wine and Free Doctor's Attendance).

A CLASS (1st Class) ... 2 50. 00. B CLASS (1st Class) ... 2 00. 00.
SPECIAL ... 2 00. 00. SPECIAL ... 2 00. 00.

Through Tickets to London and Leading Towns of Europe

Accommodation reserved in the Trains at Marseilles.

LIGNE COMMERCIALES (Cargo Boats).

S.S. "CAPITAINE FAURE" ... leading for HAYRE, ANTWERP

S.S. "CAPITAINE FAURE" ... to arrive about 31st May.

Sailings subject to alteration without notice.

For full Particulars, apply to—
MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.,
3, Queen's Building.
Telephone Central 740.
CONSIGNATION—TRANSHIP—REPRESENTATION.

PRINCE LINE FAR EAST SERVICE

Regular Sailings to Boston and/or New York by fast freight steamers.

For BOSTON

and

NEW YORK

S.S. "MOORISH PRINCE" ... 1st June, 1925.
S.S. "CELTIC PRINCE" ... 18th June, "

For Freight and Full Particulars, apply to—

FURNESS (FAR EAST), LIMITED.(Incorporated in Great Britain)
Kings BuildingTelephone Central 5105
Telegrams Furness.**P. & O., British India
Apcar and
Eastern & Australian
Lines**

(COMPANIES Incorporated in ENGLAND).
MAIL AND PASSENGER SERVICES
STRAITS, JAVA, BURMA, Ceylon, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, WEST INDIES,
MAURITIUS, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA, AUSTRALASIA, INCLUDING
NEW ZEALAND & QUEENSLAND PORTS, RED SEA,
EGYPT, EUROPE, ETC.

**PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL, FORTNIGHTLY
DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.**
(Under Contract with H.M. Government.)

S.S.	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"SARDINIA"	6,684	16th May, 4 p.m.	S'pore, Penang, Colombo & B'way
"SOUDAN"	4,896	23rd May	S'pore, Penang, Colombo & B'way
"MOOREA"	10,911	30th May	Marseilles & London
"NAGOA"	6,854	2nd June	Mars. Udon, A'werp, H'burg & Hull
"KATUNA"	6,813	8th June	Singapore & Bombay
"SICILIA"	6,813	15th June	S'pore, Penang, Colombo & B'way
"KALYAN"	9,113	18th June	Mars. London, Antwerp & Hull
"KIDDERPORE"	5,334	18th June	Singapore & Bombay
"MALWA"	10,941	27th June	Marseilles & London
"DELTA"	6,897	11th July	S'pore, Penang, Colombo & B'way
"KASHMIR"	6,894	11th July	Mars. London & Antwerp
"MANTUA"	10,928	24th July	Marseilles & London
"SOUDAN"	4,896	8th Aug.	S'pore, Penang, Colombo & B'way
"MACEDONIA"	9,006	8th Aug.	Marseilles & London
"SICILIA"	11,639	22nd Aug.	Marseilles & London
"KALYAN"	6,813	3rd Sept.	S'pore, Penang, Colombo & B'way
"KARKUNDA"	18,227	8th Sept.	Marseilles & London
"KARMALA"	9,128	19th Sept.	Marseilles & London
"KEIWA"	9,128	3rd Oct.	Marseilles & London & A'werp
"MALWA"	10,941	17th Oct.	Marseilles & London

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

S.S.	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"TAHARA"	7,923	31st May	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta
"TAKADA"	6,949	4th June	do.
"TILAWA"	10,000	7th July	do.

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)

S.S.	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"TANDA"	8,958	3rd June	Manila, Sandakan, Thursday Island, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney & Melbourne.
"ARAFURA"	6,000	8th July	do.
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	8th Aug.	do.
"TANDA"	8,958	2nd Sept.	do.
"ARAFURA"	6,000	7th Oct.	do.
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	4th Nov.	do.

* S.S. "TANDA" calls at Kolombangara.

The P. & O. S.S. Co., Ltd. steamers will also call at Shanghai, Daire, Oebu, Kolombangara, Tavea, Timor, Davao, or other ports en route as indicated on the following—

For Freight or Passage on any of the above Lines, apply to—
The Union S.S. Co.'s Steamers to the United Kingdom via New Zealand, Vancouver, The P. & O. Royal Mail Steamers to London via Suez Canal. (San Francisco, etc.)
The New Zealand Shipping Co.'s Steamers to Southampton and London via Panama Canal.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI AND JAPAN

S.S.	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"TAKADA"	6,949	17th May, D.I.	Amoy, Nagasaki, Moji, Kobe & Osaka
"MALWA"	10,941	24th May	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"ARAFURA"	6,000	4th June	Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"KASHMIR"	6,894	12th June	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe
"DELTA"	6,897	12th June	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe
"TILAWA"	10,000	21st June	Kobe
"MANTUA"	10,928	28th June	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	4th July	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"KASHMIR"	6,894	10th July	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe
"SOUDAN"	4,896	10th July	Shanghai & Kobe
"MACEDONIA"	11,639	24th July	Shanghai Moji & Kobe
"KARMALA"	9,128	7th Aug.	do
"SICILIA"	6,813	7th Aug.	Shanghai & Kobe
"TANDA"	8,958	8th Aug.	Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"KARKUNDA"	18,227	18th Aug.	Shanghai
"KEIWA"	9,128	4th Sept.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe
"ARAFURA"	6,000	4th Sept.	do
"MALWA"	10,941	13th Sept.	Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"KALYAN"	9,113	18th Sept.	Shanghai & Kobe
"SOUDAN"	4,896	2nd Oct.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	10th Oct.	Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"MANTUA"	10,928	17th Oct.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe
"KASHMIR"	6,894	1st Nov.	do
"MACEDONIA"	11,639	14th Nov.	do
"KASHMIR"	6,894	28th Nov.	do
"MACEDONIA"	11,639	12th Dec.	do

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS.

Passengers for Hongkong must carry their own Hotel expenses at Singapore while awaiting the on carrying steamer.

All Cargoes are stored with Electric Fans free of charge.

Parcels measuring not more than 6 ft. x 3 ft. x 1 ft. will be received at the Company's Office up to 10 a.m. on the day previous to sailing.

For Further Information, Passage Fares, Freight, Handbooks, etc., apply to—

MAKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.

P. & O. Building, (Corner of Road Central, HONGKONG) Agents.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

HONGKONG AND SOUTH CHINA COAST PORT SERVICE.

REGULAR SERVICE OF Fast, High Class Coast Steamers, having good accommodation for First-Class Passengers, Electric Light and Fans in Staterooms, Saloons and Excellent cuisine.

FOR

SWATOW, AMOY & FOOCHEW

AND RETURN

(Occupying 3 or 10 Days)

S.S.	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"HAIBONG"	19th May, at 1 p.m.	Swatow, Amoy & Foochow
"HAIBONG"	21st May, at 1 p.m.	Swatow, Amoy & Foochow
"HAIBONG"	23rd May, at 1 p.m.	Swatow, Amoy & Foochow

Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (near Kowloon Pier).

Round Trip Tickets will be issued from Hongkong to Foochow (via Amoy) and return by the same steamer by the "HAIBONG" "HAIBONG" and "HAIBONG" at the reduced rate of \$50.00 including meals while the steamer is in port.

For Freight and Passage apply to—

DOUGLAS LAFRAIR & CO.

General Managers

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LIMITED.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATIONS.

Ports	Steamers	Date of Departure
SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"YINGCHOW"	On 16th May, Noon
TIENTSIN & NEWORWANG	"NANNING"	On 16th May, 4 p.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KWANGCHOW"	On 17th May, 11 a.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"SOOCHOW"	On 17th May, 11 a.m.
AMOY & SHANGHAI	"RECHOW"	On 18th May, 5 p.m.
HOIHOW & BANGKOK	"TEAN"	On 20th May, 11 a.m.
SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"KANGCHOW"	On 20th May, 11 a.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"SHANTU-G"	On 21st May, 11 a.m.
HOIHOW & SINGAPORE	"KWEIYANG"	On 21st May, 11 a.m.
SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"LIANGCHOW"	On 23rd May, Noon
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"SUNNING"	On 24th May, 11 a.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KALGAN"	On 24th May, 11 a.m.
SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"KINGYUAN"	On 26th May, 11 a.m.
WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"KUMICHO"	On 26th May, 4 p.m.

SHANGHAI LINE—Excellent Saloon accommodation amidships, with Electric Fans fitted. Regular service four times weekly between Canton, Hongkong and Shanghai leaving Hongkong Sundays (via Swatow and extending to Fookow), Tuesdays (via Amoy), Thursdays (via Swatow) and Saturdays (direct extending to Tientsin). Cargo taken on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and North China ports. Passengers for Shanghai do not require to tranship at Wootung.

BANGKOK LINE—Regular weekly service leaving Hongkong Sundays to and from Bangkok via Swatow maintained by new "K" class steamers, attractively fitted for passengers, with double and single berth cabins.

For Freight or Passage apply to—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

Telephone Central 52.

CARGO AND PASSENGER CLERK IS EMPLOYED AT THE OFFICE OF BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

AUSTRALIAN ORIENTAL LINE.**"CHANGSHA."**

Due Hongkong 1st June, 1925.

Will be Despatched on 6th June, 1925, at 4 p.m.

MANILA, PORT BANGA, THURSDAY ISLAND, AND AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
THROUGH BILLS OF LADING ISSUED TO ALL AUSTRALIAN, NEW ZEALAND AND TAIWANIAN PORTS.

EXCELLENT FIRST AND SECOND CLASS PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION AT REDUCED RATES.
Sailing Subject to Alteration.

For Freight and Passage, apply to—**BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,**
Agents.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.**NEW YORK BERTH**

FOR NEW YORK AND BOSTON via SUEZ.

S.S. "EGREMONT CASTLE" ... Sails 26th June

LLOYD TRIESTINO.

REGULAR MONTHLY PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE FOR
BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE (Fiume).

TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING TO

GENOA, ALL ITALIAN, ADRIATIC, LEVANT, BLACK SEA AND DANUBE PORTS.

REDUCED PASSAGE RATES TO BRINDISI, VENICE OR TRIESTE

\$66.

NEXT SAILINGS

OUTWARD FOR SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, KOBE AND MOJI

S.S.	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"VENETIA"	10th June	Sails
"TRIESTE"	12th June	Sails
"ESQUILINO"	10th July	Sails
"NUMIDIA"	12th July	Sails

HOMEWARD FOR BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE

S.S.	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"ROSANDRA"	31st May	Sails
"VENETIA"	1st July	Sails
"ESQUILINO"	31st July	Sails

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

FROM CAPOVITA COLOMBO TO SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS

S.S. "UMZUMBI" ... Sails about 31st May

Regular Passenger and Cargo Service to South African Ports.

Through Bills of Lading issued from Hongkong.

For Freight or Passage on any of the above Lines apply to—

DODWELL & CO., LIMITED

Telephone Central 1038.

Agents

**KONINKLYKE PAKETVAART
MAATSCHAPPY.**

(ROYAL PACKET NAVIGATION CO. OF BATAVIA).

THE STEAMSHIP**"VAN OVERSTRATEN"**

21st May, 1925.

For SINGAPORE, PENANG and BELAWAN-DELI DIRECT

Offers excellent Saloon accommodation.

All lower berths. Doctor carried.

English cuisine. Wireless telegraph.

1st Class Fare to Singapore—\$100.

In connection with the Royal Packet Nav. Co.'s (K.P.M.) Services to all destinations in the Netherlands East Indies and Australia.

Agents—

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN-LIJN,

Telephone 1674.

Yong Building, Charter Road.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

Wireless communication has been re-established with Swatow.

INWARD MAILS.

From	Per	Date
SHANGHAI	Sardinia	16th May
SHANGHAI	Kanchoo	16th May
SHANGHAI	Shanlung	18th May
SHANGHAI	Shanlung	18th May
EUROPE via SIBERIA (London 24th April)	Elberfeld	18th May
EUROPE via SIBERIA (London 18th April)	Kilano Maru	18th May
EUROPE via SIBERIA (London 18th April)	Machino Maru	18th May
JAPAN	Emp. of Russia	19th May
CANADA, U.S.A., JAPAN, SHANGHAI	Naming	19th May
EUROPE via CANADA (London 18th April)	Pres. Grant	20th May
EUROPE via CANADA (London 18th April)	Pres. Grant	21st May
EUROPE via CANADA (London 18th April)	Pres. Grant	22nd May
EUROPE via CANADA (London 18th April)	Pres. Grant	23rd May
EUROPE via CANADA (London 18th April)	Pres. Grant	24th May
EUROPE via CANADA (London 18th April)	Pres. Grant	25th May
EUROPE via CANADA (London 18th April)	Pres. Grant	26th May
EUROPE via CANADA (London 18th April)	Pres. Grant	27th May
EUROPE via CANADA (London 18th April)	Pres. Grant	28th May
EUROPE via CANADA (London 18th April)	Pres. Grant	29th May
EUROPE via CANADA (London 18th April)	Pres. Grant	30th May
EUROPE via CANADA (London 18th April)	Pres. Grant	31st May
EUROPE via CANADA (London 18th April)	Pres. Grant	1st June

OUTWARD MAILS.

For	Per	Date
Manila	Aiaz	Saturday, 16th, 8.30 A.M.
Hoihow	Yue Ying Wa	8.30 A.M.
Fort Bayard	Hoi Nam	9.00 A.M.
Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A., Cent. Europe, South America, & EUROPE via Victoria, B.C. - due Victoria, B.C. 8th June	Arabia Maru	Registration 9.45 A.M. Letters 10.30 A.M.
Hoihow	Bulweria	10.00 A.M.
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & W. Africa, Aden, Egypt, & EUROPE via Suez - due Suez, 12th June	Sardinia	10.30 P.M.
Swatow	Sardinia	2.30 P.M.
Manila	West O'Rea	3.30 P.M.
Shanghai, Japan, Honolulu, Canada, U.S.A., C. & S. America & Europe via San Francisco - due San Francisco, 12th June - Ship sails on Sunday, the 17th inst. at Noon	Taiyo Maru	Registration 4.15 P.M. Letters 5.00 P.M.
Seigon	Yue Lee	4.30 P.M.
Bangkok	Escondido	4.30 P.M.
Fort Bayard, Hoihow, Pakhoi & Haiphong	Manila	5.00 P.M.
Hoihow & Haiphong	Mingong	5.00 P.M.
Amoy	Taiwan	5.00 P.M.
Hoihow, Pakhoi & Haiphong	Taiwan Maru	Sunday, 17th, 8.30 A.M.
Haiphong	Tonkin	8.30 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa	Kaijo Maru	9.00 A.M.
Swatow & Bangkok	Kwangchow	9.00 A.M.
Straits and Egypt	Calchas	Monday, 18th, 2.30 P.M.
Swatow and Bangkok	Helikon	3.30 P.M.
Amoy	Szechuan	3.30 P.M.
Swatow	Hydrangea	3.30 P.M.
Swatow and Bangkok	Chakong	Tuesday, 19th, 10.30 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Fookow	Hai Hong	Noon
Manila, Australia and New Zealand via Thursday Island - due Thursday 31st May	Mishima Maru	Wednesday, 20th, 8.45 A.M.
Shanghai and Japan	Kilano Maru	8.50 A.M.
Bandakan	Hinang	10.30 A.M.
Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A., C. & S. America & Europe via Victoria, B.C. - due Victoria, B.C. 10th June and Europe via Siberia (correspondence specially superscribed) via Siberia only	Pres. Grant	Thursday, 21st, Noon
Straits	Van Overstraten	Registration 2.45 P.M. Letters 3.30 P.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Fookow	Hai Ching	Friday, 22nd, Noon
Shanghai, Japan, Honolulu, Canada, U.S.A., C. & S. America, & EUROPE via SAN FRANCISCO - due San Francisco, 16th June	Pres. Taft	Parcels 5.00 P.M. Reg. Letters 23rd, 8.00 A.M.

*Correspondence bearing vessel's name only

COMMERCIAL.

OPENING QUOTATIONS.

May 15th, 1925.

ON LONDON.	Telegraphic Transfer	1/2 1/2
	Bank Bills, on demand	1/2 1/2 15/16
	Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight	—
	Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight	1/2 1/2
	Credit, at 4 months' sight	1/2 1/2
	Documentary Bills, 4 months' sight	1/2 1/2
ON PARIS.	Bank Bills, on demand	1.045
	Credit, 4 months' sight	1.145
ON NEW YORK.	Bank Bills, on demand	54 1/2
	Credit, at 30 days' sight	55 1/2
ON BOMBAY.	Telegraphic Transfer	149 1/2
	Bank Bills, on demand	
ON CALCUTTA.	Telegraphic Transfer	—
	Bank Bills, on demand	
ON SHANGHAI.	Bank Bills, at sight	nom.
	Private, 30 days' sight	nom.
ON YOKOHAMA.	On demand	103 1/2
ON MANILA.	On demand	96 1/2
ON SINGAPORE.	On demand	133 1/2
ON BATAVIA.	On demand	nom.
ON HAIPHONG.	On demand	nom.
ON SAIGON.	On demand	80 1/2
ON BANGKOK.	On demand	80 1/2
	Sovereigns, Bank's Buying rate	8.84
	GOLD LEAF, 100 fine, per tola	47.40
	BAR SILVER, per oz	31 3/4

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Head Office: Hongkong.

Authorized Capital	£50,000,000
Issued and Fully Paid-up	£20,000,000
Reserve Funds	£4,000,000
Sterling	£38,000,000
Silver	£2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	£20,000,000

Court of Directors:

G. M. YONGE, Esq., Chairman.	H. P. WHITE, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
R. D. F. BETH, Esq.	Hon. Mr. A. O. LANG.
W. H. BALL, Esq.	W. L. PATTERSON, Esq.
A. H. COMPTON, Esq.	J. A. PHILLIPS, Esq.
Hon. Mr. P. H. HOLYOAK	T. G. WALL, Esq.

Chief Manager:

A. H. BARLOW, Esq., Manager: Shanghai—G. H. STOTT, Esq.

LONDON BANKERS: WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened in LOCAL CURRENCY and FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year or shorter periods in Local Currency and Sterling on terms which will be quoted on application.

Hongkong, 21st February, 1925. [25]

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE BUSINESS of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.

INTEREST on Deposits is calculated on the lowest balance during each completed Calendar Month at 3 1/2 per cent. per annum. Should there be no balance on any day in a month no interest will be allowed for that month.

Depositors may transfer at their option Balances of \$100 or more to the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANK to be placed on a FIXED DEPOSIT at CURRENT RATES.

For the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.

A. H. BARLOW, Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 7th January, 1925. [26]

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1853.

HEAD OFFICE—LONDON.

Paid-up Capital £2,000,000

Reserve Fund £2,000,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors £2,000,000

Business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.

A. H. YERGUON, Manager.

Hongkong, April 15th, 1925. [30]

THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LIMITED.

(TAIWAN CHINESE)

Incorporated by Special Imperial Charter, 1893

Capital Subscribed Yen 60,000,000

Capital (Paid-up) Yen 52,500,000

Reserve Fund Yen 15,800,000

HEAD OFFICE—TAIPEI FORMOSA.

BRANCHES:

JAPAN—Tokyo, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka

KOREA—Ginsu, Kagi, Kanto, Keelung, Maikang, Nankai, Pusan, Shinshu, Taku, Tientsin, Taku, Tamsui, Tientsin, Aik.

CHINA—Shanghai, Hankow, Kiating, Amoy, Fookow, Swatow, Canton, OCHOW—Hongkong, Singapore, Sourabaya, Semarang, Batavia, Bombay, London, New York.

LONDON BANKERS:

LONDON COUNTRY BANKERS AND PAIR'S BANK

The Bank has Correspondents in Commercial Centres in the European Continent, Russia, Manchuria, Tientsin, Japan, Indo-China, Siam, India, Philippines, Java, and other Dutch India, Australia, America, &c.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits at rates which will be quoted on application.

Z. YAMAMOTO, Manager.

HONGKONG BRANCH, 4, Des Voeux Road, Hongkong, 25th June, 1924.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: 15, Gracechurch Street, London, E.C. 4.

Authorized Capital £2,000,000

Subscribed Capital £2,000,000

Paid-up Capital £2,000,000

Reserve Fund £2,000,000

BRANCHES:

THE BANK OF ENGLAND AND MIDLAND BANK, LTD.

BRANCHES:

Bangkok, Calcutta, Cebu, Hongkong, Madras, Rangoon, Shanghai, Sourabaya, Tientsin, Yokohama.

HONGKONG BRANCH:

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

J. B. ROSS, Acting Manager.

7, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong, April 17th, 1925. [28]

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE, PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE: 66 Boulevard Haussmann, Paris, 8.

Subscribed Capital Frs. 75,000,000.00

Paid-up Capital Frs. 52,500,000.00

Reserve Fund Frs. 15,800,000.00

BRANCHES:

Bangkok, Canton, Hongkong, Kanton, Lyons, Manila, Peking, Saigon, Shanghai, Sourabaya, Tientsin, Yokohama.

In FRANCE: Compagnie Nationale d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.

In LONDON: The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.; The London and Lancashire Banking Corporation; Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits. Terms on application.

Every description of Banking Business transacted.

Loans granted on Approved Securities. Special facilities for Home Exchange.

TSUYEE PEE, Manager.

Hongkong, September 6th, 1921. [23]

ON SALE.

BOUND VOLUMES of the HONGKONG WEEKLY PRESS, July to December, 1924.

With Index. Price—\$1.50.

On sale at the Hongkong Daily Press Office.

Printed and Published by BENJAMIN ADAMSON HALL for the HONGKONG DAILY PRESS, Ltd., at 11, Charter Road, Victoria, Hongkong. London Office: 11, Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

A. LECOT, Manager.

Hongkong, 25th March 1924. [21]



CAPSTAN

CIGARETTES

ALL CAPSTAN CIGARETTES ARE MADE IN ENGLAND.

The advertisement is owned by the British-American Tobacco Co. (China) Ltd.

[75]

THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE

REGULAR AND FAST
FREIGHT AND
PASSENGER SERVICES

LONDON SERVICE.

"CALCHAS" 18th May Marseilles, London, Rotterdam & Hamburg.
"MAUCHAON" 25th May London, Rotterdam & Hamburg.
"RHEXENOR" 1st June Marseilles, London, Rotterdam & Hamburg.
"NEGEUS" 8th June London, Rotterdam & Hamburg.

LIVERPOOL SERVICE.

"AJAX" 16th May Genoa, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow.
"AUTOMEDON" 1st June Genoa, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow.
"IXION" 8th June Genoa, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow.

PACIFIC SERVICE.

(via KOBE & YOKOHAMA).
"MYNDARBUS" 11th June Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle.
"ACHILLES" 5th July Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle.

NEW YORK SERVICE.

(via SUEZ or PANAMA).

"DIOMED" 7th June Boston, New York & Baltimore via Suez.
"TYTAN" 25th June Boston, New York & Baltimore via Suez.
"BELLEROPHON" 19th July Boston, New York & Baltimore via Suez.

PASSENGER SERVICE.

"SARPEDON" 18th June Singapore, Marseilles & London.
"PATROCLUS" 24th July Singapore, Marseilles & London.
"ANTENOR" 25th Aug. Singapore, Marseilles & London.
"HECTOR" 20th Oct. Singapore, Marseilles & London.
"SARPEDON" 17th Nov. Singapore, Marseilles & London.
"PATROCLUS" 15th Dec. Singapore, Marseilles & London.

Also cargo steamers with limited passenger accommodation at specially reduced fares.

For freight and passage rates and information apply to:—

Butterfield & Swire,

Agents.

[14]